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"DHAN NUR", Sir P. M. Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Regd. No B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXVI NO. 216

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1948

Price: 2 ANNAS

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Five-Pronged Thrust Into Nizam's State

INDIAN TROOPS COVER 50 MILES ON WAY TO SECUNDERABAD

Tulzapur & Naldrug Fall To Union Army

HYDERABAD FORCES FALL BACK: NO OPPOSITION TO R.I.A.F. BOMBERS

POONA, SEPT. 13 (API).—PIERCING THE 2,500-MILE FRONTIER OF HYDERABAD STATE AT SEVERAL POINTS IN A CONCERTED MOVEMENT THIS MORNING, INDIAN ARMY TROOPS WERE TODAY CONVERGING ON SECUNDERABAD, FORMER INDIAN MILITARY CENTRE IN THE STATE, AND WITHIN LESS THAN 12 HOURS HAD ACHIEVED CONSIDERABLE SUCCESS, INCLUDING THE CAPTURE OF SEVERAL TOWNS, SAYS THE ASSOCIATED PRESS OF INDIA SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT AT THE SOUTHERN COMMAND HEADQUARTERS.

ACTION STARTS BEFORE DAWN

THE ACTION STARTED TWO HOURS BEFORE DAWN ON A DAY WELL REMEMBERED IN MARATHA HISTORY—IT WAS ON SEPTEMBER 13, 1727, THAT THE PESHAWA BALAJI BAJI RAO THE FIRST, LAUNCHED THE CAMPAIGN THAT APPLIED THE FIRST SUCCESSFUL CHECK TO THE RISE OF NIZAM'S POWER AFTER HE HAD DECLARED HIS INDEPENDENCE.

THRUST FROM FIVE SIDES

Today's action started simultaneously from at least five different points of the compass—, in the north-west in Aurangabad district, in Sholapur on the west, in Adilabad in the north-east and from the south and south-east in the Kurnool—Bezwada sector.

The several columns engaged in this action have penetrated for a considerable distance into Hyderabad territory and our troops can be said to have reached their "first bounds", according to plan.

Our troops, are supported by artillery and Ireraft.

Towns Captured

The towns that have fallen already include Tulzapur, a historic place of pilgrimage in the Sholapur sector, and Naldrug which is also in the Sholapur area, on the road to Hyderabad. Severe fighting is reported to have taken place for the capture of Naldrug town.

By the capture of Tulzapur and the advance made on the Jalna Road, where our army columns are reported to have been advancing with little opposition, the Aurangabad salient may be sealed off by a junction of these advancing columns.

By the capture of vital bridges on the Tungabhadra river which forms the southern boundary of Hyderabad and the Gadag-hospet Railway, the supply line from the south and the south-west has been fully secured.

R. I. A. F. IN OPERATION

Royal Indian Airforce planes have been in operation, attacking military targets. No mention is made anywhere of any aerial opposition from the Hyderabad side.

Satisfaction was expressed on all sides with the progress made on the first day of the peace-restoration campaign against Hyderabad.

There has been no ripple whatsoever in civil life throughout the border districts where the Razakar menace—which it is the objective of today's operation to stamp out—has long been felt and rendered Governmental action a thing of absolute necessity.

ON SHOLAPUR SALIENT

It would appear that the column advancing on the Hyderabad road from the direction of Sholapur has met with the most serious opposition so far encountered.

This is not surprising in view of the fact that the mountainous Bidar district, lying to the northwest of Secunderabad, is known to be the stronghold of the Razakars and this area lies athwart the path of the Sholapur column.

As the main objective of the Government of India's action in entering the Hyderabad State is to rid it of the Razakar terror and to maintain law and order, it is expected that the desideratum of sealing off wide salients, as the troops advance inwards, and restoring the authority of law will be kept in view side by side with the need for the most expeditious advance of the penetrating columns.

STEEL RING ROUND STATE

While no authoritative figures regarding the Hyderabad's regular and irregular forces are available, it has to be taken into account that they may be considerably in excess of the strength permitted under the Standstill Agreement, and that the armed personnel of all kinds may total up to 40,000. A steel ring, whihc will go on contracting rapidly, has already been thrown around the centre of the state, and in many places Indian troops are well on the way on all roads leading to Secunderabad up to a distance of over 50 miles.

As the Hyderabad State forces fall back, they will be concentrated in an increasingly restricted area. Unofficial reports reaching here today however, said that there was already considerable confusion among the Hyderabad troops in their far-flung positions, as they fall back.

IN AURANGABAD SECTOR

In the north-west, Waghrul, in Aurangabad district where State troops clashed with an Indian Union column and, Kaneragaon and Manikgarh, in Parbahni District, which were taken by our border patrols are all villages just inside the Hyderabad border. Balharshah where a bridge was captured without much opposition is an important rail-head on the Hyderabad border on the Wardha-Bezwada trunk line.

In the south-east, where stiff opposition from state units was encountered at Sirpuram, the Madira salient has been sealed off. Madira came into the news in connection with the fast undertaken by Prof. Bhansali following the attack on passengers, including women, at Madira station.

So far, opposition of any serious nature has been encountered at only one or two places. As Indian troops fan out in the interior, pockets of resis-

(Continued on Page 7)

Latest News From Sholapur Sector

SHOLAPUR, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): Indian Union troops today crossed the Indo-Hyderabad border from Sholapur and advanced well over 40 miles into the Hyderabad State territory with the Osmanabad District under Indian army control.

Mr. S. S. Ghatge, erstwhile Collector of Sholapur District, has taken over charge as the Collector of Osmanabad District and is now in Osmanabad.

Forty Razakars, captured by Indian Forces have been brought here.

GANGES WATER RISING

PATNA, Sept. 13 (UPI).—The Ganges flood level registered a further rise of three inches upto 3 p.m. today. The water level is now 169.03 ft. ft. i.e., only ten inches less than 1923 level.

Hyderabad Issue To Be Raised In Commons

LONDON, Sept. 13 (Reuter): The entry of Indian troops into Hyderabad will, it is understood, be raised in th the House of Commons this week, by the Opposition, during the debate on the Royal Address from the Throne.

Mr. Anthony Eden, Deputy Opposition leader, is expected to refer to the question on Wednesday. Government spokesmen are expected, in such case, to adhere to the line they have always indicated as official policy—that Britain has no status in the Hyderabad dispute.

Prime Minister Clement Atlee reaffirmed this policy when, on Conservative pressure, Hyderabad was recently made the subject of a Parliamentary debate.

Administration In Occupied Areas

NEW DELHI, Sept. 13 (API).—The Government of India, it is reliably learnt, have perfected arrangements to take over the administration of the occupied areas in Hyderabad State. A number of officials from the neighbouring Provinces of Madras, Bombay and C.P. are being inducted for the purpose.

Anti-Indian Demonstration In Karachi

KARACHI, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): Several thousands of Pakistanis demonstrated for two hours tonight before the residence of the Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, demanding immediate action to save the Muslim State of Hyderabad from India's "unwarranted aggression."

The demonstrators squatted upon the road patiently waiting for the return of four of their representatives whom the Prime Minister had invited for a discussion.

The demonstrators dispersed after Mr. Haroon's assurance that the Prime Minister and his colleagues were always aware of the pulse of the nation and as such deserved the nation's unstinted confidence.

Delhi Declares "State Of Grave Emergency" In India

NEW DELHI Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): The Governor-General under section 102 of the Government of India Act, has declared "a state of grave emergency" in the country. "In pursuance of Section 102 of the Government of India Act 1935, I, Chakravarthi Rajagopalachariar, Governor-General of India, being satisfied that there is imminent danger of the Security of India being threatened by internal disturbance, do, by this proclamation, declare that a grave emergency exists whereby the Security of India is threatened by internal disturbance."

NEHRU TO ARRIVE IN CITY TODAY

BOMBAY, Monday:

India's Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, will pay his second official visit to the city tomorrow. He will arrive at the Airport by a chartered plane accompanied by India's Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh.

At the airport tomorrow, Pandit Nehru will be received by Bombay's Premier, Mr. B. G. Kher, the President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. S. K. Patil, the Mayor of Bombay, military and civilian officials. He will also be given a "guard of honour" by units of armed forces.

The exact time of Pandit Nehru's arrival at the aerodrome will, however, be kept a dead secret. This step is being taken this time in order to avoid, rowdy crowds jostling and stampeding at the aerodrome resulting in utter confusion and terrific disorder. This was the experience last time in April, when Pandit Nehru arrived to attend the A.I.C.C., session in the city. This time, all approaches to the airport will be guarded by units of armed police. Mobile police squads in jeeps will move in the vicinity of the aerodrome to prevent admiring crowds trying to sneak in from unsuspected corners.

B.P.C.C.'S PRIVATE RECEPTION

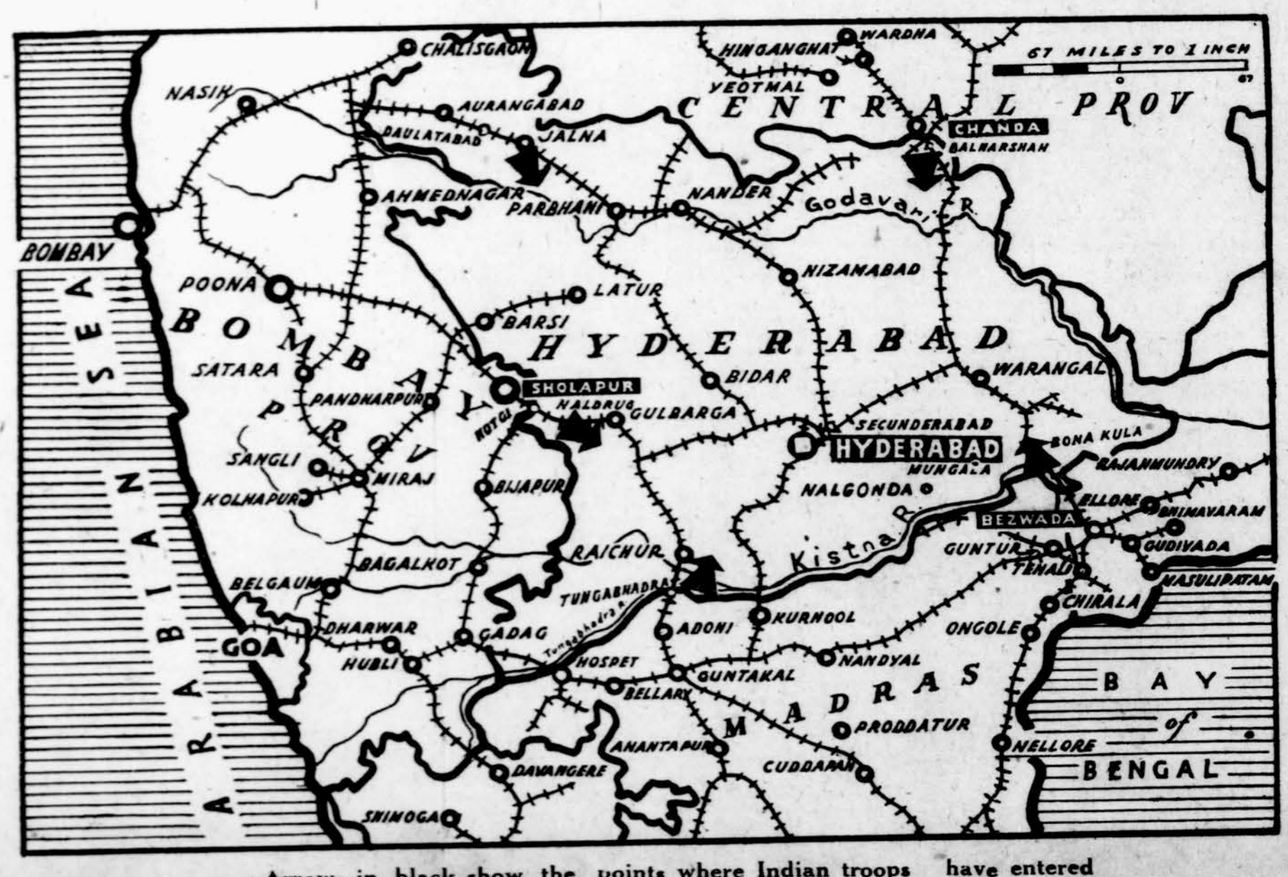
The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will accord a private reception to Pandit Nehru at the airport. Only members of B.P.C.C. will be invited to attend the function.

Bombay Citizens however, need not feel disappointed at these precautionary measures taken to avoid their presence at the airport. Pandit Nehru knows their affection and admiration for him and therefore he has agreed to meet them at a public meeting at Chaupatty sands on Wednesday evening. An unprecedented crowd it is expected will gather there to hear him speak on Hyderabad situation.

Pandit Nehru will be the guest of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay at Government House during his 36-hour stay in the city. He has a very crowded programme to go through during that brief time at his disposal.

On Wednesday morning, accompanied by Defence Minister, he will visit H.M.I.S. "Delhi", India's first cruiser and address the officers and men on board the ship. He is leaving for New Delhi on Thursday morning.

Mrs. Vijayaluxmi Pandit, the leader of Indian Delegation to United Nations Assembly at Paris is also arriving city tomorrow on her way to Paris.



Arrows in black show the points where Indian troops have entered

Hyderabad Eclipses Assembly Debate

HOUSE PLODS ON WITH TENANCY LEGISLATION

Gujerat Sardar Criticises Measure As 'Last Straw On Landlord's Back'

From Our Special Representative

POONA, Sept. 13.

When the Legislative Assembly met this afternoon news went round that our troops had penetrated deep into Hyderabad. As the day advanced, more news came pouring in that our troops had captured many bridges and were more or less having a triumphal march. This had the effect of dampering the enthusiasm of the members inthe debate on the Bill on hand—the Bill to amend the Tenancy Law.

TRIBUTES TO JINNAH

Members of the Bombay Legislative Assembly stood up for two minutes and the House was adjourned for the same period of time today, when Mr. K S Firodia, Speaker, made a feeling reference to the death of the Governor-General of Pakistan.

Mr. Firodia said: Till recently Quaid-I-Azam, Mohammed Ali Jinnah was connected with the public and political life of India. His presence was held necessary for the integration and orderly development of our sister Dominon of Pakistan. But this is an event which nobody can prevent. As a mark of respect the House will stand for two minutes.' The Speaker also adjourned the House for two minutes and intimated that the "heartfelt condolence", of the Assembly would be sent to the proper quarters.

Mr. Babubhai Patel continuing his speech of Saturday, said that certain provisions of the new Bill (Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act 1948) were not as effective as could be desired. For instance the fifty-acre limit applied uniformly to all the Districts might lead to confirm. In some districts 50 acreas night be too much and in some other too small. The net result, he said, would be that only a small number of tenants would benefit. He also felt that the landlord must not be allowed to stand in the way of the transfer of land from the landlord to the tenant. The sole authority must be the Mamlatdar.

He regarded that the check placed on a landlord to evict a tenant for reasons of personal cultivation as salutary. He supported the Bill.

OPPOSITION OF TENANCY BILL

"This Bill is the last straw on the camel's back", said the Thakore Saheb of Kerwada, oppsing the Bill. He objected to the Bill both on priciples as well as due to the "abnoxious" clauses, the Bill contains. He created some merriment by saying, that if land must belong to cultivators because they till it, by the same logic, a shop belonged to the salesman who was hired to sell the goods and a Govenment Office to the clerks who manned it.

The Thakore Sahib said that the Bill attacked the fundamental rights of landlords and would result in depriving them of their possessions without adequate compensation The lands were in their possession from immemorial times. Many of them were received as sanads several generations ago, from the Marathas, the Peshwas, the Moguls and sometimes from the British. If he said, this fundamental right to hold property as a citizen of free India, was denied to the landlord, "nobody would have any faith in Government's solemn declaration of fundamental human rights." The sanads, he continued, were a liability inherited from previous Governments along with the assets. Government could not he said, in propriety, repudiate them.

The Bill was sure to create unrest in many quarters. Also it did not do much good to the tenants themselves for it touched only ten percent of the land. The other ninety percent which was raitwari land held directly under Government was not affected by this. He was afraid that giving the right to a cultivator powers to buy 50 acres, would even cause unemployment in the peasantry, for the average for the Province was as low as one or two acres.

He characterised the Bill as "defective, unjust, and expropriative in character".

KARANDIKAR'S SUGGESTION

Mr. S. L. Karandikar suggested that Government should take over the management of estates only when the owner was "incapable and was unable to maintain the estate properly and had neglected it". There should be such statutory provisions in the Bill itself. He was opposed to Government taking over any estates summarily.

The fifty-acre limit incorporated in the Bill was intriguing. Why 50, he asked? On the assumption that the figure 50 represented what Government regarded as an economic holding it would mean that future agriculture by hired labour could be ruled out. Every average family must do its own tilling. This would debar investment in agriculture as a paying proposition. Even in the fity-acre limit Government did not appear to have considered that all land was a mixture of good and bad. In his own Ratnagiri District in a plot of 50 acres good land was hardly eight, the rest being what is known as "workers lands".

Rough and ready methods of estimating 50 acres as an economic holding for an average family, he added, would lead to bickerings and confusion in the future.

Mr. Virangowda Patil expressed his fear that the land might gradually pass into the hands of a monied section, who were new to agriculture. Though the Government had brought forward the Bill to create a class of peasant proprietors, they might not achieve the objective, as most tenants has no wherewithal to buy land. He regarded the Bill as too mild. On the whole, however, he added, the Bill was a big advance over previous legislations in this repect and the removal of certain ambiguities and defects would serve Government purpose more effectively.

Mr. S. M. Subhedar and Mr V. P Powar also spoke

Telephone Lines With Hyderabad Cut

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API).—The Indian-Union-built and operated carrier telephone exchange at Triumlgherry (Secunderabad) was taken possession of by the Hyderabad Military and sealed thus ending all communications between India and Hyderabad.

Madras—Bound Train Comes Back To Bombay

BOMBAY, Monday.—Passengers who left Bombay on Sunday by the Madras Express for the Nizam's territory and beyond had to return to Bombay by the same train on Monday night without reaching their destination.

The Bombay-bound Madras Express which left Madras on Saturday was due to arrive at the Victoria Terminus at 10-30 tonight. Exactly at the scheduled hour there arrived a train on paltform No. 12. On inquiry however, it was found that this train had not come from Madras but from Hotgi, and carried most of the passengers who had left Bombay by the Madras Express on Sunday.

Further inquiries revealed that the Bombay-bound Madras Express could come only as far as Guntakal, from where it had to turn back to Madras

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

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Well to do Bachelor, aged 24 having own business wishes to marry good-looking girl, caste no restriction. Write to Box No. 9509 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a beautiful match for a young bachelor. Salary Rs. 1,000/-, correspond with Lady Manager, Marriage Gazette, Barna Street, Saddar Bazar, Delhi (1028)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Stenographer capable of neat work. Apply Box No. 9126 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted an experienced and highly qualified Labour Officer for a Group of Industries in Western U.P. Law Graduate with practical experience of working as a Labour Officer will be preferred. Pay according to qualifications. Apply immediately stating age, experience and qualifications with two references and pay acceptable care of Post Box 1274 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATION WANTED

Qualified and Experienced Accountant wants work morning or evening. Apply Box No. 9506 "Bombay Chronicle".

TO BE LET

Big four, well built (Pucca) sheds are to be let for godowns or workshops at Worli (near Wireless Station) Bombay. Total area about 6000 square yards. Apply Box No. 9483, "Bombay Chronicle."

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Deolali Grand Hotel, Good Rooms Food and Management. Charges Moderate. Apply Manager. 9457

PEN-FRIENDS

We introduce pen, personal friends for arts, hobbies, business, social contact etc. India, abroad. Particulars against 2 1/2 annas stamps. Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay (9319)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Subscriptions for Indian, American and British magazines, new and renewals accepted at competitive rates. Always use our old-established reliable and efficient service already serving over 55,000 clients. Also we solicit enquiries for Technical and Scientific Books, Code books, Trade Directories, etc. as well as Butterworths Legal and Medical Publications. International Book House, Ltd., Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay. (1331)

MEDICAL ADLET

Epilepsy & Hysteria by smelling this wonderful herb when attacked by Fits, a black worm 1-1/4" long will come out with the sneeze of the patient. The patient will get a miraculous cure of the diseases for ever. Apply in English:— Shri 108 Mahatma Sidh Baba, P. O. Nagod (Jubbulpore). (9509)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents or Stockists. The Krishna Button Mfg. Co. 24/3, Ratan Sarkar Garden Street, Calcutta—7. (9429)

Wanted Agents and Stockists for our Pearl Nut, Aluminium Buttons. Bombay Button Works, Beat 3, Amritsar. 9425

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Paper Embossing Machine - Print letter-heads, envelops without ink, cheapest everlasting at Rs. 5/14/- free postage. Agents wanted. Purchase from Forward Metal Works, Aligarh. (9512)

Visit —Associated Machine and Tool Company's Showroom at 130, Medows Street, Bombay where various kinds of machinery, electrical equipments and engineering tools are displayed (7430)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr G. S. Monga, Post Box No. 119, Baroda. 9480

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Those plain and printed ever-glazed American Chintz you were waiting for have arrived. Call early to have the pick of the lot. Raval Tiles & Marble Ltd. 97A Queen's Road Bombay 1 6777

Calcium Carbide, Generators and Burners — Available from shipments arriving end August per s.s. "Excelsior and s.s. "Merwada" from America and Italy respectively Calcium Carbide 50/80 mm size. Also can supply Generators, 14 and 7-lb charges and Bray Burners Neto and Ceto Brands, sizes 7 to 28 litres. The Industrial Gases Ltd., 34/1-K, Ballygunge, Circular Road, Calcutta. 9413

Available for immediate supply beautiful American, Italian and English tapestry and curtain fabrics in a wide range of fascinating colours. Only limited stock. Take the earliest opportunity to call at "Decora" lest you be disappointed. Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd. 97A Queen's Road, Bombay 1 (6778A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, upto noon on 30th October, 1948.

Tender number SP.F.175 EVB/VGA-59 for supply of 24" cylinders F type to Drg. No. VGA-59-25 Nos.

Tender forms with full particulars may be obtained from the Office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order. Copy of drawing No. VGA-59 & VG 592 may be purchased from the Office of the Dy. Chief Mech. Engineer, E. I. R. Jamalpur at Rs. -8/- per copy on production of the receipt granted by the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta. Firms outside Calcutta should remit the cost of the drawing to the Dy. Chief Mechanical Engineer, E. I. Rly. Jamalpur, direct by money order.

No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Controller of Stores' room by the Tenderer or his representatives.

Tenderers and representatives may present themselves at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Dy. Controller of Stores.

CONTROLLER OF STORES.
1424

NOTICE

THE PATENTS Advisory Committee under the Ministry of Industry and Supply, Government of India, is desirous of commercially exploiting Government owned Indian patent No. 31208 relating to a portable milk testing out and it, which has been devised for the rapid determination of fat content of milk, condensed or separated and cream under field conditions. Government have since decided to exploit the patent by grant of licences to the prospecive manufacturers, according to the terms and conditions which may be settled beaween them and the Government.

2. No person or firm should work out or manufacture milk-testers according to this patent without obtaining a licence from the Patents Advisory Committee. Infringemens would be dealt with under Section 29 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act 1911.

3. Those desirous of obtaining licences on the above patent should correspond direct with the Secretary, Patents Advisory Committee, Ministry of Industry and Supply, Government of India, New Delhi, giving

(i) details of equipment, plant and machinery possessed by them with existing capacity; and

(ii) terms and conditions on which they are prepared to work out the patent before 15th October 1948.

4. The sample piece of the milk tester and a copy of Patent specification will be available for public inspection at the office of the Dairy Development Adviser to the Government, of India, Ministry of Agriculture, North Block, New Delhi.

(1426)

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Digvijay Insurence Co., Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Dhan-Nur, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, on Wednesday the 29th September, 1948, at 5 p.m. to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Diretors' Report and audited Balance Sheet and Revenue Account for the year ending 31st December 1947.
2. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation and are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact such other business as may be duly brought forward by the Chairman.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from 10th September, 1948 to 29th September, 1948, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
H. N. ASHAR,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 13th Sept. 1948.
(1428)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BIKANER.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY— A Professor of Zoology in the grade 250-15-400 for the Dungar College Bikaner. Only first class M.Sc's in the subject with at least three years teaching experience of degree classes need apply to the Assistant Secretary before the 30th September 1948. Higher starting salary may be given to a really qualified hand. 1427

THE OXY-CHLORIDE FLOORING PRODUCTS, LTD.
NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ELEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above, COMPANY will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Arthur Bunder, Colaba, Bombay on THURSDAY, the 30th day of September, 1948, at 5-0 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 1948.
2. To sanction the declaration of Dividend on Ordinary Shares and Bonus to staff.
3. To elect two Directors in the place of two, who retire by rotation but who are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS and SHARE REGISTER of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY the 17th to THURSDAY the 30th September, 1948, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
The Oxy-chloride Flooring Products, Ltd.,
A. FATAH & CO., LTD.
Managing Agents.
Bombay, dated 13th September, 1948.

N.B.—The Dividend when sanctioned will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office on and after FRIDAY, the 1st day of October, 1948, to those Ordinary Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the members of the Company on the 30th September, 1948 and Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder to his registered address except to holders of the Share Warrants, who should on and after the first October, 1948, apply to the Company for their dividend along with their respective Share Warrants.

CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT
Secretariat, Bombay

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for temporary posts of CLERKS under the Controller of Rationing, Bombay.

PAY:— Rs. 75-5-140 PLUS Dearness Allowance as admissible under the rules.

QUALIFICATIONS: — Matriculation or School Leaving Certificate. (If proper response is not received, applications from persons who had appeared for Matriculation examination but failed will be considered).

AGE:— Not exceeding 25 years for advanced classes and not exceeding 28 years for backward classes. (Proof to be produced).

DOMICILE:— Domiciled in Bombay Province.

PLACE OF WORK: —Any part of Greater Bombay.

LATE DATE OF APPLICATION: 18th September, 1948.

Applications containing the above information in brief with full name and address, should be sent DIRECT to the Controller of Rationing, Royal Institute of Science Building, Fort, Bombay.

S. M. MOGRE,
Establishment Officer.
14th September, 1948. 1431

NOTICE.

ASSOCIACAO GOANA DE MUTUO AUXILIO, LIMITED.

MEMBERS ARE HEREBY INFORMED that the 63RD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Association will be held on THURSDAY, the 30th September, 1948, in the Hall of the Association's Building, Dabul at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

Business to be transacted:—

1. To receive and approve the Directors Report and Audited Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1947.
2. To approve the Estimate of Expenditure for the year 1948.
3. To elect a Director in the place of Dr. Lencastre de Sousa who retires according to the Rules and is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the Current Year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which the Board of Directors may place before the Meeting.

By order of the Board.
LOYOLA PACHECO,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Girgaum Road, Bombay.
30th August, 1948. 9505

CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT
Secretariat, Bombay.

APPLICATIONS are invited for temporary posts of INSPECTORS under the Controller of Rationing, Bombay.

PAY: Scale Rs. 120-5-150 PLUS Dearness Allowance admissible under the rules. (No Conveyance allowance is admissible to the incumbents of these posts.)

QUALIFICATIONS:
(i) University degree, or
(ii) Matriculate with two years' trade experience (Certificate to be produced).
or
(iii) Matriculate with two years' Government service.

DOMICILE: Domiciled in Bombay Province.

AGE: Not exceeding 25 years for advanced classes and not exceeding 28 years for backward classes. (Proof to be produced).

PLACE OF WORK: Any part of Greater Bombay.

LAST DATE OF APPLICATION: 18th September, 1948.

Applications, with full name and address, containing the above informations in brief should be sent direct to the Controller of Rationing Royal Institute of Science Building, Bombay.

S. M. MOGRE,
Establishment Officer.
14th September, 1948. (1430)

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD. BOMBAY
LOST OR MISLAID

SHARE CERTIFICATES Nos. 37009 to 37013 for twenty-five shares Nos. 518287 to 518311 of the Union Bank of India Ltd. standing in the name of late Lalchand Pannalal are lost or mislaid. Anybody having any claim against them should intimate to the above Bank within one month from the date hereof, after which the Bank will issue duplicates.

(Sd/-) SHRIVALLABH RAMNARAYAN RATHI,
Successor to the Estate of Lalchand Pannalal.
(9508)

THE INDIAN GLIDING ASSOCIATION, LTD.

REGISTERED OFFICE,
Brabourne Stadium,
Churchgate Street,
Bombay.

NOTICE

THE SIXTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Indian Gliding Association Ltd., will be held on MONDAY, 20th September, 1948, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at H. M. Mehta & Co.'s Office, Mehta House, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1. To read the Notice convening the Meeting.
2. To read and confirm the Minutes of the last Annual General Meeting.
3. To receive and adopt the Report and pass Balance Sheet and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st March, 1947.
4. To elect President for the ensuing year.
5. To elect 20 Members of the Council for the ensuing year.
6. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year.

NOSHIRWAN R. MODY,
Hon. Secretary.
The Indian Gliding Association Ltd.
(9501)

G.I.P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "TENDER FOR EXTENSION OF KALYAN FILTRATION PLANT" are invited and will be received by the Chief Engineer, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 14-00 hours of November 16, 1948.

Copies of tender form, specification and conditions of tender can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 5/-, which will not be refunded.
(1429)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 915 of 1946

Messrs. PURSHOTAM MATHRADAS AND CO., LTD., a Private Joint Stock Company, having its Registered Office at Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, within the Fort of Bombay, on behalf of themselves and all other creditors of Habib Ahmed Dhorajiwalla late of Bombay deceased, who carried on business at Bellasis Road without the Fort of Bombay ... Plaintiffs

vs.

(1.) ABDUL GAFUR, son of late Habib Ahmed Dhorajiwalla of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant, residing at Bellasis Road, without the Fort of Bombay. (2) ZILAMBAI, widow of late Habib Ahmed Dhorajiwalla, also of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant, residing at Tyeb Building, Nagpada, without the Fort, Bombay. (3) ZUBEDABAI, daughter of late Habib Ahmed Dhorajiwalla also of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant now residing at Mira Datar Udna in Gujarat. (4) LAKHAMSI GHELABHAI of Bombay Hindu, carrying on business at Chinch Bunder Bombay. (5) KHIMCHAND SAVAKRAM of Bombay Hindu, carrying on business at Kalbadevi Road, Bombay and (6) THAKORDAS NEVANDRAM, also of Bombay Hindu, carrying on business at Dhanji Street, Bombay .... Defendants.

Pursuant to the Preliminary Administration Decree of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay made in the above suit and bearing date the Third day of February, 1948. Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of Habib Ahmed Dhorajiwalla deceased, who died at Bombay, on or about the Twenty-third day of April, 1946, are hereby required to file Affidavit of such claims in writing in the English language in my Office, within one calendar month from the date hereof and the said claimants are required to specify their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities if any held by them or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefits of the said order. Affidavit of each claim must be accompanied by a Court fee stamp of Rupees Two for filing the same. I hereby request all persons concerned to attend me at my Office on the Tenth day of November, 1948, at 3 p.m. for adjudicating upon the said claims. In default of appearance the claims will be dealt with ex-parte.

Dated this 10th day of September, 1948.

A. H. KIRTIKAR
Commissioner.
(1425)

NOTICE

WANTED 3 Chevrolet Chassis 195" wheel base and 2 trucks of 175" wheel base both being able to carry 3 ton loads. Delivery by January, 1949, contact General Manager, Bk. S. Railway, Bikaner by 15th October 1948. Tele: Bikrail: Trunk Phone: Bikaner 5.
(1432)

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS in English are invited for "Rebuilding Abutments and Wing Walls of—

(a) Bridges No. 440 and 442 between Udhna and Surat, and
(b) Bridges No. 533 and 535 between Lakodra and Miyagam stations."

The cost of the whole work is approximately Rs. 3.2 lakhs.

2. Tenders should reach the office of the Chief Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway, General Offices, Churchgate not later than 11 hours (I.S.T.) on 28th September, and they will be opned on the same day at 12.30 hours in the same office.

3. Tender documents together with schedule of approximate quantities (in 2 groups) can be obtained from the office of the undersigned during office hours on payment of Rs. 7/- only which will not be refunded.

4. Plans can be seen in the office of the Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges) during office hours and can be supplied, if required, on payment of Rs. 5/- per set for each group.

5. Tenders on specified forms only will be accepted and must be accompanied with complete contract documents.

H. R. EVELEIGH,
Chief Engineer.
(1410)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 2030 of 1948

1. H.M.I. NAVAL DOCKYARD WORKERS UNION, a Trade Union registered under the Trade Union Act XVI of 1926 and having its Office in the H. M. I. Naval Dockyard Bombay, (2) LAXMAN S. ROKADE, (3) LAXMAN T. SHINDE, (4) J. BANERJEE, (5) P. G. KOTHARE, (6) K. J. SHALIVAN, (7) D. F. SEQUEIRA, (8) SADASHIV MAHADEO, (9) C. F. DIAS, (10) D. R. NERVEKAR, (11) LAXMAN HARI KAMBLI, plaintiffs Nos. 2 to 11, all Bombay inhabitants, No. 2, the Vice President and Nos. 3 to 11 members of the Managing Committee of H.M.I. Naval Dockyard Union on behalf of themselves and all other members of the first plaintiffs' Union .... Plaintiffs

Versus

DAJI SHIVRAM KAMBLI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, an employee in the N.S.O. Department Group 4 H.M.I. Naval Dockyard within the Fort of Bombay .... Defendant

To

The Members of H.M.I. Naval Dockyard Workers Union.

Notice under O.I.R.8, of the Code of Civil Procedure.

PURSUANT to the Order made herein by the Honourable Mr. Justice Bhagwati on the 23rd day of July, 1948, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN under Order 1. Rule 8, of the Code of Civil Procedure that the abovenamed plaintiffs Nos. 2 to 11 have filed a suit in this Court against the abovenamed defendant on behalf of themselves and all other members of the H.M.I. Naval Dockyard Workers Union whereof the following is a concise statement viz.

That the defendant may be ordered and decreed to pay to the plaintiffs or such of them as this Hon'ble Ccurt may direct the sums of Rs. 10,000/- and 50/- mentioned in the plaint together with interest thereon at 6 p.c. per annum from the 12th day of January 1948 till payment, that I may be declared that Samuel Augustine and plaintiffs 2 to 11 are respectively the duly and properly elected President, Vice-President, and members of the Managing Committee of the Union and are as such entitled to the management of the Union, that it may be declared that the defendant has ceased to be the President of the Union and that all acts and things done by him as the alleged President of the Union since the 10th January 1948 are ultra vires, illegal and not binding on the plaintiffs, that in the event of its being contended and held that the said Samuel Augustine and plainiffs 2 to 11 are not respectively the duly and properly elected President, Vice President and members of the Managing Committee of the Union the Court may direct fresh elections to be held under its supervision and give all necessary directions in that behalf; for Receiver, injunction, costs and further and other reliefs.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of the suit has been fixed for Monday the 4th day of October, 1948.

Dated this 26th day of August, 1948.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.)
K. K. DASTUR
for Prothonotary and Senior Master

(Sd.) A. R.
NARAYANA IYYAR

This 26th day of August, 1948
Messrs. GOKHALE KALE & CO
Plaintiffs' Atoorneys.
(1433)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF STEEL CUPBOARDS, SHELVES, OFFICE TABLES, Typewriters, Gestener Duplicator, Filing cabinets, Tubular steel chairs, Teak-wood Desks, Aprox. 740 Doz. Tins Chesdale Cheese, Woollen and cotton piecegoods, 1939 Wolseley Saloon 12 H.P.B.M.W. 8806, and 1938 Chevrolet Master Deluxe Saloon 30 H.P., B.M.X. 5547, by order of the Income Tax Officer E.P.T. Circle VI, on THURSDAY, 23-9-48, at 2 P.M. (S.T.), at our Sale Room, at Great Western Building, 132, Apollo Street, Fort.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers,
Phone 20521.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY AT KHETWADY BACK ROAD.
AUCTION SALE ON THURSDAY, 23RD SEPTEMBER, 1948, AT 4-30 P.M. ON THE PREMISES OF THE PROPERTY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Udwadia and Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Madhavji Kalayanji and others and on acccunt and at the risk of the Mortgagors Messrs. Moosa Jafar and Kassam Ali Jafer Kassam

Particulars:—

Foras Freehold tenure land with the building standing thereon situate at Khetwady Back Road, Bombay, admeasuring about 226 square yards, bearing Collector New Survey No. part of 5530 and Cadastral Survey No. 888 of Girgaum Division and assessed under Municipal D Ward No. 2178 and 2084 and Street Nos. 208 and 210 and 212 and 21 Falkland Road and Khetwady Back Road.

Further particulars may be obtained from the abovementioned Solicitors, Wadia Building, Dalal Street, Fort or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123 Medows St.

Under instructions from the B.B. & C.I. Railway and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railway Act No. IX of 1890 MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY the 14th and WEDNESDAY the 15th September 1948 at 2 P.M. (S.T.) at Carnac Bridge, Goods Depot, Unclaimed, unbooked and booked packages such as machinery, trunks, house-hold kits, iron and wooden articles, tins, casks, etc.

MENESSE & CO.

SALE AT 11-30 A. M.
AUCTION SALE OF LEATHER BELTING, WIRE, IRON WINDOW FRAMES, ETC.

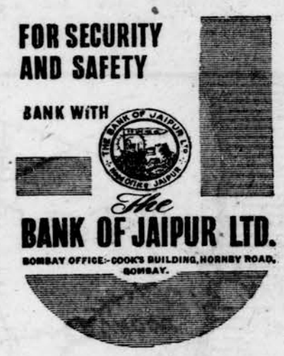
BENNETT & CO. will on THURSDAY, 16th inst. at 11-30 a.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their room, 120, Apollo Street, Fort, by order of Insurance Cos. concerned. Elec. Goods, 15 rolls wire, 2 drum Ozaripid Orange RE-Powder, board accoustic tiles, 21 rolls leather beltings of different sizes, sanitaryware etc. by order of the Bank concerned. 3 cases rubber sponges, 1 case Puffs, by order of the office concerned:— iron window frames, mirrors, lipsticks, Talcum powder, cream Skin Tonics, boot polish, typewriter ribbons and rubbers, hair slides, plastic buttons, ladies belts, combs, braces, 1000 bed pans, cotton tape, glass jars, hose pipe, 2 cases Waft Perns etc.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE of two Gaumont Portable Projectors with 2000 feet Magazine boxes, original sound heads complete with bulb of Arc-lamp on Monday, 20th inst. at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Garrage of M/s. Brookland, Jhaveri House, Hughes Road, Bombay, under instructions from M/s. Thakordas & Madgavkar, Attorneys for M/s Keshavlal Kalyanji.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.



5 Reasons Why!
ATLAS TONIC
THE TONIC FOR THE TROPICS
1 Feeds the nerves
2 Stimulates the brain
3 Aids digestion & improves appetite
Restores normal health quicker after attacks of Malaria, Influenza & Fevers
4
5 Overcomes feeling of lassitude after the day's work is over
MADON SONS & Co
CHEMISTS
BOMBAY
HUGHES ROAD
CHARNI ROAD (MARG)

ALLEGED SPIES OF PAKISTAN

3 Arrests In Jubbulpore

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE (By Mail): Three persons, one of whom was employed as a foreman in the fitting shop of Asbestos Factory at Kymore, in Jubbulpore District, have been arrested and detained in the central jail, Jubbulpore, under the Public Safety Act, on the charge of being alleged spies of Pakistan. The police are reported to have recovered and seized certain documents of allegedly objectionable nature and 15 daggers from the possession of the suspects.

The rain, which are in progress for the last three weeks, have been causing considerable havoc in some parts of the Jubbulpore division. Jubbulpore has already recorded to-date rainfall of about 50 inches, which is above normal for this season. The clouds and incessant rains are responsible for increasing in the cases of typhoid and malaria. Those two diseases have become very common and prevailent both in the city and the interiors.

A daring theft was committed in the broad-day light in the Jubbulpore branch of the Imperial Bank of India on Wednesday last when the accountant of the Inspector of Schools' offices, Jubbulpore, was deprived of a sum of Rs. 2036-12-0, which he had drawn from the bank.

The Premier and eight other ministers of C. P. and Berar Government have been exempted from their personal appearance before the courts in any form in the matters relating to the disputes of civil nature.

Justice Mr. Hidayat Ullah of the Bagpur High Court has ordered that notices be issued against Shri A. D. Mani, Editor, the "Hitavada", Nagpur, and Shri. V. P. Dikshit, Kusumakar and Shri K. C. Gupta, Editor and Printer respectively of the "JAI HIND", Jubbulpore, to show cause why the proceedings for Contempt of Court be not started against them for publishing in their papers the the report of a speech which was delivered at Jubbulpore on August 5, by Pundit D. P. Mishra, Home Minister, C.P. and Berar.

Two cases—one by Shri Jag Mohan Das Malpani, son of Shri Govind Das, and the other by Shri K. L. Dube, a local Homeopath, have been filed in the court of Shri G. S. Shukla and shri. Rabia, First Class Magistrates, Jubbulpore respectively against Shri Bhawani Prasad Tewari, Shri Rameshwar Prasad Guru and Shri Jorawar Mull Jain, editors and printer respectively of the "Prahari", a Hindi weekly from Jubbulpore. The complainants have alleged that the non-applicants have lowered the formers' reputation in the esteem of the public by publishing alleged defamatory articles against them in the "Prahari" The courts have admitted the complaints and issued summons against the non-applicants. A number of leading members of the Jubbulpore Bar have come forward to defend the non-applicants.

JAIPUR NATIONAL CONGRESS

Central Volunteer Training Camp

JAIPUR— The opening date for the proposed four-week Central Volunteer Training Camp has been extended to Monday (20th inst) instead of Sept. 15 as originally proposed. About 70 male and 30 female volunteers of not less than 18 years and 16 years of age, respectively will receive training About four miles away from the city of Jaipur in a beautiful landscape surrounded on all sides by velvet green hills the camp in intended to be held.

It is proposed that behind the scheme of training volunteers for all the various jobs the inherent idea should be the organisation of a well-disciplined Rajputana Provincial Congress Seva Dal, after the session is concluded.

Selected candidates would be required to devote in addition to the training period at least one and half month's time exclusively to the Sessions work. Travelling and other miscellaneous expenses except boarding lodging and necessary training expenses will have to be borne by the candidates themselves.

The last date for receiving application is Sept. 15th Printed application forms and other literature has been sent to all District and Town Congress Committees.

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH IN INDIA

Mr. Mehta's Appeal To Students

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE (By Air Mail): Mr. G. L. Mehta, President of the Indian Tariff Board, told an audience here that India at the present moment needed national consciousness, initiative and drive, with its strategic position, resources and man-power.

He referred to the vital importance of scientific research and technical progress and stressed the development of small-scale cottage industries by means of rural electrification.

He appealed to students to think of national interest before self interest and cultivate civic consciousness to bring a strong India.

Dr. B. V. Narayanaswamy, another member of the Tariff Board, made an emphatic suggestion to utilise scientific research as a tool for the betterment of Indian industry, agriculture and public health.

He appealed to the students to evince more and more interest in scientific research and apply it to all the aspects of human life.

The Mysore Chamber of Commerce have presented a memorandum to the Indian Tariff Board urging protection to Sericulture Industry of the State.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud 11, 2004.
Muslim: Zilkad 10, 1367
Parsi: Farvardin 12, 1318
Sunrise: 6-126 a.m.,
Sunset 18-42 p.m.
Hightide: 10-23, 22-11,
Lowtide: 03-23, 16-42

Today's Engagements

BOMBAY PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSO.: Mr. Rovshan Mahomed will speak on 'General Outline of Semantics' at the Government Law College today (Tuesday) at 6-15 p.m.

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY: Meeting today (Tuesday) at Green's Hotel (first floor) at 1-45 p.m. when Rotarian Professor H. S. Bhavani—of the Rotary Club of Hyderabad-Sind will speak on "Refugee Rehabilitation".

INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES ASSOCIATION: 20th annual general meeting at the Hall of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, today (Tuesday), at 12-30 p.m. (S.T.).

GATHA SOCIETY MEETING: Today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute Library Hall, Apollo Street Dasturji Framroze Bode will expound Gatha ushtnvaiti Gasna Rs 43.

BACKWARD CLASS WELFARE OFFICER.—The headquarters of the Backward Class Welfare Officer for Thana, Kolaba, Bombay Suburban District and Bombay City have been shifted from Thana to Karjat.

ARYA SAMAJ FORT: A meeting of the Arya Samaj Fort was held on Sunday last to mourn the sudden death of Pt. Mahendrachandraji, one of the pillars of the above Samaj.

HEALTH OF BOMBAY: The health returns of Bombay for the week ended 4th September, 1948, were as under: The mortality 779 was 14 more than in the preceding week and the death-rate registered was 27.0 on the Census population of 1941 as against 919 and 32.1 deaths and death-rate respectively for the 36th week of 1947. The present population is reported to be nearly 25,53,735 and the death-rate calculated on this population is 15.7. The average mortality for the corresponding week of the preceding quinquennium was 803 and the death-rate 28.0. Out of the total deaths, 184 were among infants under one year of age.

Plague caused one attack. Cholera 4 attacks. Smallpox 3 attacks and 1 death. There were 79 attacks (including 16 imported and 23 deaths from typhoid fever.

TEXTILE COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE: The Transport Section of the Textile Commissioner's Office will receive applications for movement of piecegoods held by dealers in Bombay to destinations in Saurashtra between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 Noon on Wednesday, the 15th September 1948. Only those dealers who have got the goods ready for despatch should submit applications.

MR. & MRS. HAJI

Mr. I. S. and Mrs. Haji who had gone to E. Africa in response to the summons of His Highness the Aga Khan returned to Bombay last week.

Kher For Bombay

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API): Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, leaves Poona today at 3-15 p.m. by Poona Express for Bombay. He will return to Poona on Thursday morning (Sept. 16) by road.

Prohibition Cases

The Prohibition Department of the Greater Bombay Police picked-up 246 cases, arrested 155 persons and seized 131 gallons of illicit liquor during the week ended August 26. During the same period 4,355 gallons of illicit liquor during the week ended August 26. During the same period 4,355 gallons of wash were recovered.

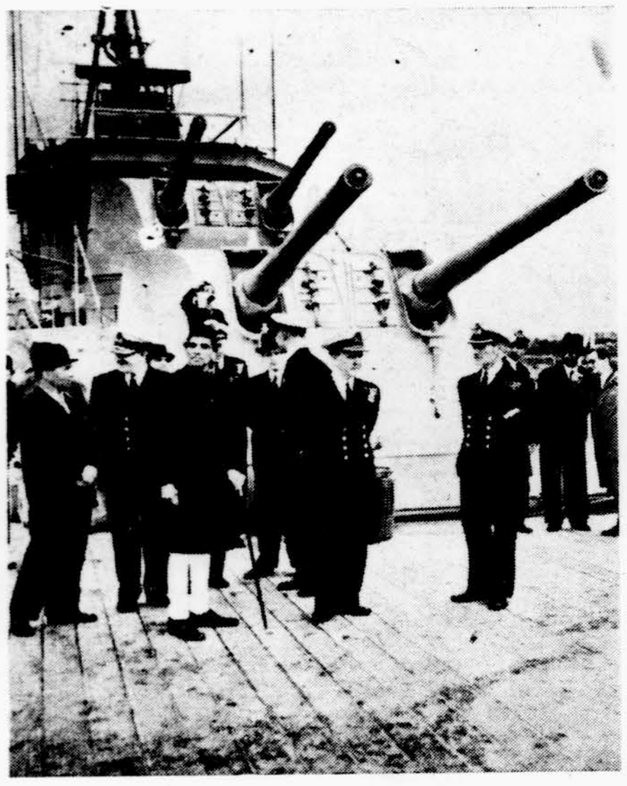
When Age Goes Wrong Youth Has Gay Times

GREAT INDIA PICTURES' PARAI-AAG

MUNAWAR SULTANA, ULHAS, MADHUBALA
Director: NAZAM NAQVI
6TH WEEK
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4, 7, and 10
Booking 10 to 11-30 and 4-30 to 6
A PEARL Release

Double Premiere on FRIDAY, 17th
AWAKENING OF LOVE!
AND HOW? — —
see it in
MEHBOOB Productions Ltd.'s
Streamlined Social
Anokhi Ada
Directed by: MEHBOOB
Music: NAUSHAD
Starring:
NASEEM, SURENDRA, ZEB
QURESHI, PREM ADIB
Simultaneously opening on FRIDAY
at
EXCELSIOR
(Plans for Reservation open)
SUPER
(Adv. Booking Between 9-30 to 11-30 a.m.)
A JAYSINH Ltd. Release

H.M.I.S. Delhi Which Will Arrive Bombay On Wednesday



A FORMIDABLE UNIT OF INDIA'S FLEET

The 7,030-ton cruiser, H.M.I.S "Delhi" which will arrive in Bombay on Wednesday was formally handed over to the R.I.N. on July 5, 1948, by Admiral Harold Burrough on behalf of the Admiralty at a historic ceremony at Catham. The ship was received by the High Commissioner for India, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, on behalf of the Government of India.

The "Delhi" is a cruiser of the "Leander" class and was built by Cammel Laird and Co. at Mersey. Her length is 554' 6", her beam 55' 2" and her mean draft 16 ft. The oil burning Parsons gear turbins drive her 4 shafts to give a speed of 32½ knots. The main armament consists of six 6 inch guns. She carries besides several anti-aircraft guns of varied description as well as torpedoes, thus making her a formidable unit of fleet. She is adequately protected by armour plating on the sides and on deck.

The ship's motto is "Fortuter in re" which means "Strong in Action". A silver statue of the great Greek warrior, Achilles, presented by the officers of her first commission still adorns the wardroom of the ship.

H.M.I.S. "Delhi" has a distinguished sea service. In the early part of the war she covered herself with glory under the command of Captain W. E. Parry (now Vice-Admiral, Commander-in-Chief, R.I.N.) when on December 13, 1939, in company with two other cruisers (H.M.S. "Ajax" and "Exeter") she fought and out-manoeuvred one of Germany's formidable pocket battleships the "Admiral Graf Von Spee" in the battle of the River Plate. After the battle, the "Delhi" spent most of her time in convoy and patrol duties in far eastern waters. She returned to England in August 1944 and made the trip from New Zealand to England in what must have been a record time of 28 days steaming through U-boat infested waters.

She returned to the Pacific in February 1945 and became part of the British Pacific Fleet under Admiral Sir Bruce Frazer and operated with the U.S. third fleet against the Japanese navy.

The "Delhi", with the exception of a very few officers, is manned entirely by Indians.

VISITORS ALLOWED ON THURSDAY

The public are allowed to visit H.M.I.S. "Delhi" on Thursday (September 16) between 2-30 p.m. and 5-30 p.m. They will be allowed on board in groups of 50 only.

A. I. R. Commentary

In connection with programmes on the occasion of the arrival of HMIS "Delhi" a commentary today Tuesday, from mid sea announced earlier has been cancelled.

There will, however, be an additional programme of commentary from the Balllard Pier from 8-30 to 8-45 a.m. when HMIS "Delhi" will arrive and re-berthed.

The next commentary will begin at 11 a.m. and will be followed by the Hon. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's address. The commentary will be in English by Melville de Mellow.

RELIEF AND WELFARE OF ADIWASIS

Landlords Forced To Refund Excess Rent

The touring officers specially appointed by the Government to enforce the provisions of the Tenancy Act continued, during June, to extend relief to and promote the welfare of the Adiwasis in Thana district.

In Dahanu taluka, two landlords were convicted and fined under the provisions of the Tenancy Act. The 10 per cent remission was secured for 7 tenants and 30 applications for relief under the Act were disposed of. Twenty-four applicants received relief of the value of 77½ maunds of paddy. In addition, paddy seed of 290 maunds was granted to the Adiwasis and agriculturists. Tagai loans of Rs. 13,000 were granted to 360 Adiwasis.

In Umbergaon taluka, paddy of 122 maunds was refunded to tenants. Tenants were also helped in the calculation of 1/3 share of crop payable to the landlords. An amount of Rs. 975 was refunded to the tenants and labour engaged in grass-cutting while a landlord was fined Rs. 20 for not passing a receipt for rent. Another was hauled up for prosecution for using unauthorised measure in the recovery of his rent from two tenants. A landlord-tenant dispute was also settled amicably.

In Mokhada peta, a landlord was fined Rs. 24 for receiving Rs. 10 in excess of the amount of rent. Three landlords were also fined under the provisions of the Tenancy Act. Reasonable rent was fixed in one case and, in another, a landlord was forced to restore possession of the land on which he had constructed a godown. The landlord had also to pay the compensation of Rs. 20 to the tenant.

KHAIRAZ DEAD

Court Tributes To Retired Presidency Magistrate

BOMBAY, Monday

Mr. Gulam Hussain R. Khairaz, a retired Presidency Magistrate of Bombay died in the early hours of this morning.

At the Esplanade Police Court today making a reference to Mr. Khairaz's death, Mr. K. J. Khambata, Presidency Magistrate said that Mr. Khairaz served as a Presidency Magistrate for an unbroken period of 22 years. He was a popular figure both in legal and sporting circles.

Mr. Khairaz was appointed Presidency Magistrate of the Mazagaon Police Court in 1913 and till his retirement in 1930 he discharged his Magisterial duties very efficiently.

Mr. C. N. Kanuga associated himself and on behalf of the members of the Bar and colleagues in the profession with the sentiments expressed by Mr. Khambata.

MYSORE DEWAN FLIES TO DELHI

Sequel To Urgent Call From Government Of India

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API): Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Dewan of Mysore, passed through Bombay by special plane on Monday morning en route to Delhi following an urgent call from the Government of India.

Sir Ramaswami declined to say anything on the purpose of his mission to Delhi, but it is reliably learnt he has been tipped to be the alternate leader of the Indian Delegation to U.N.

Mr. Kamal Kant Verma Ex-Chief Justice Allahabad High Court has been appointed as Chief Justice of the Rajasthan High Court, Udaipur.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY LTD.

Fast Passenger Service To Saurashtra Coast And Cutch Mandvi.

THE FIRST SAILING of this Service will be on THURSDAY, the 16th instant with passengers for DIU, NAWABUNDER, JAFFRABAD, VERAWAL, PORBUNDER and CUTCH MANDVI, weather permitting. Thereafter there will be fast service every ALTERNATE THURSDAYS.

For booking of passages and other particulars please contact M/s. BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD., (Telephone No. 25061-4) and also M/s. KANJI JADHAVJI & CO. (Telephone No. 22484).
Bombay, 9-9-1948.

Three Pro-Hyderabadis Arrested

BOMBAY, Monday:

Three persons suspected to have been planning to create trouble in Bombay in the event of Indian troops marching into Hyderabad, were arrested by the Bombay CID during the week-end after extensive searches on Cumballa Hill, Bhendi Bazaar, Bandra and Colaba. The police claim to have seized some documents concerning these activities.

HOSIERY DEALERS ARRESTED

The CID arrested Nooruddin Vallibhai and Saifuddin Vallibhai, two hosiery dealers alleged to have been carrying on large-scale business with Pakistan.

Relief For Sangli States' Riot Sufferers

SANGLI, Sept. 13 (API).—The Chief Administrator for the Sangli group of the seven Deccan States, which have merged into Bombay Province, has so far sanctioned a total sum of about Rs. 19 lakhs for relief to sufferers in the disturbances which followed the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi.

Of this sum, loans amount to Rs. 15,93,900 and gratuitous relief to Rs. 3,12,640.

Radio

BOMBAY Tuesday, Sept. 14.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)

7-30 a.m. U. N. Maniar, 7-40 News in (M.), 7-50 News in (G.), 8-0 News in (E.), 8-15 News in (H.), 8-30 U. M. Maniar, 8-45 Yeshwantrai Purohit, 12-0 p.m. Akashwani Ne Chotare, 12-45 News in (M.), 12-50 News in (G.), 12-55 Laker, 1-25 News in (H.), 1-30 News in (E.), 1-40 Lunch Hour, 5-0 V. R. Diwanji, 5-30 Yeshwant Bhatt, 5-45 News in (K.), 6-0 News in (E.), 6-10 News in (H.), 6-15 Ganpatrao Mohite, 6-45 Jaltarang Solo, 7-0 Topic of the Day, 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report, 7-15 Shalini Narvekar, 7-30 Maze Manasputra: Talk in Marathi by B. V. Phatak, 7-45 Geetmala, 8-0 News in (M.), 8-15 News in (G.), 8-30 Yeshwant Bhatt, 8-45 Amir Bux, 9-0 News in (E.), 9-15 News in (H.), 9?30 BBC News Relay, 9-40 Anything Goes, 9-45 Current Events: Talk in English by B. M. L. Murti, 10-0 The Philharmonic Orchestra, 10-15 Mario Binci, Kathleen Ferrier and Herbert Janssen, 10-40 Royal Opera House Orchestra Cond: By Constant Lambert.

VARIATION

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s.)

7-40 a.m. Gujarati Garbigeets.

5-45 p.m. Kokila Mistry: Gulabdas Broker Krut Geeto, 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s.)

7-45 p.m Commercial News, 8-0 V. R. Diwanji, 9-0 Ganpatrao Mohite, 10-0 Thumri Aur Geet, 10-45 Yeshwantrai Purohit.

Letters Of Administration For Race Horse

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar)

Framroze Hormusji Mehta ... Petitioner.

This was an application for letters of Administration "ad collegenda bona" in respect of a racehorse owned by the late Sir Homi Mehta who died on 15th April, 1948, in an air crash at Shannon Airport in Ireland.

Sir Homi Mehta owned a two-year-old colt, not yet named, bred by Cock-Pit out of Fancy-Glen. The last day for entries for the Classics for the 1948-49 Bombay Season is 15th September 1948. The Royal Western India Turf Club Ltd. informed the petitioner that the entry of this colt for the classics could not be accepted until legal representation to the estate of the deceased was obtained and the horse registered in the name of the new owner.

Sir Homi left a will dated 12th January 1948 of which the Executors were his widow, his two sons Jal and the petitioner, his son-in-law M. N. Dinshaw and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee. It would take some time before these executors could obtain probate. The petitioner was advised that the colt was of very good class and if he was not entered for the next Bombay classics it would entail loss to the estate of the deceased. Expenses have also to be incurred for the feed and upkeep of the colt which is being kept with a trainer.

His Lordship granted letters of administration "ad colligenda bona" to the petitioner for dealing with the said colt by entering it for the ensuing classics and paying the charges of the trainer, the jockeys and the Turf Club and receiving the prize or stake moneys from the Turf Club, on the petitioner undertaking to make good to the estate any loss that may be caused to it by entering the colt for the races and on his undertaking to obtaining a justifying surety within a fortnight of the grant.

Mr. J. R. Vimadalal instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla appeared for the petitioner.

Kalyan Refugees' Grievances

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, Sept. 13: The representatives of all the five refugee camps at Kalyan met the members of the Kalyan City Congress Committee yesterday evening and placed before them their grievances and requested the Congress Committee members to use their good offices in redressing their grievances.

They urged that they should be given the right of the citizenship and did not wish to be called themselves as refugees as they are the permanent residents of the place. Secondly thy demanded good treatment better food and friendly relations with the other citizens of the city.

The deputationists sought the Government's co-operation and help to start some business and urged them to give proper facilities of education to their children.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Sept. 13 (API): Observations from North-west India are lacking. The monsoon has withdrawn from north-west India and is withdrawing from the west United Provinces.

Rainfall has been fairly widespread over the region extending from Bihar and the east Central Provinces to the eastern Himlayas and locally heavy rain has occurred in Bihar and Assam. There have also been local showers in south-east Madras. Elsewhere the monsoon has been weak.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 14TH: Widespread and locally very heavy rain is likely in Bihar, Sub-Himalayan Bengal and Assam. Rainfall will also be widespread in Chota Nagpur, and local in the east Central Provinces and the eastern half of the Peninsula. Dry weather is likely generally in north-west India with weak monsoon elsewhere.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Sept. 13. (API). The foolowing is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches for the past 24 hours and from 1st June, 1948, and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (IST) on 13th September 1948:—

Ahmedabad 91 77 T 8.2 minus 17.7 Allahabad 86 75 0.1 49.6 plus 18.0 Bangalore 83 68 0 22.8 plus 8.1 Baroda 93 77 0 11.7— BOMBAY 88 79 0 57.2 minus 5.2 Calcutta 88 80 0 44.1 plus 2.2 Colombo 88 74 0.1 20.1 plus 0.3 Cuttack 91 76 1.6 43.9 plus 3.0 Darjiling 62 56 0.6 68.0 minus 23.7 Dehra Dun 86 69 0 68.2 minus 2.2 Delhi 93 76 0 29.8 plus 10.1 Hyderabad (Dn) 86 75 T 16.8 minus 2.1 Lahore 96 75 0 21.5 plus 7.5 Lucknow 88 76 0.3 39.3 plus 7.2 Madras 92 75 0 9.3 minus 2.7 Mahableshwar 77 59 9.2 185.3 minus 53.4 Mussoorie 60—0 65.1 minus 4.8 Nagpur 87 74 1.7 32.0 minus 8.8 Pachmarhi 76 69 0 87. plus 20.6 Patna 87 77 2.9 32.1 minus 3.4 Poona 56 69 0 14.1 minus 2.7 Rajkot 92 73 0 5.9 minus 15.5 Shillong 75 62 1.5 67.1 plus 18.4 Sholapur 93 70 T 19.1 plus 2.4 Simla 70 54 0 39.7 minus 3.3 Surat 88 78 0 12.5 minus 23.8.

Weather Bulletin For Farmers

WEATHER BULLETIN FOR FARMERS FORECAST VALID TILL THE MORNING OF 15-9-1948. Fairly widespread light rain in north Kanara, Goa and Ratnagiri districts, local showers in Mawal, Desh Karnatak, Telungana and central Hyderabad with a few light showers in the Kolaba, Bombay and Thana districts and in Khandesh and Rewakantha.

A proposal has been passed unanimously in a meeting of Ujjain artists to establish a Central India Art Society and to have an Central India Art Exhibition in the second week of October 1948. They have also decided to establish an Art Institution at Ujjain.

Munshi And Gujarat University Committee

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API): Mr. K. M. Munshi, India's Agent-General in Hyderabad, who was to have given evidence before the Gujarat University Committee, could not be present here today in view of the Hyderabad operations.

Mr. Munshi while expressing his inability to be present in Bombay he has however conveyed his views to the Chairman of the Committee, Mr. G. V. Mavlankar.

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NEW UNCERTAINTY IN ASIAN SITUATION

Future Will Be Unpredictable With Jinnah's Death, Says 'M. G.'

LONDON, Sept. 13 (Reuter): The leading British newspapers today devoting editorials or special articles to Mr. Jinnah speculated on the consequences of his death.

The Independent Times said: "No succeeding Governor-General can quite fill Mr. Jinnah's place for as 'father of the Nation' his prerogatives were enlarged by popular acclaim far beyond the limits laid down in the constitution.

"Two of the makers of independence, Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah, are dead" the paper added. "The third, Mr. Nehru has the fate of their work in his hands."

New Uncertainty In Asia

The Liberal "Manchester Guardian" said that with Mr. Jinnah's death "a new uncertainty has arisen in the situation in Asia.

"What will happen next it is hard to say. The Muslim League in Pakistan is divided between several factions. The weakness of Mr. Jinnah was that he could brook no other near the throne and never trained up a successor."

The Liberal "News Chronicle" in an editorial headed: "Into the Unknown", said that the Pakistan Prime Minister, Liaquat Ali Khan, was "a sincere and capable man of progressive outlook but lacking the defiant will and crusading spirit which animated his former master"

There is little doubt that left to themselves Pt. Nehru and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan would guide India safely towards greater union, the "News Chronicle" added.

Chiefley's Tributes

CANBERRA, Sept. 13 (Reuter): Mr. J. B. Chifley, Australian Prime Minister, today sent the following message to Liaquat Ali Khan, Pakistan Prime Minister: "We have heard with great sorrow of Mr. Jinnah's death, and on behalf of the Australian Government and people I wish to express our sincerest sympathy in the very great loss sustained by the Government and people of Pakistan.

"As the inspirer and architect of the State of Pakistan his presence will indeed be sorely missed. We are confident that, imbued with his steadfastness and courage, Pakistan will face the future fearlessly and continue to grow in prosperity and strength.

Soekarno's Message Of Sympathy

BATAVIA, Sept. 13 (Reuter): The Indonesian Republican President Dr. I. R. Soekarno, Prime Minister Dr. Mohamed Hatta, and Muslim organisations here have sent message of sympathy to the Government of Pakistan on the occasion of Mr. Jinnah's death.

The India-Pakistan Muslim Association here sent a telegram to Miss Fatima Jinnah saying "The sudden death shocked Muslims in Indonesia. May God give us strength to bear this loss".

Bombay Assembly's Tribute To Jinnah

POONA, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): The Bombay Legislative Assembly adjourned today for a few minutes to pay homage to the memory of Quaid-e-Azam Mohamed Ali Jinnah, Governor-General of the sister Dominion of Pakistan.

Making a reference to Mr. Jinnah's death, the Speaker, Mr. K. S. Firodia, said: "His presence was surely necessary in the interests of integration and orderly Government of the sister Dominion of Pakistan at the present time But this is an event which none of us can help"

The House observed a two-minutes silence before commencing their business.

Assam Assembly Adjourns

SHILLONG, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): The Assam Legislative Assembly met this morning and after the swearing in of new members, adjourned without transacting any business as a mark of respect to Mr. Jinnah.

A resolution of condolence was moved by the Speaker and adopted, all members standing and observing silence. The Speaker and party leaders paid tributes to Mr. Jinnah.

Houses Of Entertainment Close For Three Days

DACCA, Sept. 12 (A.P.I.): The Government of East Bengal has sent the following telegram to the Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan:—

"The whole province is overwhelmed with the tragedy that has overtaken the nation, and conveys its deepest sorrow and grief at the sad passing away of our beloved Quaid-I-Azam. May his soul rest in peace".

All cinemas and houses of entertainment have been closed for three days in observance of mourning.

All liquor and toddy shops in the province will remain closed for ten days.

Pakistan Congress' Tribute To Jinnah

DACCA, Sept. 12 (A.P.I.): The Executive Committee of the Pakistan National Congress today recorded its deep sense of sorrow at the death of Quaid-I-Azam Jinnah, "father of Pakistan, the fifth larges: State in the world". The reslution said that "a man of towering personality, undaunted courage and strong conviction, he spared no pains for the growth and development of Pakistan. He left us at a critical moment, when his valuable advice and guidance were essential, and the void caused by his demise can never be killed up".

The Committee adjourned till tomorrow as a mark of respect to Mr. Jinnah's memory, without transacting any other business.

Ahrars' Condolence

LAHORE, Sept. 13 (UPI): The President of Majlis Ahrar sent the following wires to the Premier of Pakistan and Miss Fatima Jinnah.

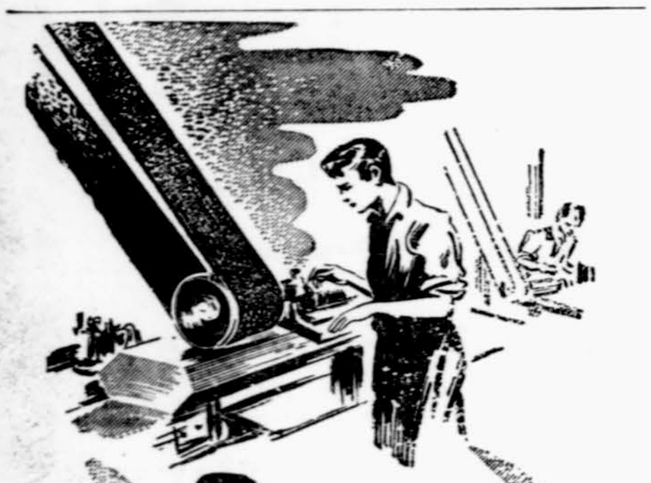
"Deeply shocked and regret Quaid-i-Azam's demise. especially when the State needs his presence and guidance. While praying for enternal peace for him we heartily sympathise with his family members. We sincerely feel this national loss and as such offer our earnest co-operation in the present critical moment.

A.I.C.C.'s Condolence On Jinnah's Death

NEW DELHI, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): The All India Congress Committee office remained closed today with Tri-Colour flying half mast in the office building as a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. M. A. Jinnah.

The following message was sent to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan the Prime Minister of Pakistan and Miss Fatima Jinnah by Acharya Jugal Kishore, General Secretary of the Congress:—

"All India Congress Committee staff shares in your sorrow at the sad demise of the Quaid-i-Azam.'



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Nizam Shocked At Jinnah's Sudden Death

Irreparable Loss To Present Age', Says Laik Ali

HYDERABAD (Dn)., Sept. 13, (U. P.I.): The following telegram has been sent by the Nizam to Miss Fatima Jinnah on the death of Mr Jinnah: "I am shocked and deeply grieved at the sudden demise of your lovable brother, the Quaid-e-Azam of the present generation. His services to the Muslims and the noble example left behind by him to mankind should be a source of comfort to you in this sad bereavement. I pray to God to bestow peace on that great soul and to give you courage to bear the tragedy. With sincere regards".

Mir Laik Ali, Prime Minister of Hyderabad, in a statement on Mr. Jinnah's death said today, "not only Pakistan has lost its founder, but the present age has suffered an irreparable loss. Mankind does not produce such epoch-making leaders often, and the Quaid-e-Azam's loss will leave a gap which is not likely to be filled for a long time to come"

"A. B. PATRIKA'S" TRIBUTE

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 13, (UPI): "India lost the architect of her freedom within a few months of the achievement of freedom, Pakistan has been hardly more fortunate. Pakistan has lost its Quaid-e-Azam in the 13th month of its existence. Let us hope that it will be able to survive this terrific blow. It is devoutedly to be wished that both the Sovereign States of India and Pakistan should seek each others co-operation and live in peace and prosperity. If Pakistan goes down, if Pakistan is torn by internal strife or is weighed down by poverty, the Indian Union too will be adversely affected," writes the "Amrit Bazar Patrika." Allahabad, editorially on the demise of Mr. M. A. Jinnnah, the Governor-General of Pakistan.

The paper adds: "Quaid-e-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah has given to Pakistan Muslims what he promised. It is now for Pakistanis and their leaders to make the State a progressive one. The Indian Union and its people desire that their brothers across the borders should live peaceful and prosperous lives in their separate abode. The death of the Quadi-e-Azam will put the leaders of Pakistan Government to a severe test."

MUSLIM SHOPS IN CALCUTTA CLOSE

CALCUTTA, Sept. 13 (API).—Many Muslim shops and commercial houses in Calcutta remained closed today as a mark of respect to the memory of Quaid-e-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah.

After prayer at the Nakhoda Mosque a special congregation offered "Fateha" in memory of the departed leader.

C. P. ASSEMBLY'S TRIBUTE TO JINNAH

NAGPUR, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): The Central Provinces and Berar Legislative Assembly adjourned for a few minutes today in memory of Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan.

The resolution which was moved by the Speaker was supported by all sections of the House.

MODEL MILLS WORKERS' HARTAL FOR JINNAH'S DEATH

NAGPUR, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): Over 2,500 textile workers employed in the Model Mills, here have abstained from normal work and took a holiday today observing 'hartal' in connection with the death of Mr. M. A. Jinnah.

The Muslim element among the textile workers in this mill is only two per cent.

In the Empress Group of Mills, four mills worked normally but in the other about 700 operatives abstained from work.

The Muslim element among the Empress Mills operatives (textile workers) numbering 9,000 on day shifts is only about 10 per cent.

Truman's Tribute To Jinnah

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (Reuter): President Truman and the Secretary of State, Mr. George Marshall, today expressed sympathy at the death of Mr. Mohammed Ali Jinnah, in telegrams to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan.

The President's message said: "Originator of the dream that became Pakistan, architect of the State, father of the world's largest Muslim nation, Mr. Jinnah was the recipient of a devotion and loyalty seldom accorded to a man.

"I am confident that the memory of Mr. Jinnah's remarkable leadership will maintain and inspire the government and the people of Pakistan in the years that lie ahead."

Sunday Papers Display Death News

NEW YORK, Sept. 12 (Reuter).—News of the death of Mr. Jinnah received front-page display in most of America's newspapers today. The "New York Times" published the Reuter dispatch from Karachi of his death on its front-page and devoted several columns on its inside pages to his obituary.

Many of the first editions of the Sunday papers had already gone to press, when the news of his passing reached the United States, but front pages were changed in later editions and Jinnah's death became one of the important features of the days events.

In His Footsteps

NEW YORK: M. A. H. Ispahani, Pakistan's first Ambassador to the United States, said: "I shall endeavour throughout my life to follow the great example which he set me as one of his privileged close associates and disciples throughout my political career."

U. N. CANNOT INTERVENE

Confiscation Of Passports Of Dadoo And Naicner

PARIS, Sept. 13, (Reuter): A United Nations spokesman today turned down suggestions that the United Nations might intervene after the refusal of the South African Government to allow Dr. Y. M. Dadoo, President of the Transvaal Indian Congress, and Dr. G. M. Naicker, President of the Natal Indian Congress, to travel to Paris for the General Assembly. "The men in question are not delegates, so there does not seem to be anything we can do", the spokesman said.

Dr. Dadoo was to have advised the Indian and Pakistan delegations at the General Assembly, but the South African Government impounded his passport and removed his luggage from the plane in which he was about to leave for Paris.

The Union Department of the Interior described Dr. Dadoo and Dr. Naicker as Communistic agitators and said that because of their record of persistent law-breaking and their un-South African activities both at home and abroad, the Government is not prepared to accord them the privilege and protection of Union passports.

The Executive Committee of the Natal Indian Organisation has sent a resolution of protest to Mr. Trygve Lie, United Nations Secretary-General, the Prime Ministers of Britain, India and Pakistan, the President of the United States and France and the heads of the 51 nations delegates meeting in Paris. They also protested to Dr. Daniel Malan, the South African Prime Minister.

Minister Commits 'Strategic Error'

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 13, (Reuter): The South African Minister of the Interior, Dr. T. E. Donges, acted unintelligently, the Rand "Daily Mail" wrote today, when he confiscated the passport of Dr. Y. M. Dadoo, who was due to leave last Friday for the United Nations Assembly in Paris.

The paper 'quoting a 1942 Supreme Court decision thought the Minister was within his legal rights but said he committed a strategic error.

Dr. Dadoo's presence in Paris could not do much to swell the stream of criticism of South Africa, but his absence through administrative action will undoubtedly do so.

INDIA LEAGUE PROTESTS

LONDON, Sept. 13, (Reuter): The Indian League in London today protested to the Secretary for Commonwealth Relations against the impounding of the passports of Doctors Y. M. Dadoo and G. M. Naicker.

Mr. Reginald Sorenson, Parliamentary Secretary of the Indian League, said he had just posted his protest letter to Mr. Philip Noel-Baker, Commonwealth Relations Minister, whom he hoped to see personally about the matter.

"We are most disturbed at the attitude of South Africa to Indian leaders, and in particular how this attitude affects India and Pakistan".

Another Indian League spokesman said: "There will be no accredited representative of the South African non-European community at the Assembly".

Since vital matters affecting the whole future of the non-Europeans are going to be discussed there in connection with the Indian Government protest about racial discrimination against the Indian community in South Africa this confiscation of the passports can be regarded as a very severe blow to the whole future of the Assembly debate, he added.

(See Page 7.)

WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN TROOPS

Korean Premier Outlines Government Policy

MOSCOW, Sept. 13 (Reuter)—Kim Ir Sen, new Prime Minister of northern Soviet-occupied Korea outlining his Government's policy to the Supreme National Assembly in Phyongyang said the withdrawal of all foreign troops from Korea was the first step necessary towards uniting the people into one nation, the Soviet news agency Tass reported today.

He said the Government would work for the realisation of the Soviet Government's suggestion for the withdrawal of foreign troops.

Last October M. Molotov, Soviet Foreign Minister said that provided the United States Government agreed to the withdrawal of troops at the beginning of 1948 Soviet troops would be ready to leave Korea at the same time.

Kim Ir Sen promised Agrarian reforms, natonalisation of industries, labour laws, educational reforms and equality for women. He also said that all pro-Japanese elements would be punished and that the Korean Government would insist on the fulfilment of the Pitsdam decisions concerning Japan's demilitarisation and democratisation, the Tass message added.

Mourning In Baghdad And Cairo

BAGHDAD: Pakistan nationals here today mourned Mr. Jinnah and sent condolences to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and Miss Fatima Jinnah.

CAIRO: Pakistanis in Egypt are observing 40 days of mourning and offices are remaining closed. Condolences have been sent to Miss Jinnah by King Farouk, Premier Nokrashy Pasha on behalf of the Government and people, and Nahas Pasha, leader of the Wafd Party.

Pakistan Finance Minister Mr. Ghulam Mohommed who was in Cairo for trade talks was returning to Karachi on the first available plane.

Men Who Guide Indian Troops In Hyderabad

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE DURING WORLD WAR TWO RECALLED

The names of three distinguished Militarymen, Lieut-General Rajendrasinhji, G.O.C.-in-Chief, Southern Command, Major-Gen. Ajit Anil Rudra and Maj-Gen. J. N. Chaudhuri will be flashed in the news columns day after day, as the Indian troops progress in Hyderabad.

The following are the achievements to their credit during world war 2.

LIEUT-GEN. RAJENDRASINGHJI

The first Indian to win the D.S.O. in the last war, Lt.-Gen. Rajendrasinghji, is today the General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Southern Command. He also has the distinction of being the first Indian Officer to be the head of a Corps of the Indian Army.

Commissioner in 1921, Gen. Rajendrasinghji joined the 2nd Royal Lancers a year later. In 1941, he went to North Africa as a Squadron Commander in his regiment. Early in April 1941, the 3rd Indian Motor Brigade, of which 2nd Royal Lancers was a part, was surrounded at Mechili by vastly Superior German and Italian forces. As a last desperate measure the encircled regiments decided to force their way through the enemy and into the desert.

General (then Major) Rajendrasinghji with his regiment was acting as rearguard and had to wait for his Divisional Headquarters to move out. Most of his regiment was overwhelmed by a German tank attack, although his own squadron was not seriously involved.

It was then that he charged with his men straight into the enemy lines, crashing through their battery of guns. After shaking off pursuit, they hid in the hills for the rest of the day and moving off once more at night eventually reached safety.

COURAGEOUS LEADERSHIP

For his courageous leadership and determined action he was awarded the D.S.O. He returned to India in October 1942 and in the following year was appointed Commandant of the 2nd Royal Lancers. In May 1945, he went to Washington as Deputy Director of Public Relations, and in June 1945, was appointed Military Attache there.

In September 1946 he was promoted Brigadier, and was given command of the Pisca Sub-area. Later he was appointed Director of Indian Armoured Corps.

On the eve of the transfer of power in India, he took over command of the Delhi Area, and, subsequently, when Lieut-Gen. Cariappa relinquished his post as G.O.C.-in-Chief Eastern Command, General Rajendrasinghji suceeded him. In April 1948, he became G.O.C.-in-Chief, Southern Command.

MAJOR-GEN. AJIT ANIL RUDRA

Major-General Ajit Anil Rudra, one of the seniormost officers of the Indian Army, has had a unique career from a private to Major-General.

Born in 1896, the son of the late Principal S. D. Rudra of the St. Stephen's College, Delhi, General Rudra received his education at Trinity College, Kendy. He then enlisted as a private in the 18th Battalion Royal Fusiliers. During World War I, he saw service in France and Flanders. Promoted L/Corporal, then Corporal and finally sergent, Rudra led the British troops against the Germans in the fierce battles along the Somme in 1915. Twice his battalion was decimated and he himself was wounded.

He was commissioned in 1919 and joined the 4/15th Punjab Regiment in Palestine. He took part in the Afghan War, 1920, in the relief of Wana, 1921, and other Frontier operations.

General Rudra has the distinction of having held every regimental appointment in succession in his battalion. He was Quartermaster for four years, adjutant for four years, and then a Company Comander. In 1941, he was appointed 2nd in Command of his battalion.

He was promoted Lieut.-Colonel in 1943, and joined the General Headquarters, India, as Liaison Officer, South East Asia Command, 14th Army and Eastern Command Headquarters.

He became a full Colonel in May 1945, and in 1946 was awarded the O.B.E. for meritorious service. In June 1946, he was appointed Director of Morale at the G.H.Q. with the rank of Brigadier.

On the eve of transfer of power he was appointed Military Secretary, Indian Army. In 1948 he succeeded Major-General Shrinagesh as G.O.C., Madras Area.

MAJOR-GEN. J. N. CHAUDHURI

Major-General J. N. Chaudhuri is one of the youngest of India's Generals.

The oldest son of a well-known Calcutta barrister, Major-Gen. Chaudhuri was born in 1908, and was sent to United Kingdom at an early age. After studying at a London school, he joined Sandhurst. Commissioned in 1928, he was posted to the 7th Light Cavalry.

As Staff Officer of the famous 5th Indian Division, Gen. Chaudhuri saw service in the Sudan, Eritrea, Abyssinia and the Western Desert, in the beginning of World War II. His last spell of duties in the Middle East was as Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster-General in his division. He was awarded the O.B.E.

In 1943 he returned to India as a Senior Instructor at the Staff College, Quetta. In August 1944 he took over Command of the 16th Light Cavalry. This, the premier regiment in the Indian Armoured Corps, was the first armoured regiment to be led into battle by an Indian Commanding Officer. Under his leadership, the 16th Cavalry made, early in 1945, a 3,000-mile march from Quetta to Meiktila in a month. The regiment which later was in the advance guard of our march to Rangoon won great renown for its part in the Central Burma fighting. At the end of the Burma Campaign he saw service in French Indo-China and Java.

With this appointment in January 1946 as Brigadier-in-Charge Administration, Malaya Command, he became the third Indian Brigadier in the Indian Army. In January 1947, he went to England to attend a course at the Imperial Defence College. On his return to India in October 1947, he became Brigadier (Plans) and then Director of Military operations at Army Headquarters. In February 1948, he was promoted to Major-General and became officiating Chief of the General Staff.

American Scientific Expedition To Nepal

WASHINGTON, (By Mail): The Kingdom of Nepal is to be visited late this year by an American scientific expedition. Personally approved by the ruler of Nepal, Sir Mohan Shum Shere Jung Bahadur Rana, the expedition will sail from Seattle, Washington, September 15 and expects to start its work in Nepal about mid-November.

The expedition, sponsored by the National Geographic Society, together with Yale University and the Smithsonian Institution, will be headed by Dr Dillon Ripley, Associate Curator and Lecturer on Zoology at Yale University. He estimates that the group will spend about five months in the field, devoting considerable time to natural history study and specimen collecting in Nepal's southern lowlands, the Terai area. In addition, the expedition plans subsidiary work in adjacent areas of India, including a survey for the Indian Government looking toward establishing a national park to preserve the vanishing great Indian rhinoceros.

IT HAS AROMA

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MUGWE AND ULLAL SCORE GREAT WIN

To Meet Shroff And Ferreira In Doubles Final

BOMBAY, Monday.—The patched up combination of Bala Ullal and Mugwe was responsible for the utter rout of Davinder Mohan and George Lewis this evening when the two pairs met in the semi-finals of the men's doubles event. When in the first set appeared to be a keen match petered out in the second to an almost docile affair in which Davinder and Lewis could do nothing to impress either Mugwe at the nets or Bala Ullal at the baseline.

The grand form of Mugwe was in no small measure responsible for the unsettling of their opponents, whose experience and knowledge of the game of their rivals as well as of each other proved wholly inadequate to counter the brilliance of Mugwe and Ullal. Mugwe in particular never allowed Davinder and Lewis to settle down to their usual tactics, and, finding no gaps in their opponents' defence they began to hit the shuttle often aimlessly falling easy victims to the Bombay pair. The fact that at one stage in the second game the winners appeared to be able to win it at the cost of a solitary point is a tribute to the complete mastery they enjoyed during the match and decidedly so in the second set.

The other semi-final, played earlier in the evening proved to be undoing of Merchant and Kalyanpur who recently found themselves thrust into the headlines when they succeeded in eliminating Bhopardikar and Patil Shroff was in magnificent form and with the able support he received from Ferreira the result of the match was seldom in doubt. The spasmodic brilliant that we have seen this season from various players must be tempered with consistency of execution before the players can be reckoned with as serious contenders.

In the semi-final of the ladies doubles event Miss Dubash and Miss Moloobhy after finding themselves in the lead by 11-6 in the decider cracked up and lost the set and the match at the personal gain of only two more points. Miss Farias and Mrs. Athaide drawing level at 11 and again at 13. Over the extra points that ensued Miss Farias and Mrs. Athaide experienced no difficulty and have now qualified to meet Mrs. Lewis and Miss Chinoy in the finals. The later pair had a virtual walk-over into the finals, conceding but four points to dispose of Miss Shirodkar and Mrs. Pradhan.

THE RESULTS:

JUNIOR GIRLS

FINAL: Miss S. H. Vakeel beat Miss R. Vimadalal 11-1, 11-1.

LADIES' DOUBLES

SEMI-FINALS: Mis M. R. Chinoy and Mrs. N. Lewis beat Miss K. Shirodkar and Mrs. Pradhan 15-4, 15-0; Miss B. Farias and Mrs. Athaide beat Miss H. N. Dubash and Miss S. Moloobhoy 15-7, 2-15, 18-13.

MEN'S DOUBLES

SEMI-FINALS: Miss M. R. Chinoy D. Shroff beat C. P. Merchant and G. A. Kalyanpur 15-8, 15-8; B. V. Ullal and D. G. Mugwe beat Davinder Mohan and G. Lewis 15-10, 15-4.

5-30 p.m. Junior Boys Singles Final: R. D. Vimawalla vs. V. Bhat followed by Ladies Singles Final: Miss M. R. Chinoy vs. Mrs. N. Lewis, followed by Men's Singles Final: Davinder Mohan vs. G. Lewis, followed by Mixed Doubles Semi-finals: A. G. Kalyanpurkar and Miss S. Phansalkar vs. S. Dinker Rao and vs. Miss S. Moloobhoy, G. P Shirke and Miss S. Nigudkar vs. M S. Patil and Miss K. Shirodkar.

VARSITY ACQUATICS

BOMBAY, Mondav.

The Inter-College Swimming Championships commenced this afternoon at the P. M. Swimming Baths.

The heats of some events and the finals of 1,500 Metres Free Style Swim were decided today, and the finals of all the remaining events will be held at the same venue on Wednesday next at 4-30 p.m.

The following are the results of the events decided today:—

100 METRES FREE STYLE

1ST HEAT: K. R. Kapadia (Elph.) 1, Sopher (G.M.C.) 2, H. Shah (Syd.) 3. Time, 70 secs.

2ND HEAT: A. Mehta (G.S.M.) 1, S. V. Asher (Elph.) 2, K. Dick (St. X.) 3, Time, 73.8 secs.

200 METRES BREAST STROKE

1ST HEAT: A. Wadia (St. X.) 1, K. Lakdawalla (St. X.) 2, M. P. Daruwalla (Syd.) 3, Time 3 min. 27.4 secs.

2ND HEAT: J. Naigamwalla (Wil.) 1, A. S. Bharucha (St. X.) 2, V. B. Sheth (Elph.) 3, Time 3 min. 12.5 secs.

110 METRES BACK STROKE

The following have qualified for the finals:

A. S. Bharucha (St. X.), J. K. Wadia (St. X.), S. C. Mehta (Elph.), J. Naigamwalla (Wil.), V. I. Mehta (G.S.M.), A. C. Mehta (G.S.M.), A. T Chinoy (Sidh.), and H. P. Daruwalla (Syd.).

400 METRES FREE STYLE

A. S. Bharucha (St. X.), M. K. Mehta (St. X.), K. R. Kapadia (Elph.), J. Naigamwalla (Wil.), V. I Mehta (G.S.M.), F. Fernandes (Sidh.), and H. C. Shah (Syd.), have qualified for the finals.

DIVING

The following have qualified for the finals:

Asher (Elph.), M. V. Kothare (Rula), K. Diwan (St. X.), B. V. Dharamatikar (Rula), S. S. Wagh (Sidh.), and J. Rocha (St. X.)

1,500 METRES FREE STYLE (FINALS)

A. S. Bharucha (St. X.) 1, V. I. Mehta (G.S.M.) 2, S. C. Shah (Syd.) 3. Time: 27 min. 20 secs.

St. Xaviers' "A" In A Drawn Game

PAREL SOCCER

BOMBAY, Monday:

In the first round of the Junior Rover's Cup Football Tournament St. Xaviers College "A" and Indian Culture League shared two goals on the former's ground Parel this evening.

In the first period of play both teams started their struggle having an equal share of exchanges and the ball swinging from end to end.

St. Xavier's were first to score midway in the first half when Rebeiro passed the ball from long range and Williams connected well to score.

The college crossed over with this lead and on resumption Indian Culture League repeatedly raided the rival territory. However Lefebour was in good form and saved well, time and again, ably supported by college defenders who also came to the rescue of their side.

The equaliser however came when Kane of India League took the flag kick well and custodian Lefebour failed to gather the ball properly. This was the only slip Lefebour made and it resulted in Jacob scoring as he was lying handy near the goal mouth.

Towards the end the losers had more of the game but failed to drive home the advantage.

In the earlier game in the same tournament Lever S. C. beat Young Labour by 2 goals to nil scored by S. Martin in the first half.

TODAY'S MATCHES

St. Xavier's College Ground.

4-30 Khatau S. C. vs. Telephone S. C.

5-40 Indian Culture League vs. St Xavier's "A"

Australia Dismissed Cheaply By Scotland

CENTURY BY MORRIS

EDINBURGH, September 13. (Reuter): After a poor start against Scotland here today, the Australians made 236 all out by close of play, of which 112 came from the bat of Arthur Morris.

Heavy rain prevented play before lunch, but the weather cleared and when Don Bradman won the toss he did not hesitate to bat. The Scottish bowlers proved surprisingly accurate, and received some help from the pitch, which occasionally played tricks and inside half an hour Barnes and Miller were back in the pavilion with only 29 on the board.

Bradman himself never seemed at ease, and played a rising ball on to his bails when 27.

Morris, however, played a sound innings and he and McCool, who made 52, were associated in a fifth wicket stand of 109 which gave the Australian total a much more respectable appearance.

W. K. Laidlaw, the Scottish Captain, had a great day with the ball, taking five for 51 on 12.2 overs.

ENGLISH SOCCER SIDE AGAINST DENMARK

LONDON, Sept. 13 (Reuter): The recall of Hagan in place of Mannion and the choice of Aston instead of Hardwick are the features of the England Team selection for the Soccer Match against Denmark at Copenhagen on September 26. Mannion was not available, as he has not resigned for Middlebrough and Hardwick has been injured and unable to show his best form.

Aston and Hagan are both new caps. Hagan's previous appearances for England having all been in games which have not counted as full Internationals.

The team is as follows:

Swift (Manchester City), Scott (Arsenal), Aston (Manchester United) Wright (Wolverhampton Wanderers), Franklin (Stoke City), Cockburn (Manchester United), Matthews (Blackpool), Mortensen (Blackpool), Lawton (Notts County), Hagan (Sheffield United) and Finney (Preston North End).

VYAS REACHES QUARTER-FINALS OF MEN'S SINGLES

B. S. Cooper Extends K. H. Kapadia In Provincial Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Monday.

Young Vyas, who had come into the limelight in the St. Xavier's Tournament earlier in the season, found his table tennis feet once again this evening in the Provincial Table Tennis Tournament, which are being held on the C.C.I. Badminton Courts. Playing with his usual daring and effortless manner he overcame the defence of K. S. Cooper to qualify for the quarter-final round of the Men's Singles.

After dropping the second game, Vyas did not let Cooper have any say in the match and ran out an easy victor by three games to one.

In another interesting sixth round match in the Men's Singles, Burjor Cooper, who by virtue of a walk-over over M. V. S. Vithal yesterday entered the sixth round, went down to K. H. Kapadia in five gruelling games, the latter's experience in the game of so many years stood him in good stead.

The Men's Singles has now reached the Quarter-final stage and the last eight left in the event are:

U. M. Chandarana, Y. S. Vyas, O. Dyer, H. M. Khanchand, D. H. Kapadia, S. N. Motiwalla, K. H. Kapadia, and A. H. Khan.

The matches in the quarter-finals due to be played tomorrow should provide interesting table tennis.

In the semi-finals of the Women's doubles, Mrs. Meera Gajendrasingh and her partner Miss Rhoda Shroff were extended to full five games by a comparatively weaker combination in Miss Dhun Mistri and Miss Amina Joosab. Miss Mistri gave an excellent account of herself, and it is entirely due to her courageous hitting in the face of great odds that took the match i five games. The winners now meet their old opponents Mrs. Gool Nasikwalla and Miss Enid Bocarro in the Finals tomorrow.

S. K. Thakersey it seems is again heading for one more Junior's title. In the quarter-final round against Doctor he was in irresistible form and won in awo straight games with plenty to spare.

In the other half of the same event A. I. Jacob, who has been playing very inconsistently this year, specially in the open Men's Singles, also won his round very easily, and it will certainly be a fight between these foremost youngsters to fight out the Provincial Junior's title.

The following are the results:

JUNIOR'S SINGLES
(Quarter-Finals)

A. I. Jacob beat B. M. Vakeel, 21-12 21-12; S. K. Thackersey beat G. C. Doctor 21-11, 21-12; H. N. Mulla beat M. M. Desai 21-7, 21-13; S. G. Sawani beat H. P. Dossa 21-18, 18-21, 21-14.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES
(Semi-Finals)

Gool Nasikwalla and Enid Bocarro beat Jaya Walwalkar and Suhasini Dharap, 21-10, 21-9, 21-17; Meera Gajendrasinh and Rhoda Shroff beat Dhun Mistry and Amina Joosab, 20-22, 21-11, 21-9, 21-14.

MEN'S SINGLES
(Sixth Round)

U. M. Chandarana beat R. K. Umrigar, 21-17, 21-11, 21-13; Y. S. Vyas beat K. S. Cooper, 21-18, 17-21, 21-12, 21-15; O. Dyer beat K. Godrej, 21-17, 21-15, 21-14; H. M. Khanchand beat V. M. Nadkarni, 21-17, 21-18, 21-16; D. H. Kapadia beat R. J. Poncha 21-13, 21-10, 21-17; S. Motivala beat V. Venkataraman, 16-21, 21-12, 17-21, 21-9, 21-9, K. H. Kapadia beat B. S. Cooper, 20-22, 21-12, 21-9, 13-21, 21-16; A. H. Khan beat C. G. Velkar, 21-17 21-9, 21-19.

MEN'S DOUBLES
(Third Round)

B. Abraham and P. Abraham beat D. P. Sampat and I. R. Joosab, 21-16 M. Bhatkal beat S. L. Shroff and P. L. Shroff, 21-19, 22-20, 20-22, 21-13; D. L. Shroff, 21-19, 22-20, 29-22, 21-13; D. H. Kapadia and M. V. S. Vittal beat A. I. Jacob and M. Sayers, 21-17, 21-15 21-14; U. M. Chandarana and R. Khatau beat I. A. Lalljee and P. Kumar, 21-10 21-11, 21-6; K. H. Kapadia and K. N. S. Narayanan beat K. Nagarkatti and A. S. Amladi, 21-13, 21-13, 21-13; V. V. Prabhu and B. A. Lalljee beat Y. M. Mahajan and U. S. Bangera, 21-12, 21-19, 20-22, 21-15; S. Motivala and Y. S. Vyas beat B. P. Baliga and V. B. Shanbag, 21-13, 21-18, 21-13.

TODAY'S MATCHES

5-00 p.m. Semi-Finals of Women's Singles.

5-45 p.m. Semi-Finals of Junior Dopbles.

6-15 p.m. Quarter-finals of Men's Singles.

7-00 p.m. Final of Women's Doubles.

7-30 p.m. Semi-Finals of Mixed Doubles.

8-00 p.m. Quarter-Finals of Men's Doubles.

British Betting Laws Unfair And Wicked

MAGISTRATE HOPES FOR ADJUSTMENT

LONDON, Sept. 12, (Reuter): Britain's betting laws are known to be crazy and quite illogical, but according to a prominent Magistrate, they are also wicked.

Sir Herbert Tunnico, former Deputy Speaker in the House of Commons, when fining five bookmakers who were betting in the streets, in his capacity as Magistrate in a London Court, declared: "The Bench have to administer the law and we do our best to impose penalties of varying degrees for successive offences but the betting laws of this country are wicked.

"I can sit here and fine a man £20 or more for taking wagers of a few shillings in the streets and can then go upstairs in this very court, pick up a telephone and put £50 on a horse. The whole thing is wicked and unfair".

"One day, perhaps, a courageous Government will look into the matter and exercise common sense in adjusting our betting and gambling laws".

Ice Hockey Catches British Fancy

SAD BLOW TO SWIMMERS

LONDON, Sept 12 (Reuter): The start of Ice Hockey at Wembley this month means there is no swimming at the Empire Pool where so many first-class performances were accomplished by representatives of various nations during the Olympic Games. To swimmers this is a sad blow But ICA Hockey packs arenas in several British cities during the winter months and for the basses is easily number one indoor sport nowadays.

Wembley regularly has the "house full" notice out for Ice Hockey games so nobody can really blame the authorities for transforming their swimming pool into an Ice rink with occasionally a change for boxing. Tennis and other indoor pursuits. These are only fleeting and the Ice-Hockey surface can be covered in a few hours to make way for other attractions and, in the reverse direction, can be re-created into and Ice-Hockey rink by an army of workmen within a matter of hours.

Swimmers are the losers and there were many overseas visitors for the Olympics who were amazed that such a pool was not and all the year round venue for swimmers.

"It could be the making of many British swimming hopes was one comment, and it was thought that it was a great mistake not to put the pool to use in this particular direction as regular use of it for training hopefuls would result in big successes at the next Olympic Games.

Certain it is that no similar facilities exist indoors.

The average swimming baths are smaller than Wembley by many yards. Wembley had a fifty Metres length for the Olympics with very deep water for the diving. Most indoor swimming baths constructed many years ago are three or four lengths to the hundred yards with a diving depth of between six and eight feet. But for the Ice Hockey attraction there is no doubt that Wembley could have been turned into the swimmers ideal. When created before the Ice Hockey boom it had artificial waves at the shallow end with the installation nowadays of a sliding roof for summer and heating for winter it could indeed be a swimmer's paradise.

EUROPE AND AMERICA TO MEET IN ATHLETICS EVERY TWO YEARS

First International Contest May Be Staged In An American Town

LONDON, Sept. 13 (Reuter): Plans are now being discussed for the holding of an International Athletics Contest between Europe and the United States every two years. The first to be staged either in New York or Amsterdam next year.

The proposal was first discussed in London lastmonth and was enthusiastically received by American Officials including Mr. Avery Brundage of the Olympic Committee, and Dan Ferris, Secretary of the American Amateur Athletic Union.

The contest would be either between Europe and a combined North and South American Team or a Triangular Tournament with teams representing Europe, North American and South America.

A straight contest between two teams was finally decided. Three competitors from each would compete in each event. In all about 120 athletes would compete in the match which would include all Olympic Events with the exception of the Marathon and Walking.

Czechoslovakia is interested in the orgahisation of the first match but for financial reasons an American town might be preferable to Prague.

It is thought in sporting circles here that plans for the matches will be realised by 1949, although much work has yet to be carried out.

COMBINED III DIVISION WIN REPLAY

Rover's Cup Football

BOMBAY, Monday:

COMBINED III DIVISION 1
FIRESTONES 0

A solitary goal scored during the first half of extra time enabled a Combined III Division side to get the better of the senior division combination of Firestones in the replayed first round match of the Rover's Cup at the Cooperage this evening.

During the second half, right back Rebeiro missed a penalty awarded for handling in the penalty area, the ball hitting the upright and rebounding into play.

Jadhav who scored the only goal of the match was perhaps the only forward on either side who indulged in constructive football.

THE TEAMS:

COMBINED III DIVISION—Easwar; Rebeiro and Lawrence; Johnson, Fakkruddin and David; Mendes, Shinde, Jadhav, Govindrai and Daniel.

FIRESTONES—McGready; Pinto and A. Fernandes; Aziz, Vasant and Carvalho; Martis, Roberts, Rodrigues, Michael and S Fernandes.

Arsenal's Championship Medals Cause Comments

LONDON, Sept. 13 (Reuter): The story is going around that an Arsenal player on receiving his championship medal for last season's performance of the team was curious regarding its actual value so he took it to jeweller friend and was told ten and six pence.

The point is that the Football Association's solid gold medals given to the Cup Winners and Runners-up last April were worth £30 and £8 respectively and footballers are left wondering why the Football League could not have obtained gold medals for the League Champions. The Football League is quite a rich company and it cannot be lack of funds. Two or three hundred pounds spent on medals in a season would not make a very big hole in their assets.

Scarcity is perhaps their reason, in which case where did the Football Association obtain their gold medals for the Cup Finalists?

It was only curiosity which led to the actual value becoming known for every Arsenal player knows that the real reward was the honour of having accomplished the feat of winning the title.

The Sportsman's Sportfolio

Bombay's Bid For Inter-Varsity Soccer Championship

BY J. C. MAITRA.

For the first time since the inauguration of the Inter-Universities Football Tournament more than a decade ago, the Bombay University has decided to take part in it, up to this time the local University authorities had concentrated on cricket and athletics. Hockey and football—particularly the latter—were a sort of 'bete noir' to them. I am therefore glad to find that their angle of vision has now been changed. They are out to encourage these world games as much as cricket, if not more. They have now begun to realise that cricket has a restricted sphere of influence and that too in some parts of the British Empire only. Besides it taxes our energy, time and money beyond our capacity.

NATIONAL GAME IN INDIA

Dr. S. K. Muranjan, Principal of the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economies, presiding over the Inter-Collegiate final at the Cooperage on Thursday last expressed the hope that soccer would become the National game of India as it had all the good points necessary for such a game. I join with him in that wish.

Bombay has selected the following 15 players to proceed to Nagpur to Travancore on September 19. A. T. Vaidya (Captain), T. Le Febour (Vice-Captain), C. Pereira, S. B. Salvi, Y. Khan, M. D'Sa, I. K. Maitra, G. V. Bhosekar, L. Mendonca, K. Sundaram L. Mathias, B. D'Souza, A. L. Lobo, A. S. D. Syed and R. D'Souza. The last-named trio are from Poona and the rest from Bombay. It is hoped that Bombay would give a creditable account of themselves in the Championship.

XAVIERITES WIN AGAIN

The St. Xavier's College won the Inter-Collegiate Football Championship for the fourth year in succession. But unlike previous years they had to fight hard to retain the trophy this time. The Ruia College gave them a good run for their money in the final. As a matter of fact they had an excellent chance of conquering their redoubtable rivals in their first meeting. But they committed the tactical blunder of playing a defensive game in the second half with the idea of retaining their one-goal lead. They should know that attack is the best defence. The Xavierites managed to draw in the end.

On the second occasion, Ruia were distinctly unlucky to lose their captain and star forward, Bhosekar through a toe injury in the early part of the engagement. Playing with ten men they were not expected to hold their formidable opponents in check. They went down ultimately by three goals to one. The Xavierites however, fully deserved their victory.

MORE STILL AND LESS VIOLENCE

The Football Association of Britain has done well to adopt the international rule in regard to charging. This means that henceforth players will not be able to charge their opponents—even fairly—when they are not within playing distance of the ball. I do not see why there should be any discontent about it among the players or spectators in England or anywhere else.

The object of the rule is to permit fair charging when your opponent is in posession of the ball or he is about to get it. But why should a player charge his rival when he is nowhere near the ball?Such things, if allowed, are bound to lead to rough play and culminate in unpleasant events. Let us therefore have more still and less violence, and then the game will be more pleasant to watch.

WILL REVOLUTIONISE CINEMA INDUSTRY

Briton's Invention Shows New Development In Colour Films

LONDON, Sept. 12. (Reuter): The operator put a black and white film in the ordinary projector of a London cinema this week. Pressed a button and immediately a picture was showing on the screen in a full range of flowing natural colour.

It was the first public showing of a new development in colour films, the invention of Arthur Lacon, a 69-year-old builder contractor from Northern England.

For four years he has been nursing his secret and only now that it is thoroughly protected by patents in most countries of the world has he seen fit to publicise it. Even so only one member of the Press was admited to the showing.

Lacon predicts that in a few years the invention will revolutionise the entire film industry beacause it is the first to use all the shades of colour visible to the eye.

The process of manufacture is simple. Ordinary black and white panchromatic film is used, but shots are taken alternatively with different filters. After normal black and white processing the film is put into a projector with a small gadget in the shutter producing alternatively "sunlight" and "moonlight" as each picture goes past.

Instead of using the gadget on the projector, films can be tinted cheaply in the laboratories so that they can be used in front of normal white light. High-power lights are not necessary.

The invention is to be offered to British Independent Film Producers forming a co-operative company to produce their own films in opposition to the Arthur Rank and United States interests in Britain.

The secret is based on a fact known to every printer that any combination of colours can be achieved by printing with yellow, red and blue inks one after the others. Long ago attempts were made to apply this to films. A blue exposure was followed by a red and then by a yellow. In front of the camera these gave the impression of mixed colour on the screen, but unfortunately the speed required was so high that the project had to be abandoned.

Lacon, after long research, has managed to overcome the difficulty and has discovered that the spectrum can be split-not into three colours but into two only. From these basic tints "sunlight" and "moonlight" as he calls them, Lacon says every known colour and shade can be built up.

HIGH COMMISSIONER'S TITLE TO GO

Agenda For Commonwealth Conference Session

LONDON, Sept. 12, (UPI): Among the various questions which will be discussed by Commonwealth Premiers' Conference next month is one relating to that of changing the Commonwealth Diplomatic title—the "High Commissioner", it is learned here today. There is a suggesnion that the title should be changed to Ambassador, thus giving the Commonwealth envoys the same status as foreign representatives.

Arrangements for the Conference, which is to begin early next month, possibly, from October 11, are now almost complete. The Conference is expected to last for about two week.

Besides subjects of common interest to the British and Commonwealth Governments including trade, defence and constitutional questions which are to be discussed, Premier Attlee will also have the Commonwealth Premiers' views on the question of the British Government's attitude toward a proposal for European Assembly. Mr. Attlee, who is at present under medical treatment, hopes to be well enough to take prominent part in the discussions.

The plenary meetings of the Conference, it is stated, will be kept to the minimum, and most of the business of the Conference will be done through informal meetings. No decisions requiring the Parliamentary ratification here or in the Commonwealth countries are expected, the purpose of the Conferennce being essentially to provide opportunities for a frank exchange of views upon matters of concern to the Commonwealth as a whole.

U. S. Waves To Be Stationed At Overseas Bases

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (UPA): Waves will be stationed at selected bases overseas beginning Wednesday, the Navy disclosed today.

The Navy said it is setting up a policy for rotation of its women members between the United States and stations overseas.

The exact bases where they will serve have not been choosen but the Navy said that they will be confined to areas now open to wives of naval personnel.

De Gaulle Intends To Return To Power

PARIS, Sept. 13 (UPA): General Charles de Gaulle speaking to 40 000 supporters at Nice said today that he intends to return to power and establish a government above and outside of politics, religion, business and trade unions.

In an ambitious political move De Gaulle toured southern France demanding new national elections.

"De Gaulle to Power", shouted the crowd when he appeared. De Gaulle replied, "We are going there".

As De Gaulle spoke Premier Henri Queuilles compromise cabinet not for the first time and began to work on a wage and price programme designed to appease housewives, workers and members of parliament.

To Communist organized a counter demonstration at Nice which drew between 2,000 and 3,000 persons but there were no clashes.

Punjab Ministers To Have Two Planes

SIMLA, Sept. 13 (API).—Two five-seater American planes costing about Rs. 45,000 each have been purchased by the East Punjab Government for conveyance of Ministers during their tours.

News in Brief

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (Reuter).—The United State today reiterated her refusal to turn over to the Soviet authorities the three Russian schol teachers who took refuge here and told the Soviet Ambassador in Washington that the matter must now be considered closed.

BARODA, Sept. 13.—New Gumasta Act and Rules have been applied to Baroda City.

RAJKOT,—It is understood Saurashtra Government intends to start 8 power-houses in four districts of Saurashtra. They will be used for drawing water from wells for irrigation purpose.

FASTING AS SPIRITUAL WEAPON

Vinoba Bhave Condemns Growing Practice

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11 (UPI): "Fasting is a great spiritual weapon. One of the legitimate weapons in a non-violent man's armoury. But it is the last weapon and should not be used for petty purposes. Purity of mind, discernment and absolute absence of all egoism are the qualities necessary for fasting. Satyagraha knows no self persistence. Let 'Satya' manifest its own persistence and he alone is entitled to wield the weapon of fast who has for long rendered mother-like services to the world", declared Acharya Vinoba Bhave, addressing post-prayer meeting ths evenng t Rajghat.

Condemning the growing practice of fastng for all kinds of purposes and to achieve all manner of end, Acharya Vinoba conined: "Today, all over the country fasting unto death has became common. Of course, this is an expression of discontent of many kinds. But I have hardly come across a case in which the fast is justifiable from a moral and spiritual point of view."

HYDERABAD DELEGATION LEAVES KARACHI

KARACHI, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): The Hyderabad state's delegation to the United Nations General Assembly's session at Paris left for London by a B.O.C. today (Monday).

The delegation will be joined by Mr. Zahir Ahmed in London who will act as the delegation's Secretary.

The delegation will fly from London to Paris.

Panther's Body Found On Fork Of Tree

(From Our Own Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, (By Mail).—Miss Indira, eldest daughter of Mr. D. V. Rege, Commissioner of Jubbulpore, was married to Maj. D. K. Chandorkar, of the 10th Bn. Rajputana Rifles and son of the late Mr. K. R. Chandorkar and Mrs. Chandorkar of Narsinghpur.

During the past week there has been unusual heavy rain for this time of the year. Farmers have become nervous in respect of their crops of paddy and jowar, some of which have rotted owing to the lack of sunshine. The skies are still overcast.

The dead body of a panther was found entangled in the fork of a tree at the village of Khanda, thirty miles from Jubbulpore. The carcase of a bullock was lying near the tree. It is surmised the panther, after having fed off the bullock, jumped on to the tree and, unfortunately, landed on its back. It was unable to extricate itself while in this position.

Fao Advisory Committee On Statistics

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12

A meeting of the Standing Advisory Committee on Statistics, Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations, will be held in Washington from September 20. Dr. P. V. Sukhatme, Statistical Adviser, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, who is the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, has left for USA to attend the meeting.

Gujeral Research Mandal Bhavnagar Branch

(From Our Correspondent)

BHAVNAGAR, Sept. 12

Co-Secretary of Socialist Party Mr. Gore came here and gave a public lecture on Indian economic condition and inflation.

Bhavnagar Branch of Gujarat Research, Mandal was opened yesterday by the President of Mandal and Chief Justice of Saurashtra Mr. Divetia, Mr. Harbhai Trivedi and others spoke wishing success to the Mandals

ALLAHABAD SEARCHES AND ARRESTS

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 13 (UPI): Following a surprise raid by the police on a house in Mohalla Daryabad, yesterday, four persons were arrested on alleged charge of manufacturing and possessing unauthorised fire arms.

It is reported that police recovered from the possession of the accused eight powerful live cartridge of 303 bore and a huge quantity of ammunitions.

The Bombay Chronicle

There is something among men more capable of shaking despotic power than lightning, whirlwind, or earthquake; that is the threatened indignation of the whole civilized world. —DANIEL WEBSTER.

THE NEW HYDERABAD

The military operations against Hyderabad that were commenced on the morning of September 13, are the logical consequence of the Nizam's opposition to a peaceful settlement. Beginning with refusal to accede, the Nizam's attitude has now hardened into reluctance to negotiate an agreement; at the same time, from asserting the right of Hyderabad to independence the ruling clique in the Nizam's Dominions degenerated into maintaining the fanatically communal Razakars and refusing to the Hyderabad public their due share in the administration. The Union Government have given every proof of their will to peace but they have been forced to launch a campaign for the rescue of Hyderabad from the clutches of the communalists into which it has fallen. When the demand for the disbanding of the Razakars was turned down by the Nizam, the Government of India had no option but to undertake the task themselves. Yet they refrained from precipitate action and contented themselves with seeking the Nizam's consent to restation Union forces in Secunderabad with a view to restoring public security. Pandit Jawaharlal at his last press conference at Delhi observed that with or without that consent Union forces would be moved into Secunderabad. The Nizam's rejection of this demand has forced the Union Government to take the initiative. The circumstances demanded that every effort be made to obtain a quick decision, and the Union Government have moved their forces into Hyderabad from all sides of the encircling frontier. Obviously the present operations are for far more than stationing of Union forces at Secunderabad. They provide a context in which accession has ceased to be an issue any more.

Indicative of the attitude of the Union Government is the proclamation of a state of emergency by Mr. Rajagopalachari, the Governor-General. "There is imminent danger of the security of India being threatened by internal disturbances",—nothing could convey more fully the Government's conception of Hyderabad as a part of India. It is to ensure the security of India that the operations in Hyderabad have been undertaken. A threat to the unity and integrity of the Indian Union was offered by the attempt of the Nizam and his supporters to secede and set up an independent Sovereign State in Hyderabad, a part of it. And the effect was not by any way made better by the communal bias behind it. Except that the Indian States have enjoyed and do still enjoy, even under accession, a greater measure of autonomy than the Indian provinces, Hyderabad "independence", as conceived by the Nizam, is no different than an effort by a caucus in any unit of the Union to capture and retain power would be. In so far as Hyderabad, under the Nizam's rule, is an undiluted autocracy, the position is infinitely worse. The Government of India's action, therefore, is, as has been pointed out by responsible spokesmen of all sections of opinion, purely and primarily political. Pandit Jawaharlal in one of his Madras pronouncements observed that the Union's campaign would not be war against Hyderabad but military operations. It is in this light that the entry of Union forces into Hyderabad has to be seen.

The Indian Army has encountered little effective opposition. Its entry into Hyderabad has served to relieve the tension created by the terror tactics of the Razakars. The first day's reckoning is creditable. As it moves into the heart of the State, stiffer resistance might naturally be expected. Hyderabad, from the figures given in the white Paper, has a standing army of some 30,000, an armed police force of about 35,000, and 8,000 irregulars. Of the Razakars, the White Paper says, "The headquarters are in Hyderabad City, but its ramifications cover the whole State; seventy thousand men, women and children have undergone training; 1,50,000 members are on the rolls, and recruitment is going on briskly to reach the target figure of five lakhs of Razakars". This is the force arrayed in the opposite camp, and it would be well not to minimise the resistance that such numbers can offer. As against this, however, there is the fact that Hyderabad has a home front to look after, that there are acute problems caused by transport and petrol shortage, and that, for all the peacetime ardour of communalists, the Razakar rabble is likely in times of stress to be a liability rather than an asset to the administration. The terror spread by the Razakars in the countryside has now become a formidable weapon in the hands of the invading forces. Members of the State Congress have been reported helping the Union military and police in the task of mopping up the Razakars and with their knowledge of the terrain.

The impressive strength with which the Indian army has moved forward, indicates the Union Government's desire for a quick decision. From Delhi and from West Bengal have come convincing proof of the solidarity of the support from the Union people, to the large majority of whom the decision to act has come as a relief. The succour of Hyderabad, the real Hyderabad of the 16 millions, has brought together all sections of opinion in the Union. A United India faces a Hyderabad caucus, and the result cannot be in doubt. If the Nizam realises the implications of this, he will yet seek the path of peace—even though it will need more effective guarantees to persuade the Union of his changed attitude than were needed on the eve of operations; even though it will mean surrender and acceptance of the paramountcy of the Indian Union and of his people's will. If His Exalted Highness continue to resist the inevitable he might postpone the final settlement by a few weeks but he cannot avert it. A new Hyderabad is in the making. Till yesterday the Nizam could have helped in bringing it into existence. Today, the task has to be done without him. And it is a task that brooks no delay.

Judiciary And Executive

There has been much talk recently about the injustice of the Executive interfering with the rights of Judiciary, but such interference does not seem to have appreciably diminished under popular Government. A shocking case of interference has been reported from Bihar, a criminal case in which the police submitted a charge-sheet as long ago as March 5, 1947, but the trial in the Court has not yet been completed and the proceedings were being held up indefinitely under an order of the Provincial Government. Commenting on such indefinite postponements, the Chief Justice Mr. C. M. Agarwala of the Patna High court and Justice J. K. Narayan point out that the conduct of a case is in the hands of the court and not in the hands of the State even when the State is a party as prosecutor and that "no party to a litigation has any right to dictate to the Court how it shall conduct the proceedings; still less has it a right to hold up a trial indefinitely without even consulting the convenience of the other side". With more severity their Lordships warn the Government that it is time its officers realised that in the Courts of Justice "they have no privileges which are not secured to them by Statute" and that their position in the courts "is precisely the same as that of any other litigant and no interference will be tolerated". Executive officers, high or low, should know the law which governs them and must not be allowed to interfere with it.

Communal Harmony Maintained

(From Our Own Correspondent)
DACCA, Aug. 31.

It is more than a year now that Pakistan came into the picture and it is just as well to take stock of what has happened during this period. Of course, it began-especially the East Pakistan with a handicap that was more than ordinary. The headquarters was Dacca which was almost a howling wilderness with none of the advantages or amenities of modern civilization. But still the State made a bold start and survived the crisis that was due to a variety of circumstances.

There was an unfortunate and extraordinary exodus of the Hindus from this area an exodus caused by misgivings on account of the Punjab happenings and strengthened by designing stories in newspapers and the Hindus who had to stay were put to great difficulty largely because their friends were gone. There was a feeling of vague fear which proved to be entirely unnecessary and those who had apprehended trouble were totally disillusioned. In fact the greatest achievement of this East Pakistan Government has been the maintenance of perfect communal harmony and the departure of the Hindus from this area was regretted by Mohamedans in the rural areas if not in the urban where varied elements exist and those Hindus who migrated into Calcutta to starve under the canopy of heaven are now ruining their fate. They now feel like the 'prodigal son' of the scriptures; but, unfortunately, some of them have burnt their boats and may not find life so congenial if they return.

The effect of this exodus was felt in almost every sphere of life largely because the Hindus of Eastern Bengal have been a brilliant people and their departure from this area is bound to react prejudicially in every sphere of life. This was unfortunate and a large section of the population were apparently tools in the hands of the propagandist. But those who thought seriously over the situation preferred to stay and time has definitely shown that they have had not much to regret.

The Congress in this area played a sensible part. There sprang up an unfortunate division in camp and they started quarrelling over the name of the 'Congress'. In fact there have been two big groups one unwilling to retain the name of the Congress but still determined to act in the political sphere extending the hand of fellowship to the Government; but the more orthodox group headed by an oldstager in Congress politics, Mr. Sris Chandra Chatterjee, established the Pakistan National Congress willing to co-operate with the Government where co-operation was due but a most amazing development has been the political conversion of Mr. Sris Chandra Chatterjee who, under British rule, was always like the Irish 'again the Government'. That he is now a friend of the Pakistan Government is apparent from the fact that he has just left for England as a member of the Pakistan Delegation to the Empire Parliamentary Conference that will be held in London sometime in October. This is undoubtedly a triumph for the Government.

Income-Tax Law

Exemption Claimed For Charitable Purpose

WARNING FROM TRIBUNE TRUST CASE.

(By Observer)

The Privy Council decision in the case of Tribune Trust, Lahore on October 14, 1947 published in I.T.R. XVI page 214, may give satisfaction to legal quibblers in the Income-tax Department but in the changed perspective of the country when we hear so much about assessees making their full contributions to the National revenue it will appear nothing more than a moral defeat.

EXEMPTION CLAIMED

The Tribune Trust of Lahore used to be assessed to income-tax, but, in respect of its assessment for the year 1932-33, it raised an objection to the assessment on the ground that it was exempt from taxation by virtue of section 4(3) (i) of the Income-tax Act. In other words, it claimed that its income was derived from property held under trust or other legal obligation wholly for religious or charitable purposes.

The contention was overruled by the Income-tax authorities. The matter went up to the Lahore High Court and on June 4, 1935 that Court held that the income of the Trust was not exempt from tax.

The Tribune Trust appealed against this decision to the Privy Council, but meanwhile assessments for the years 1933-34 to 1938-39 were raised against the assessse, besides a supplementary assessment in respect of the year 1931-32. The assessee appealed against the assessment for 1931-32, 1933-34, 1934-35 and 1936-37 but the returns for all these years were filed under protest and so was the payment of the tax made. The Tribune Trust, however, did not seek a reference to the High Court in respect of the years for which appeals had been filed and dismissed. The point of law involved being the same, it was evidently under the impression that all these assessments would be naturally governd by the decision of the Privy Council in respect of the year 1932-33.

SUCCESSFUL APPEAL

On 13th June 1939, the Privy Council held that the Tribune Trust was exempt from tax under section 4(3)(i). Their Lordships's decision is reported in THE TRUSTEES OF THE TRIBUNE TRUST v. COMMISSIONER OF INCOME-TAX, PUNJAB, LAHORE (7 I.T.R. 415).

In conformity with this decision the tax levied for the assessment year, 1932-33, was refunded by the Income-tax department but, as assessments upto 1938-39 had also been completed and the tax paid, the assessee applied to the Commissioner of Income-tax under section 33 requesting him to cancel all these assessments on the ground that the Trust was not liable to income-tax in view of the decision of the Prvy Council The Commissioner rejected this application saying that it was open to the assessee to keep these assessments alive by having them included in the reference to the Privy Council.

Obviously the Commissioner took his stand on the strictly legal aspect of the matter and did not take into consideration that the Trust property having been declared as one held for religious and charitable purposes no tax was due from it for any of these years.

A LEGAL QUIBBLE

The Commissioner having refused to act under section 33, the assessee demanded a reference to the High Court under section 66 which was refused. But the Lahore High Court issued a mandamus to the Commissioner for making a reference and also formulated some questions of law which in their opinion arose for decision. As a result, the Lahore High Court held on March 23, 1944 that the assessments for the years in dispute were a nullity and that the Commissioner did not exercise properly the discretion vested in him under section 33.

As a result of this decision, the department was ordered to refund the tax levied from the Tribune Trust but the department appealed against the decision of the Lahore High Court to the Privy Council, and the highest Court of appeal held.

(i) that the assessments were the a nullity but were valid and effective until they were set aside;

(ii) that the assessee had no right enforceable against the Commissioner to require refund of tax by it upon grounds of equity and good conscience;

(iii) that the Commissioner did not exercise improperly the discretion vested in him under section 33;

(iv) that section 33 did not confer upon the assessee a general right to relief and that the assessee's claim to relief was rightly rejected by the Commissioner.

LACK OF FORESIGHT

It is clear that for want of a little foresight on the part of the Trustees or their excessive faith in the sense of equity and good conscience of the department they failed to apply to the Commissioner for a reference to the High Court in respect of all the assessments which had been made in the period intervening between the decision of the High Court refusing to recognise the property as a Trust property and that of the Privy Council holding that the Trust property being held for charitable purposes, was exempt from tax. Even if the trustees had taken an undertaking from the Commissioner that all the subsequent cases would be decided in view of the decision of the Privy Council and on that undertaking had refrained from unnecessary proceedings of demanding a reference to the High Court in respect of each year's assessments, the position would have been entirely different. They would not have lost nearly a lac of rupees which they have now done.

To avoid repetition of such cases, Government should amend the Act, directing Commissioners of Income-tax to revise all subseqent assessments affected by the decision of the High Court or Privy Council in respect of the assessment of an eralier year.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Pakistan's Governor-General

Once more the forecasts have proved wrong. For some time, the press has been considering Mr. Jinnah's successor in the Governor-Generalship of Pakistan. From the Nawab of Bhopal to Sir Francis Mudie, every personality active in the creation of Pakistan has been canvassed. But in the end, it is Khwaja Nazimuddin, Premier of East Bengal, who has been chosen. The selection is a concession to Eastern Pakistan which holds the majority of Pakistan's total population. In the partition plan, Pakistan got a Constituent Assembly of some 67 members, of whom 44 came from East Bengal and Sylhet. But Eastern Pakistan was the neglected province of the new Dominion, with not even a cabinet seat in the Centre to boast of. With the dynamic personality of the Quaid-e-Azam at the head, the omission of Bengal passed unnoticed. After him, it was evidently felt necessary to make some amends. The new Governor-General, however, will have a less dynamic role than his illustrious predecessor but he might be relied on to keep his province under control. The choice is a sop to East Bengal. It is very doubtful, however, whether it will succeed in checking the growing unrest of the Eastern Pakistani, who will naturally assert himself in the changed conditions of the Dominion.

Democracy In Jeopardy

M. Queuille, the Radical with an "undamaged reputation", has succeeded in forming a Government in France. But, as our report suggests, the "expectation of life" of the present Cabinet, too, is short. And it should not surprise anyone if before long there was another governmental crisis in France. This is due to the fact that what are called the democratic parties and groups in the National Assembly cannot make up their minds to unite on any common programme which may serve as a satisfactory compromise between all interests. The chaotic parliamentary situation and the growing economic crisis are naturally increasing the popularity of the Communists at one end and de Gaullists at the other in the country. And the leaders of these two parties would be fools if they did not take advantage of the weakness of others. They are, in fact, no fools. General de Gaulle, for instance, is going all out to exploit the situation, demanding reforms in the electoral laws and dissolution of the present National Assembly. If the present Assembly is ignominiously dissolved as a result of its own internal troubles, democracy in France and peace and progress will be gravely jeopardised. But how can the present National Assembly continue to exist if the internal conflicts and differences do not end?

Stop The Rot

Addressing a conference of Congress workers of West Bengal on Sunday, Mr. Shankarrao Deo regretted that Congresmen thought today that they could serve the people only through power. This is clearly a euphemism for the scramble for office or power among many influential Congress workers. It is true that available offices are few but they are ceaselessly sought by many Congressmen with the result that constructive work has sadly suffered in every province. Even the duty of collecting of funds for the Gandhi Memorial Fund has been neglected by Congress bodies which should have taken the lead in collection work. Numerous persons are eager to contribute but they have not been approached by authorised collectors. The Congress needs to be so reorganised as to make it once again a body of active workers. It is true that a mere change in the constitution will not bring about the desired result. But a suitable change can attract to the body more workers than place-hunters.

Dr. Malan Strikes

Dr. Dadoo and Nr. Naicker, the South African Indian leaders, have been prevented from proceeding to Paris to advise the Indian and Pakistan delegations to the United Nations Assembly. If Dr. Malan and his Government think that thereby they have weakened the Indian and Pakistan delegations and struck a blow at the Indo-Pakistan case against South Africa, they are mistaken. In fact, they have underlined their own fanatical colour prejudice and racialism of which they have given conspicuous proofs lately. The reasons given for withdrawing the passports of Doctor Dadoo and Dr. Naicker are that these two Indians are active Communist agitators and that they have a record of persistent law-breaking and "un-South-African activities both at home and abroad". The charge of their being Communists has, whether true or false, been thrown in for good measure and as likely to weigh with Communistphobes in the United Nations. It is not relevant, much less is it material, to the issue raised by India in the United Nations.

Clear Alternatives

The reasons that deserve notice are that the Indian leaders are lawbreakers and are given to un-South-African activities. Their law-breaking and their activities both in South Africa and abroad are known to have been concentrated against the policy of racial discrimination pursued openly and blatantly by the White Government of South Africa. This policy has, under the Malan regime been extended and intensified in a manner which is conspicuously defiant. And it is the protest against this policy, through satyagraha and publicity, that has been described as "un-South-African". If racial discrimination is evil, inhuman and a denial of the principles and spirit of the United Nations charter, the defiant stand of the Malan regime by it and proclamation of opposition to it as "un-South-African" is a challenge to the honour, self-respect and honesty of the United Nations. Those who at the last sessions of the U.N. Assembly defeated India's case by denying it, actively or through abstention a two-thirds majority, betrayed the U.N. itself by going back on its earlier resolution and thus striking a blow at the prestige and self-respect of that organisation. The issue and the alternatives have now become even sharp. At the Parist session the members, that is, those, who did not support India in September last will have before them the choice of facing Dr. Malan's challenge to international principles and human conscience or of betraying with open but decisive treachery and cowardice, the United Nations and all that they profess.

Advance Social Reform

It is an encouraging sign of the times that the non-official Bill prohibiting bigamous marriages among Hindus and permitting divorce in certain circumstances was unanimously adopted by the Madras Legislative Assembly with loud cheers and applause. South India has long been intensely orthodox and the members of the Congress Party in the legislature were given freedom to vote as they wished. The unanimous support to the Bill in the Assembly encourages the hope that the Upper House, too, would carry it without serious opposition. Some such bill was long overdue but even popular Governments have been slow to sponsor such social reform measures. The politcial revolution, however, seems to be bringing in its wake a social revolution, too, and it is not unreasonable to hope that the Hindu Code Bill will have an easy passage in the Central Legislature. Social Reformers should be up and doing when the times are so favourable for reform.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Plight Of Middle Classes

Sir,—Today while labour is dissatisfied and pampered, while peasant is despairing and is sought to be appeased, no one seems to think of the middle-classes, who are the backbone of all society and polity as they are the real equilibrium between extremism of all sorts. To-day the middle classes are ruined and are facing extinction. These middle classes were the backbone of sixty years national struggle for independence with the Congress. The inflation will destroy the masses and middle classes and benefit only the wealthy.

This inflation in the country is a a definite danger to the economic equilibrium and peoples' security and its further acceleration must be immediately prevented and the steps should be quickly taken for its progressive reduction in these times.

At the same time, instead of growing and grieving the Middle classes who are indispensible in any State and Society in every country, should realise for themselves that after using them, their interests have been betrayed and their destruction has been fostered and therafter un-restricted autocratic authorities and respotic rulership have been the consequence. After this experience in Italy, Spain and Germany the Indian Government should take systematic steps for safeguarding the middle classes. Moreover, it must become a national duty of all thoughtful persons and groups-intellectual, professional, occupational and vocational among the middle classes in each province and State and in every city or town to take up their leadership and initiate and guide the middle classes into an independent organisation for protecting their interests and promoting their social, material and cultural advancement and securing their rightful place and participation in the State.—Yours, etc.,

MANJULAL SAKERLAL DESAI.
Ahmedabad.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

NANKING, September 12: Proposals for U.S. Occupation Forces to remain in South Korea for another two years had been accepted under a tentative agreement, Mr. Pyung Chowgh. Special Representative of Dr. Syngman Rhee, President of the Republic of Southern Korea, said when he arrived in Nanking tonight.

—Reuter.

* * *

At an eve-of-invasion public meeting Mr. Syed Kasim Razvi, said that Hyderabad could face any calamity that might befall her.

We are sure she can. If Hyderabad could face Kasim Razvi who befell her she can face any calamity that befalls her.

* * *

Apropos of the four-pronged "invasion" of Hyderabad by Indian troops there is no confirmation yet from any other quarter of our own self-suggested rumour that Napolean Kazim Razvi has struck back with a counter-offensive and, when last heard of, was already less than half way 'en route' to Delhi and its Red Fort.

That for the present is all the exclusive information that we feel inclined to give you about the progress of the war. But you can stand by for further scoops as and when more real news breaks.

* * *

Exposing the propaganda in Egypt of certain Hyderabad agents, Dr. Syud Hossain, India's Ambassador, says: "They seek to make a religious appeal to the Arabs on the allegation that Hyderabad is a Muslim State, but the fact that 85 per cent of the population of Hyderabad is non-Muslim is usually omitted".

Naturally. What would be the sense in wasting time and energy mentioning utter irrelevancies which hadn't the remotest relation to the realities of the issue?

* * *

Says a Karachi report: About 75,000 persons attended the Palestine Day meeting carrying with them huge placards demanding immediate aid to—guess.

You are quite wrong. It was immediate aid to—Hyderabad.

* * *

Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, too, has paid a tribute to the Qaid-i-Azam. Says Mr. Bhopatkar: "He demonstrated that man lives not by bread alone, and that the ties of blood, religion and culture are infinitely stronger than those of patriotism and economic uplift".

We get the strategistic point of the present Hindu Mahasabha boss' idea behind his tribute.

* * *

According to "authoritative" diplomatic informants the talks the other night between the British Ambassador, Mr. George Marshall and the latter's experts on Russia were concerned with the drafting of directions for a new and firm Western Allied approach to M. Stalin.

A new and firm Western Allied approach to Mr. Stalin! Phew.....

* * *

According to another Washington report, the Republican leader, Senator Vandenberg, talked with Mr. Marshall and his (Senator V's) appearance in the midst of the Anglo-American consultations supported the view that major developments in policy were being discussed.

Double phew.....

* * *

And, finally, according to a London report, nothing is known in the British capital about any proposal for a new and firm approach to M. Stalin or any major developments, etc.

No phew.

* * *

Campaigning in South France, General de Gaulle is reported to have said at Toulon: "The leadership of the nation is not what it should be. The people must express their wish".

As desired by de Gaulle to be their wish.

* * *

"I am convinced", added the General, "that when the country is consulted it will be General de Gaulle and those who follow him who will reconstruct France".

We cannot but acknowledge and admire the personal modesty of General de Gaulle.

* * *

Hungary has rejected Yugoslav charges of "interference" (in the form of a press and radio campaign) in Yugoslavia's internal affairs since the Cominform resolution condemning Marshal Tito.

We are on the side of Hungary. The press and radio campaign since the anti-Tito Cominform resolution is certainly not interference in Yugoslavia's internal affairs but the pursuit of a sacred mission.

OPEN AIR

This morning the air was full of dragonflies and we could hear the rustle of their powerful yet dainty gauzy wings as they swooped and curved in their rapid flight over the vegetable field, catching any small flying creature unlucky enough to get in their way. For dragonflies are cannibals from the beginning of their lives to the end. Vegetable fare would not satisfy them as it does such insects as the plant Bug or Butter-fly. The dragonfly lay her eggs in water, generally in the stem of some water weed. If there are no plants you may see it flying over the water, submerging its tail as it passes and drops an egg directly into the water. The young larvae live in the water for several weeks, at first eating microscopically small water creatures invisible to the human eye, but later, as they grow, turning to larger prey such as water fleas, mosquito larvae, tadpoles and even small fish. When fully grown the larva leaves the water, and climbs up into the open air. Here the skin bursts and a very crumpled young dragonfly walks out. For several hours during the night it sits in the same place, twitching spasmodically. Gradually the wings straighten and grow strong and then the next morning it goes off on the first joyous flight of its aerial existence.

D. R.

Details Of Operations In Bezwada Sector

BEZWADA, Sept. 13 (API).—Military objectives at the Warangal aerodrome were targets of a successful air attack by Royal Indian Air Force, according to reports received at Madira by noon today, writes an Associated Press of India special correspondent who toured the South-East Border area today.

Kodar, a town about 60 miles from Bezwada, which was the scene of the first engagement between Indian troops and Hyderabad State forces on September 6, was also captured by one battalion of the Indian army troops this morning.

Thus, within two hours after the commencement of operations from the Bezwada end, our troops and police had penetrated a distance of about 50 miles into the Hyderabad State territory and by afternon had reached Suryapet, another 20 miles ahead.

POLICE ACTIONS

Simultaneously with military action police also carried out operations which resulted in quick results, about 35 miles of railway from Bezwada to Madira within Hyderabad territory on the road to Secunderabad being taken by our forces and nearly 125 square miles of Hyderabad State territory combed out by armed police for Razakars.

The police commandered the only train running daily between the Nizam's dominion and Begwada and brought over 100 Razakars as prisoners to Bezwada by 8 p.m. today.

Platoons of specially trained armed police led by Mr. V. Subbarovan, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Northern Range, and assisted by a number of officers of the border police left their base camp at Peddavaram at 5 a.m. and travelled a distance of a few miles by lorries. They marched on foot for some more miles, the objective being Yerupalayam, the first railway station inside the Hyderabad State on the Bezwada-Delhi line.

RAZAKARS CHASED

As the Indian police force approached the town, they fanned out and surrounded the outskirts of this once beautiful and rich township of over 200 houses but now rendered completely desolate and uninhabited on account of Razakar depredations. Three rounds were fired on the Razakars taking cover in tree tops. They chased them to the railway station and thence across cross-country into the hinterland.

Walking through the township of Yerupalayam one noticed that there was not a single soul in the village. Not a single house had even its doors left as the houses had been burgled of their contents. Rich vegetable garden patches remained unharvested and cattle were straying all over the place with none to look after them. This is typical of almost every village in this part of the State leading to their evacuation by the sacred inhabitants in search of safety.

YERUPALAYAM CAPTURED

Combing out every house and hiding place in the township, the party reached the railway station which was bereft of human beings except for the station master and some coolies. A search of the precincts resulted in the seizure of a number of muzzle-loading guns, several rounds of ammunition and countrymade weapons including daggers and axes. The Indian Union flag went up on the railway station building at about 7-30 a. m. to the accompaniment of cheering by the villagers who soon came back to their homes from hiding places and cries of "Swatantra Bharat Ki Jai" and "Pandit Jawaharlal Ki Jai." The villagers expressed their gratitude to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police for "saving them from the Razakar menace from which they had been suffering for over 18 months."

Yerupalayam having been captured, the Deputy Inspector-General of Police decided to commandeer the Nizam's train which was due then and took his men on it to the next station on the route to Madira. The train stopped at a few points "en route" to mop up Razakars, three of whom were shot at and taken prisoners with three guns including one of the latest model of Italian make.

At Madira the party contacted our military forces which had returned after capturing Bomakalu.

CAPTURE OF BOMAKALU

This military force started operations at four this morning from Lingala, a few miles west of Madira and advanced along the Wyra road mopping up Razakar strongholds. Eleven Razakars were killed and 24 injured and taken prisoners. They recovered a number of arms from the Razakars including muzzle loaders, daggers, modern ammunition and guns of latest Italian make. Bomakalu fell early in the morning.

From there our troops cleared the area of villages of Ravinutala and Gripuram. At the latter place they met with some resistance.

Approaching the State from another sector, crack Indian troops took possession of Kodar and raced towards Suryapet at noon.

Special police operations which are a part of the general strategy as far as the Bezwada sector is concerned were continued in the afternoon.

ACTION IN MADIRA

Troops left the police in charge of the two railway stations and Yerupalayam and Madira and pushed on towards Kammamet. The members of the special armed police squad had their hands full in the afternoon clearing Madira of Razakars. With the help of local State Congress volunteers who had suffered at the hands of the Razakars and knew the terrain and personnel in the town thoroughly they arrested nearly one hundred Razakars, making a haul of two cartloads of arms and ammunition both modern and obsolete.

Mopping up operations continued to clear the area of Razakars who had taken cover in the neighbouring shrubbery and trees. After making adequate dispositions at both the centres for security and field work the Deputy Inspector-General of Police sent back the train in the evening to Bezwada with the prisoners and passengers who had intended to proceed to stations in Hyderabad and beyond but could not do so on account of the police action taken inside the State.

VILLAGERS GRATITUDE

As the train returned to Bezwada villagers collected in their hundreds at every station and along the railway line to cheer the police for "liberating them from the nightmare of Razakars". Wherever their operations took the police and the military they were received with open arms and this morning when their initial efforts were crowned with quick success, the villagers ran to them with potfulls of milk and fruits and expressed their gratitude to them. Neither our police nor the troops sustained any casualty during the days operations. Razakar prisoners taken by the military today were mainly Muslims from the United Provinces and ex-servicemen.

The authorities are satisfied with the results achieved today. They have so far not, however, contacted the Razakars in strength at any point and are determined to pock them up in ones and twos if necessary and wipe them out. Tanks and aircraft gave excellent support to our troops.

The afternoon was devoted to consolidation of today's gains against defensive and offensive work which will mark the further stages of the police action.

Bezwada and its environs specially the liberated villages are as jubilant today as they were on fifteenth August last. The Bezwada railway station was crowded to capacity to witness the first batch of prisoners being brought in and to congratulate the police, some of whom returned to Bezwada this afternoon. State Congressmen who had been giving able support to the police by giving information and assistance are overjoyed and have provisionally decided to hoist the Indian Union flag on Madira Taluk office in a couple of days and to request the Deputy Inspector-General of Police Mr. Subbaroyan, who was in charge of police operations to perform the flag hoisting ceremony.

RAZVI TRIES TO LEAVE DELHI

NEW DELHI, September 13, (UPI): Indian Police reached the Nizam's Palace in New Delhi at about 5-30 p.m. with a view to disarm the Hyderabad Platoon stationed there as a precautionary measure.

At first the Nizam military objected to handing over arms to the police, but through the intervention of Mr. Razvi, Nizam's Agent-General, they were eventually disarmed.

Earlier, it is reported that Mr. Razvi made an attempt to leave Delhi, but was not permitted to do so. His movements in Delhi are, however, not stated to have been restricted.

Reaction In City

G. I. P. CANCELS DIRECT SERVICE TO MADRAS

BOMBAY, Monday.—The news of the marching of Indian troops into Hyderabad thrilled the citizens of Bombay. Received on the tickets on newspaper offices and commercial firms, the news was passed from mouth to mouth and by noon it was all over the city.

Although many persons, particularly refugees from Hyderabad, who have relatives in Hyderabad, were anxious about the possible repercussions of the "police action" on their kith and kin in Hyderabad, the general feeling was one of relief and satisfaction. An atmosphere of nervous tension had been created for a long time; and now the tension is broken.

Most of the evening papers came out earlier than usual and a few enterprising morning papers also brought out single-sheet special editions. There was a great scramble for the newspapers which sold like hot cakes—often at blackmarket prices.

Till the evening papers came, newspaper offices were pestered with incessant telephone calls from eager inquirers for news.

The G.I.P. Railway authorities have cancelled the direct service between Madras and Bombay which passes through the Nizam's territory.

The distance covered in state territory by this line is 114 miles. The Madras Mail due on Monday morning arrived to schedule. It was announced that all subsequent passenger trains will run only upto Hotgi, this side of the Hyderabad border. Trains from Madras will also end at Thungabhadra, the last station in the Madras Presidency. Parcel traffic from Bombay beyond Poona has been suspended.

Telephone, telegraph and postal services to Hyderabad have also been cut off.

The police and military in the city were alerted early in the day to be prepared to meet all emergencies. Armed police pickets were posted to guard strategic points and vital public offices and installations like the General Post Office, the Central Telegraph office, the B.E.S.T. depots and head office and the electric sub-stations. By evening Home guards were also called out to be ready for any eventuality.

Ruiker's Call To Workers To Sink Differences

NAGPUR, Sept. 13 (U.P.I.): Mr. R. S. Ruiker, M.L.A. (Labour), in an interview to the "United Press of India" has made an appeal to Government employees and workers after the march of the Indian Army into Hyderabad State, pleading for sinking "all our internal differences at this critical hour and to exert ourselves to our utmost capacity to see that the Indian Army carries on to a sucessful and the war of liberation in Hyderabad."

Indian Troops Advance In All Sectors

(Continued from Page 1)

tance, if any, could be more clearly defined and dealt with.

Munshi Taken To State Guest House

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API).—The Hyderabad military surrounded the official residence of India's Agent-General in Hyderabad, Mr. Kahnyalal M. Munshi at Bolarum at 3-30 p.m. today and disarmed the Indian Garrison Company, guarding the Agent-General's residence, according to a message received here.

Mr. Munshi, his ADC and his Private Secretary have been taken to the Greenland Guest House, a fashionable hotel in Hyderabad. It is stated that Mr. Munshi is being kept there.

The members of the garrison company and the rest of Mr. Munshi's staff are being interned at Meadows barracks.

MUNSHI'S ASSISTANTS RELIEVED OF 45,600

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API).—Mr. Venkatramiah, Assistant Secretary to India's Agent-General in Hyderabad, and his colleague Mr. Sreeramuiu Naidu who were returning to the office of the Indian Agent-General with Indian currency to the tune of Rs. 20,600 and Hyderabad currency totalling Rs. 25,000 from the Imperial Post Office were stopped by the Nizam's police. It is reported that the Nizam's police threatened to shoot them.

These two Indian officers were however let off after they had been relieved of all the cash in their possession.

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API).—Bombay Telegraphs have not been able to communicate with Hyderabad from 1 p.m. today. Telephone communication with Hyderabad, however, continues, as the bureau of the Associated Press of India in Bombay was able to speak to India's Agent General, Mr. K. M. Munshi, before he was taken to the Greenland Guest House at 4-30 p.m.

Mr. Munshi, his Private Secretary and A.D.C. are being kept at Greenland Guest House, presumably under official surveillance of the Hyderabad authorities.

"SATISFACTORY PROGRESS"

Southern Command's First Communique

POONA, Sept. 13 (API).—The following is the text of the first Press communique issued by H.Q. Southern Command at 17.00 hours on 13th September.

"In accordance with instructions from the Government of India, Indian Union troops entered Hyderabad territory this morning to restore law and order within the State.

"Several columns have now penetrated into Hyderabad territory.

"Latest reports indicate that satisfactory progress is being made in all districts.

CLASH AT WAGHRUL

In the Aurangabad District a clash occurred between State troops and the Indian Union column at Waghrul where the road towards Jalna enters Hyderabad State.

Hyderabad troops were forced to retire and our column inflicted considerable casualties and captured nine prisoners.

Other columns in the Aurangabad district advanced with little opposition.

In Parbhani District our border patrols captured Kanergaon and Manikgarh.

In Adilabad district the bridge at Balharshah was captured this morning, only little opposition being encountered. Some casualties were inflicted.

NADIRA SALIENT SEALED OFF

The Nadira salient has been sealed off by Union troops operating from Bona Kalu. Stiff opposition from State force units was encountered at Siripuram and some casualties inflicted.

A further column advanced along the Bezwada-Suriapet road and reached Mungala enclave without incident.

The bridges over the Tungabhadra river at Kurnool railway station and Hospet were also captured by swift action of our troops early this morning.

GADAG-HOSPET RAILWAY SECURED

The Railway Gadag-Hospet throughout its length has been secured.

In the Sholapur district a column advancing on the Sholapur-Hyderabad Road encountered serious opposition at Naldrug. The bridge at this place and the town itself were taken after severe fighting and after inflicting considerable casualties. The advance in this sector continues.

Indian troops have been positioned in the Barsi and Jamkhed enclaves where some fighting is reported.

TULZAPUR FALLS

Tulzapur fell to our forces at 13.30 hours today.

Our Air Forces have been operating throughout the day against military targets.

Our casualties in all these operations were slight.

The Army Commander has congratulated all troops on their initial success."

KURNOOL RAILWAY STATION LOCKED

KURNOOL, Sept. 13 (API).—It is learnt the Union Government has taken over the Nizam's Railway line from Dhone to Kurnool and also the Tungabhadra Bridge. Kurnool Railway station has been locked.

ALL LAND COMMUNICATIONS CUT

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API).—Hyderabad was completely cut off from all land communications at 5-30 p.m. today when the only trunk telephone line working between Hyderabad and Bezwada was closed by the Hyderabad authorities.

Bombay-Hyderabad direct trunk line had not been in operation since 11 a.m., but Bombay was able to maintain contact with Hyderabad city by trunk telephone via Madras and Bezwada up to 5-30 p.m.

Telegraph communications between Hyderabad and the rest of India were cut off at about 1 p.m.

TROOPS CROSS ELLORA CAVES

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API).—Steady progress was maintained by the Indian Army troops marching towards Aurangabad, according to latest information reaching Bombay.

Indian army troops have crossed the famous Ellora Caves. Near Daulatabad, formerly known as Devagiri Fort, a slight resistance was offered, but it was soon overcome.

On their way along the railway route belonging to the Nizam, Indian troops are said to have captured a locomotive and some rolling stock.

Another column of Indian Army troops advancing from the Berar border of Aurangabad is said to be heading towards Jalna junction.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH OFFICE AT SECUNDERABAD SEALED

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API).—It is now learned that Indian Union-run telegraph office at Secunderabad has been sealed though the post office is stated to be working normally.

Hyderabad police are stated to be guarding telegraph office at Secunderabad.

Text Of Order Of The Day

Following is the text of the special order of the day issued to the troops by General Rajendrasinjhi on the occasion of their entry into Hyderabad State.

Hyderabad State, ruled by His exhalted Highness the Nizam, is in disorder. His Government, as such, seems to have no authority and lawlessness of an unprecedented nature prevails.

The law abiding population of all communities in the State are living in a state of terror and helplessness.

The trouble is being caused by the fanatical followers of a Non-Hyderabadi, one Kasim Razvi, who cannot have the interests of Hyderabad or its ruler at heart.

His followers, aided by the State Police, not content with murder, arson, loot and rape in their own territory, have extended their sphere of action across the borders of the Indian Union.

Our democratic government have tried, by every peaceful and persuasive means over the last six months, to impress on His Exalted Highness and his advisers that his wanton disregard of the principles of humanity, promises and agreements, can no longer be tolerated. These peaceful approaches have fallen on deaf ears. Our straightforward, generous and patient efforts have been construed as weakness and have resulted in further atrocities. Our Government has therefore decided to restore normal conditions of security, law and order in Hyderabad State. This task is to be undertaken by the forces under my command.

PRELIMINARY MEASURE

As a preliminary measure to the restoration of law and order, and in pursuance of their duty, our Government, has, therefore, decided to canton a force in the vicinity of Hyderabad in the Indian owned barracks at Secuderabad, Trimulghery and Bolarum.

You will therefore march into Hyderabad territory to bring back peace and prosperity to the law abiding population of that state. You will rush, with all the weapons at your disposal, any resistance met.

You will, in compliance with the instructions of our Government, protect all law abiding persons irrespective of their religion, caste or creed.

Finally, I have every faith that you will uphold the finest traditions and reputation of the Indian Army, by your courage and humanitarian behaviour, and thus enhance the prestige of our Government and our soldiers in the eyes of the world.

Go forward to your mission confident in your just cause to put a speedy end to strife and suffering.

Good luck to you all, and God be with you."

AIR FORCE

HYDERABAD, Sept. 13 (UPA): (Via Telephone): Four airplanes, believed to be Indian, were reported to have bombed the airfield at Warangal. It was also reported that Bidar had been bombed by plane.

The strength of the Indian troops was unknown but they reported had 60 vehicles.

All Europeans in Hyderabad are mov-

WITHIN SIGHT OF JALNA

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (AFI): A column of Indian troops marched into Hyderabad territory through Indian Dominion enclaves in Aurangabad district, north-western district of the State, this morning, according to reports received here.

Latest information indicated that the troops had covered 30 miles and were within sight of Jalna, an important railway junction. Occupation of this railway junction would virtually cut off Aurangabad district from the rest of Hyderabad.

NIZAM'S CAPITAL QUIET

HYDERABAD, Deccan, Spt. 13: (API): While Indian troops were rapidly marching into Hyderabad State territory with Secunderabad as their immediate objective, India's Agent-General in Hyderabad Mr. K. M. Munshi with a small staff of personal secretaries and A.D.C.s has decided to stick on to his official residence, Deccan House at Bolaram, in Hyderabad City. The Hyderabad city is quiet.

FULL TEXT OF PROCLAMATION

POONA, Sept. 13 (API): The proclamation issued by the Army Commander, General Rajendrasinjhi to the people of Hyderabad reads:—

"For months past, the Razakars have been terrorising all law-abiding people within the Hyderabad State and in the neighbouring areas of the contiguous provinces of the Indian Union. Repeated requests to the Hyderabad Government for the disbandment of the Razakars have failed to evoke a satisfactory response. The tempo of murder, rape, arson and loot has been steadily mounting, with the result that the honour life and property of all citizens of the State, who do not obey the orders of the Razakars, have become unsafe, and this peril also threatens the nationals of India in the adjoining provinces.

"The Government of India can no longer tolerate a situation which threatens to convert a State, situated in the heart of the Union, into a home and focus of anarchy.

"The troops under my command have entered Hyderabad State to put an end to this situation: to restore peace and tranquillity inside the State and a sense of security in the adjoining Indian territory. Those who obey the law can be sure of our protection; those who co-operate with us in the restoration and maintenance of peace can rely upon our active goodwill.

"No law-abiding citizen of Hyderabad need fear of us. We seek the co-operation of all, from the highest to the humblest, Hindu and Muslim, in the fulfilment of our mission which is not one of hostility but of friendship.

"But those who disobey the law will feel the full rigour of the law. All communal strife will be sternly dealt with.

A MESSAGE OF GOODWILL

"As soon as our task has been completed, the people of Hyderabad will be given an opportunity to decide their future both as regards their internal Government and their relationship with India.

We shall be here no longer than may be absolutely necessary for the effective restoration of normal conditions of life, in which every citizen may go about his business without fear, and for the establishment of a Government which will maintain the rule of law and confrom to the will of the people. Till then the administration will be carried on by my operational Commander in collaboration with the Civil Administrator whom the Government of India have appointed to work with me.

The Government and people of India send you a message of abiding goodwill. It is their wish, as it will be my endeavour to ensure that every peaceful citizen among you can pursue his normal avocation without fear or molestation. In your prosperity and contentment lie their own; but the fact of geography and history, your interests are their interests. Freedom from fear and freedom for progress will soon be yours. "Jai Hind".

NIZAM'S REQUEST TO U. N. RAISES LEGAL ISSUE

PARIS, Sept. 13 (Reuter)—Hyderabad's request to the United Nations to have her dispute with India settled by the International Court of Justice has raised a legal point, a United Nations spokesman said here today.

The question which will have to be considered by the Security Council to which Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, has forwarded Hyderabad's request is whether or not Hyderabad can be considered as an independent state. Only an independent state can apply for membership in the International Court.

The spokesman said it is unlikely that the Security Council will meet in Paris before September 15, as no official date has yet been set for its meeting.

INDIAN MUSLIMS WELCOME ACTION AGAINST HYDERABAD

Plea For Communal Concord: "Let Union Forces Fulfil Their Mission"

NEW DELHI, September 13. (UPI): Fifty prominent Muslims of Delhi including Mr. Hilal Ahmed Zuberi, Vice-President, Delhi Municipal Committee and member, Advisory Committee to the Chief Commissioner, Hakim Khalil-ur-Rehman Vice-President, Delhi Provincial Congress Committee, Mir Mushtaq Ahmed, Secretary, Socialist Party, Delhi, Maulana Mohd. Saved, Organiser, Gandhi Peace Mission, and Afzal Peshwari have welcomed the military action of the Indian Union against the atrocities of the Razakars perpetrated against innocent people when the Nizam's Government had failed to protect.

They have assured the Prime Minister of the Indian Union of the unflinching support and whole-hearted co-operation of the Muslims in the task.

The following is the text of the statement: "We welcome the determined action of the Indian Union against Hyderabad for putting an end to the atrocities of the Razakars perpetrated against innocent masses whom the Nizam's Government had failed to protect.

"We assure the Prime Minister of India of our unflinching support and whole-hearted co-operation in this great task.

"We call upon every citizens to maintain complete peace and communal concord in the country, thereby enable the Indian forces to fulfil their mission in Hyderabad?

"The question of Hyderabad is not Muslims versus non-Muslims but a purely political matter which has nothing to do with religious sect.

STEPS TO CURB INFLATION

Features Of Congress Party's Report

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12 The Congress Party's report on inflation is mostly rehash from of other reports recently submitted to Government.

The report endorses the view that Government should have a balanced budget for which purpose it should resort to strict economy and retrenchment of superfluous and unnecessary staff, and reduce grants to provinces.

The report suggests a committee of experts to review the grants to provinces as also to deal with applications of refund from extra Profits-Tax which should as much as possible be postponed.

The Party is of opinion that capital expenditure should be financed from borrowings and commitments which could not be covered by such borrowing should be postponed.

The Party has urged that a specified percentage of all wages, salaries of employees of Government, local authorities, industrial and commercial firms, should be paid in Ten-Years Cash Certificates. Fifty per cent of bonuses earned by persons with salaries of Rs. 500 and above should be similarly deposited.

Twentyfive per cent of dividends should be paid in savings certificates.

Imports of consumer goods, such as, bicycles, typewriters and sewing machines should be encouraged.

As for exports, only minimum quantities of essential commodities should be allowed to be exported.

Recontrol of foodgrains is recommended.

Lastly, the Party has recommended creation of separate Ministry of Economic Affairs at the Centre.

The report is at present under the Government's examination.

SIRENS INSTALLED IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Monday

Sirens have been installed in some places in Greater Bombay for calling out Home Guards wherever required for duty.

Members of the public are informed that the sounding of sirens is merely to summon the Home Guards and not for any other purpose.

10 Leaguers Arrested

POONA, Sept 13 (API): ..Ten Muslim Leaguers were arrested, today under Security measures.

Gottwald Leaves For Russia

PRAGUE, Sept. 13 (UPA).—President Klement Gottwald, of Czechoslovakia, and his wife left by plane this morning for Russia to take a "brief vacation in the Crimea", an official broadcast said today.

No Comment From U.S. State Department

WASHINGTON, Sept 13 (Reuter): The State Department today declined to comment on the invasion of Hyderabad pending information from its representatives in New Delhi and Karachi.

New York newspapers had the news on their front pages today, but there was no immediate editorial comment

M. S. M. Notification

MADRAS, Sept. 13 (API).—Through train service from Madras to Bombay has temporarily been suspended with effect from today in view of the Hyderabad situation, according to the M. and S. M. Railway notification. The Mail and Express Trains leaving Madras today will terminate at Guntakal from tomorrow the Madras-Bombay Express will be cancelled totally and only the mail train will run between Madras and Guntakal according to the present timings.

On the metre gauge, the present day and night through passenger trains between Guntakal and Hubli will run only between Guntakal and Hospet and between Gadag and Hubli.

Stop Press

NEHRU'S ARRIVAL IN CITY

B.P.C.C. announcement:—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister and Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister of the Union Government, are arriving in Bombay by Air today (Tuesday) at Santa Cruz Aerodrome at 7 P.M.

NIZAM'S ENVOY WARNS U. N. ASSEMBLY

LONDON, Sept. 13 (Reuter): Mr. Zahir Ahmed, Secretary-General to the Hyderabad Ministry of External Affairs, today cabled the United Nations informing them that Hyderabad was now being invaded and warning: "Any further delay must aggravate the most dangerous situation."

This was his second cable in two days to the United Nations.

BRITISH OFFICERS IN HYDERABAD RESIGN

NEW DELHI, Sept. 13 (API).—British officers in the Hyderabad State forces have resigned their commissions, it was learnt here tonight.

CURFEW IN SHOLAPUR

SHOLAPUR, Sept. 13 (API).—A dusk-to-dawn 12-hour curfew has been clamped on Sholapur town from today.

REQUIEM FOR JINNAH IN LONDON

LONDON, Sept. 13 (Reuter): A Requiem (Namaz-i-Janaza) for the repose of the soul of Pakistan's dead leader Mohammed Ali Jinnah, was attended in London today by leading Pakistans and Ambassadors or Ministers of six Muslim States—Afghanistan, Egypt, Turkey, Syria, the Transjordan and Iran.

The High Commissioner for Pakistan, Mr. Habib Ibrahim Rahimtoola, and Dr. Ali Abdul Qadir, Director of the Islamic Culture Centre, both gave short addresses on the greatness of Mr. Jinnah's achievements.

"GRAVE THREAT TO INDIVIDUAL FREEDOM"

Protest Against Treatment To Dr. Dadoo

CAPETOWN, Sept 13 (Reuter): United Party members of the South African Union Parliament, today, received a telegram from the Transvaal Indian Congress, asking them to move an adjournment of the house "on a matter of serious national emergency" in order to afford an opportunity for debating the Government's withdrawal of passports for Dr. Dadoo and Dr. Niacker.

The telegram complained that, following impounding of the passport of Dr. Dadoo, an immigration official, accompanied by C.I.D. officers, delivered a letter to Dr. Dadoo, signed by the Under-Secretary of the Interior, asking Dr. Dadoo to hand in his certificate of identity.

"This action of the Minister virtually makes Dr. Dadoo a prisoner in South Africa and, in principle, constitute a grave threat to individual freedom of all South Africans". the telegram said.

DURBAN, Sept. 13 (Reuter): The South African Indian Organisation, formed here over the weekend, at a conference attended by delegates from all Union provinces, is applying immediately for passports for three persons whom they wish to send to the Paris meeting of the United Nations.

They are Messrs. F. R. Pather, A. I. Minty and A. Ismail. They would advise the Indian and Pakistan delegations on the South Africa-Indian dispute on treatment of Indians in the Union. The South African Indian Organisation is a united body representing South African Indians.

"AN IRON CURTAIN"

In an editorial headed "An Iron Curtain", the Opposition paper "Cape Argus" said: "The Union will be accused of trying to put down an iron curtain on its proceedings and seeking to silence its critics in the Russian manner.

"Nothing these two Indian leaders could have said at the U.N.O. would have impressed our critics half so much as the fact that they have not been allowed to say it. For this reason we believe it would have been wiser to allow them to put their case despite all the venom and all the hysterical exaggerations with which they would have embellished it, and then give it a firm Rational answer."

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 13 (Reuter): Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee and Mr. Baboo Mehta, prominent passive resisters, will advise the Indian and Pakistan delegations at the United Nations General Assembly meeting in Paris. Mr. Rustomjee and Mr. Mehta left the Union for Paris by air on September 4.

"A GRAVE ERROR"

CAPETOWN, Sept. 12 (Reuter): Mr. Ahmed Ismail, President of the Cape Indian Congress, said tonight he believed the South African Government had "made a grave error" in refusing passports to two Indian leaders in the Union who wanted to attend the United Nations General Assembly in Paris this month.

Stating that he did not share the extreme views of Dr. Y. M. Dadoo, President of the Transvaal Indian Congress, and Dr. C. M. Naicker, President of the Natal Indian Congress, who have been prevented from leaving South Africa to attend the Assembly, Mr. Ahmed Ismail said he, "Strongly disapproved" of the Government's action which had "made martyrs of the men".

Mrs. Pandit In Bombay 'En Route' To Paris

NEW DELHI, Sept 13 (UPI): The second batch of the Indian delegation to the U. N. General Assembly left New Delhi for Bombay this afternoon. The delegation along with its Leader, Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit will leave Bombay tomorrow night for Paris. Mrs. Pandit is leaving New Delhi tomorrow morning.

R

MOHAMED HANIF BAHADOOR was convicted for failure to notify departure and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 300 or further three months' rigorous imprisonment in default.

JAMNADAS MAHIRCHAND was convicted for transporting cloth and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 800 or 2 months' rigorous imprisonment in default.

ROLE OF MEDICINE IN INDUSTRY

Indian Delegates Attending World Congress In London

LONDON will be the venue this month of the ninth International Congress on Industrial Medicine, in which a number of Indian delegates are taking part. The purpose of the gathering is to pool the knowledge and experience gained by men of medicine and science from all parts of the world so that the well-being of industrial workers in all countries may be advanced.

The past decade, under the abnormal pressure of crises, has produced richer fruits from research than any period in the history of mankind: not the least among those lie in the spheres of alleviating suffering and eliminating illness among workers in various branches of industry.

Eastern countries are playing their part in the exchange of information. Amongst those scheduled to deliver papers are Dr. S. Chakravarti, who is to speak on "Industrial Health in India — an Awakening", and Dr. H. P. Dastur, whose subject will be "Medical Supervision in Indian Industries".

SPEECHES BY MINISTERS

The Conference is being held under the auspices of the Commission Internationale Permanente Pour la Medicine du Travail. The opening ceremony takes place in the Central Hall, Westminster, on the forenoon of September 13. The Rt. Hon'ble Lord Moran of Manton, will be in the chair and the inaugural address will be delivered by Mr. George Isacs. The Congress will continue till September 17.

The delegates are to be given an opportunity to visit British research organisations, medical institutes and industrial concerns and study their working. Establishments such as the Royal College of Nursing and the National Institute for Medical Research will be inspected. Later visits will extend to all parts of Great Britain, the programme including over 70 organisations at which various aspects of promoting national health will be seen in practice.

WORTH STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, Sept. 11 (UPA): Hopes for post-Labour Day holiday pickup in Worth Street cotton trading were smothered this week by the trucking strike repercussions plus further small upward revision in the cotton crop estimate.

Converters indicated that while some of their accounts were possessing ample cash reserves and operating on low inventories, they had decided to adopt a cautious attitude, still being the best policy, pending better assurance on deliveries and to further test consumer reaction across theretail counter.

The discouraging international political picture was emphasized by Berlin's increasing tension with accompanying fall of security prices proving additional handicaps on new business.

Until many of the overhanging uncertainties begin to clear up, converters believed that dress makers and other consumers would continue to be cautious, operating no further than on a 30 to 60 day basis.

The government's second crop estimate of 15,219,000 bales which is 50,000 bales above the initial estimate, received mixed response. Some viewed it as favourable because it was smaller than expected. Others insisted that with core than ample supply, buyers would continue to hold off in the hope of further levelling off in the price structure. That idea found reflection in the buyer drive to bring a further cut in the print cloth division during the week.

While mills retained their price ideas, the ideas of buyers ranged anywhere from one-quarter to one-half cent lower per yard.

TWILLS QUICK

Bag inquiries acted to stabilize the situation in narrow sheetings, but broadcloths, twills, jeans and Osnaburgs ruled quiet with buyers keeping gradual pressure applied in the hope of dislodging some low price goods.

In burlap, the broadening demand for spot and afloat goods put the price around 25 higher for the week. Brokers traced the demand to potato feed and flour trade buyers plus a desire to build up stocks because of the strife between India and Hyderabad.

CHEQUES CLEARED

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 10-9-48 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 1,28,181
Amount of Cheques: Rs. 36,71,42,413-4.

GANDHI NATIONAL MEMORIAL FUND

List No. 33 of G.N.M. Fund mentions donations of the sum of Rs. 14,091-6-9, including the following six donations:

(1) Through H. L. Muhore, Thana, 1859 12 3
(2) Officers and Staff, Bombay Elec. Grid 1685 0 0
(3) M/s H. Blasheph & Co. 1500 0 0
(4) M/s Madanlal & Sons, 1001 0 0
(5) Ratilal Chatrabhuj Shah, 1001 0 0
(6) M/s Chadrakant Ujamshibhai, 1000 0 0

The total of collections received upto 31st August is Rs. 6,80,397-12-0.

Newsprint For Other Purposes

From Our Corresponden)
NEW DELHI September 12:

Government of India has decided to permit the use of newsprint for purposes other than newspapers. This is to meet acute shortage of white paper. Both newsprint and white paper has been placed on open general licence for purpose of imports from soft Currency Areas.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent)
HAPUR Sept. 13.

Saturdays closing: Sliver 152/6: Gold 104/-; Gur Fagan 9/9.

Todays: Silver forward 153/8; opened 153/-, touched 105/4; Gur ready 14/8; Fagan 9/10/6; opened 9/9/6; touched 9/10/6; Bardana ready 109/-; Asuj 107/-; October 116/-; Wheat 25/-; Gram 15/-; Barley 14/14; Peas 13/10; Arhar 13/2; Moong 19/-; Urd 19/12; Sarson 25/-; Mustardoil 68/-; Oilcake 8/12: Cottonseed 13/10; Groundnut 16/4; Oats 9/8.

Foodgrains' prices rising steadily.

Calicut Market

(From Our Correspondent)
CALICUT Sept 13:

Koiryarn Beypore 135/145; Quilandy 145/155; Fibre Larbled 100; Nngarbled 95; Cocoanuts raw 110/115; Dry 150; Cocoanut oil 490; Copra Office 340; Dilpasand 355ffi Madras Nottam 360; Pepper Wynaad 1400; Coontry 1390; Dryginger Chernad 440; Ernad 420; Coffee Robusta 150; Timber Pali 50/65; Junglewood 30/40; Veslaspine 40/50; Benteak 35/40; Teak 70/120 Mango 3/4/4 Teak 15/20 Rosewood 16/20.

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Sept 13 (Reuter): Apart from a few specialised items, there was a marked absence of activity in most sections of today's stockmarkets, with buyers holding off in view of the approaching end of account which is tomorrow.

Cable and wireless was a feature of industrials profittaking reducing Friday's gain by four points. The price of this issue closed around 202.

Among the transport issues, tillings ordinary experienced some profittaking sales closing nine pence lower at 113 and 9, while other motors were occassionally a few better likewise were textiles, iron and steels.

Among tobacooc, carreras were singled out, closing 1/32 better at 5 and 9/16.

British Government Securities were quietly steady.

Selective support in Kaffirs made for one or two bright spots particularly for pioneers where the market was caught rather short of stock price and this issue rose by seven Shillings to 45 Shillings. Elsewhere Klerksdrop rose one and three to three and seven with speculators encouraged by the fact that this company has property in the new pioneer area.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER
NEW YORK, Sept. 13.

Previous Closing	31.20
Today's Opening	31.27
Difference	+7
Today's Closing	31.11
Difference	—9

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

Silver Bullion Forward	Rs. 173 0
Silver Ready	Rs. 178 8
Gold Ready	Rs. 115 8
Expections:	
Cotton Jarila Sept.	Rs. 568 0

NEW YORK STOCKS
NEW YORK, Sept. 13.

Opening prices:
Anaconda Copper Mining 36-3/8.
General Motors 62-3/8.
United States steel common 78-7/8
Preference unquoted.

CROP PROSPECTS DETERIORATE IN U. P. OWING TO FLOODS

HAPUR, Sept 9.

FOODGRAINS:

The food position in the province has deteriorated further as a result of province wide floods doing extensive damage to the paddy crops that had so far stood well despite unusually heavy rain. The kharif crops had already been destroyed over a wide area. The hopes of the provincial Government carring through the difficult period by reintroducing partial rationing in 30 towns are dwindling since they would have no stock to back such commitments.

Conditions in the East Punjab are not much better although it has been spared the davastation brought about in the U.P. by floods. Never the less that province is also looking abroad for a difficult period in the coming months. Prices have risen up there. The Government has been busy opening relief quota shops and introducing rationing.

The proceedings of the Agriculture Ministers Conference being held in New Delhi presently are being watched with interest. Although the decisions reached will mostly have long terms affect.

PRICE STABILISATION

One of the most important proposals before the conference is of the KKrishnamachari committee on price stabilization. It is increasingly felt that some thing has to be done now and that Government cannot longer afford to keep it shelved. Without forestalling the decisions of the conference, it would be of interest to note what Australia our neighbour has done to stablize wheat prices. The principal provisions of Australia's revised wheat stabilization plang are:—

1—Establishment of a permanent wheat Marketing Organization with the necessary authority to acquire and dispose of wheat.

2—Establishment of the Wheat Industry stabilization Board with powers to control and regulate wheat production, to register wheat farms and to license persons to grow wheat.

3—A guranteed price to growers upto 1951-52. For the current crop the gurantee is 6/3d a bushel, but it may be varied with the cost of production.

4—The Government gurantee to be limited to the amount of wheat needed for home consumption, plus a maximum exportation of 100 million bushels.

5—An export tax on wheat sold above the gurantee, the rate of tax to be 50 per cent of the excess, subject to a maximum of 2/2d a bushel.

6A—Any expenditure in excess of the stabilization fund necessary to give effect to the gurantee, to be provided by the treasury.

GUR:

The market remained quiet to steady, quiet for the kotha stocked gur lying in substantial quantities in almost all the important markets in India not much in immediate demand and steady for the dry stuff that can be despatched atonce. While the former is quoted at 11/8 the later is getching as high as 14/8 to 16/8 per maund.

Continued rains much in excess of the normal annual average has marred prospects of the sugar cane crop also. Germination had been excellent, acreages had been increased but the growth during the last 1-1/2 months has been poor.

In the futures section business has been on a rairly good scale. Prices moved within a narrow range of 4 to 6 annas. Slightly higher level attracted speculative liquidations on fears of price reduction and a general anti-inflationary drive. Lower prices induced short coverings on deteriorating yield prospects. Fagan is presently quoted at 9/10/6 against 9/9 closed on Thursday last and highest 9/12/9 touched earlier this week. Unlike other futures operators showed little nervousness.

BULLION

The market remained highly sensitive Bulls were on the defensive and had to yield to intermittent bears raids There was considerable nervousness on the reported recommendation of the economic sub-committee of the Congress Parliament party that speculation in bullion should be manned and that restrictions on the imports of gold and silver should be relaxed. The pave the bears to indulge in very heavy liquidations. Bulls had been building their case of good offtake encouraged by political uncertainties particularly in regard to Hyderabad issue, on poor supplies position and on the extreme improbability of early imports. But they seem to have lost courage to the daily remours about the impending anti-inflationary drive. Government it is argued cannot leave bullion to take its own course. Upcountry markets have been moving erratically in sympathy with movements in Bombay. At Hapur silver this week touched 149/8 and gold at 100 lowest for a prety long time. Since then there has been some recovery but the bullish nervous is entirely lacking. Presently silver is quoted at 152/14 and Gold at 103/4. Movements in the bullion market are bound to be erratic pending a clear cut announcement regarding the future economic policy of the Governemnt.

OILSEEDS:

The mar et remained very steady in sympathy with food grains and other commodity markets. Business was, however restricted. Sarson is quoted at 25 oil at 68 and oilcake at 8/8.

BARDANA:

The market remained steady. With the approaching Asuj delivery bears fear going in for heavy commitments as local stocks are poor, Asuj is now quoted at 105 and Oct at 116.

SALES OF PAKISTAN TREASURY BILLS

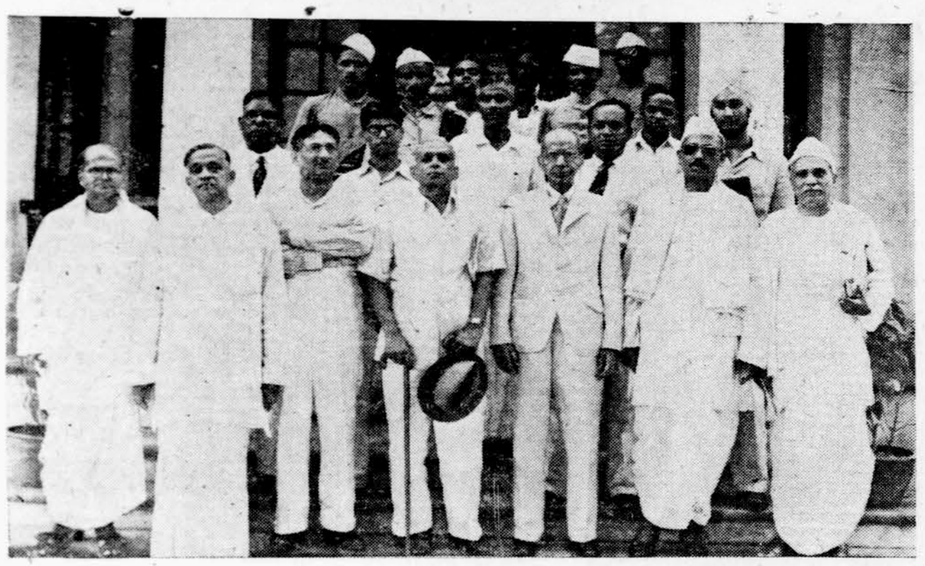
(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Air Mail). A Press Communique issued by the State Bank of Pakistan regarding tenders for treasury bills, says:-

Tenders for Rs. 25.00.000/- of three months' Government of Pakistan Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday September 7. Total amount offered was Rs. 1.05.00.000/- Tenders at Rs. 99-14-9 were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 25.00.000/- the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 5/- per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 50,00,000/- of three months' Government of Pakistan Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday September 14, upto 11 A. M. at Karachi and upto the close of business on Monday September 13, at Lahore and Dacca. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday September 17.

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES COMMISSION



The members of the Linguistic Provinces Commission who are now hol ding their sittings in Madras with representatives from Rayalaseema. In the centre of the picture are Mr. D. K. Dhar, (Chairman), Dr. Pannalal and Bhagat Narayanlal, members of the Commission.

WORLD FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Sir John Boyd Orr Elected President Of Movement

LUXEMBOURG, Sept. 13 (U.P.I.): The 2nd Assembly of the World Government, which has just ended here, unanimousuy passed a resolution in favour of the creation of a World Government as only way to prevent another World-War.

The resolution stated that the World Government should be open to all nations ready to accept the World constitution and the Would Law not only for nations but for individuals. Each nation should be authorised to keep troops necessary for maintenance of order within the area of its jurisdiction, those troops to be under orders and authority of the Word Government. The World Government's Executive Board would ensure respect for Law and Order and have under its control all atomic energy and engines of destruction.

It was suggested that regional unions should be set up temporarily until they could be merged into the World Government.

The resolution further more demanded election in 1950 of the Royal Constituent Assembly.

Sir John Boyd Orr was elected President of the movement.

FISCHER LEAVES FOR NEW YORK

India Must Work To Prevent World War III

BOMBAY, September 13, (UPI):" I hope everything that will increase communalism will be avoided in India," said Mr. Louis Fischer, well-known American journalist and author, in an interview to the United Press of India prior to his departure for New York last night.

He added: "India should actively participate in the prevention of World War III, and she has many ways of doing this. The greatest service that India can do herself is to strengthen the forces of peace, and thereby prevent another war. Uufortunately dictatorship threatens many countries, and all the democracies are or should be interested in eliminating the threat."

Mr. Fischer regretted that the West had concentrated so much on European affairs to the neglect of South Eastern Asia and China. But I think this distortion should be corrected by proper exercise of Indian influence on Western democracies. he said.

He opined that the economy of India was sound, and could only be weakened by the Central Government's loyalty to abstraction. What was most needed was increased production, and at the present stage it did not matter who increased the production. More goods, he said, were to be welcomed whether they were produced by private capitalists , Government or co-operatives.

Earlier he removed the wrong impression which he had about the conflict between Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel, saying: "But I have definite impressions now that it is not so, and that each one realises that the complements the other."

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): Mrs. Hansa Mehta, wife of the Prime Minister of Baroda, will perform the opening ceremony of a 'creche' at the Mafatlal Spinning Mills at Navsari on September 15.

QUARTERLY PRODUCTION AND DESPATCHES OF TATA STEEL CO.

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

Messrs. Tata Industries Ltd. Managing Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd. report the working of the Company for the quarter ending 30th June:

	Production (Tons)	Despatches (Tons)
Pig Iron	238,300	8,800
Steel Ingots	233,000	..
Semi-finished steel for sale	34,500	34,100
Finished Steel	131,000	123,200

RECEIPTS.—The gross value of invoices of materials despatched during the quarter ending 30th June, 1948, was approximately Rs. 565.83.

NEW CLOTH DISTRIBUTION PLAN WILL HIT 12,500 IN AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, September 13, (UPI): Nearly 2,500 wholesale cloth merchants of Ahmedabad and their clerical staff numbering at least 10.000 will be thrown out of employment as the result of the Bombay Government's new cloth distribution scheme, which comes into force from November 1.

Although about a hundred merchants will continue to act as commission agents for authorised provincial buyers other than those of Bombay Province, the rest will have to tap new sources of business and employment.

In addition to these, a large number of retailers who are at present dealing in mill cloth will be deprived of their trade, as only a limited number of retail shops are to be opened in the city. Alternatively, they can content themselves with handloom or powerloom cloth.

Three weeks ago, two local merchants' associations, whose total membership runs into over 2.000 jointly submitted to the Minister for Industry and Supply, Government of India, an elaborate scheme for the procurement and distribution, on an all-India basis, of cloth manufactured by Ahmedabad mills. No reply, has however, been received by them so far.

Dr. Gopichand's Call To Guard Frontiers

SIMLA, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Primierof East Punjab, today asked the people to make an all-out effort to maintain peace and order on the Indian frontiers against any external "aggression" and eliminate internecine quarrels among communities and the Capital and Labour.

Dr. Gopichand Bhargvava, who was addressing the thirty-fifth annual general meeting of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, East Punjab, here said that steps were being taken by the Government to provide essential requirements for the establishment and growth of Industries.

HARTAL IN BHAVNAGAR

(From Our Correspondent)
BHAVNAGAR, Sept. 13.

Due to the sad death of Mahommed Ali Jinnah Muslim shops were closed yesterday. Other markets were working as usual.

CORPORATION ADJOURNS

Condolence On Death Of Jinnah

BOMBAY, Monday.

Forgetting political differences and party squabbles, several members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation representing diverse parties, today joined the Mayor in paying tributes to Mr. M. A. Jinnah and mourning his death. The Corporation adjourned today after passing a condolence resolution expressing deep sorrow at his death and sharing the great and irreparable loss suffered by the sister Dominion of Pakistan.

Mr. M. U. Mascarenhas, the Mayor, recalled Mr. Jinnah's close association with the civic affairs of the city when he was a member of the Corporation for two years from 1907 to 1909. He expressed his heartfelt sympathies to the Government of Pakistan and members of the family of the late Mr. Jinnah.

Mr. K. F. Nariman said that Mr. Jinnah's public career was moulded in the city of Bombay where he began his career as a muncipal corporator. Twenty years ago, he added, hardly any important event took place in the city with which Mr. Jinnah was not associated. He said that even his worst citics would recognise his indominable courage and independence of spirit.

Mr. Naushir C. Barucha, joining in the chorus of tributes, said that though they had to differ as to the police propounded by Mr. Jinnah, none would question the zeal and sincerity with which he ceaselessly strived for the betterment of the Muslim community.

Mr. S. K. Patil said that incorruptibility of character was the most dominating aspect of the arresting personality of Mr. Jinnah.

Mr. A. H. Mirza hoped that in the face of common danger, both externally, better relations would prevail between the two sister Dominions.

Miss P. Nariman, Dr. J. A. Colaco, Mr. Salebhai Abdulkhader and Mr. Harris were among others who associted themselves with the sentiments expressed by the previous speakers.

PRECAUTIONS AT KOLHAPUR

KOLHAPUR, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): The District Magistrate of Kolhapur has ordered that any person entering Kolhapur State territory from Pakistan or Hyderabad State shall report to the nearest police station within twelve hours from the time of his or her arrival. Similarly residents of Kolhapur State with whom these persons come to reside shall report such arrivals to the nearest police station.

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for coughs, colds and chest troubles
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PHILLIPS PHARMACEUTICAL PROPRIETARIES LTD., BOMBAY 1

PHILLIPS
The BICYCLE with ALL the ADVANTAGES
CHROMIUM PLATING
All bright parts heavily chromium-plated. Frame and mudguards in gleaming enamel finish and suitably lined in gold.
FRAME
Finest all-British true temper steel, reinforced at all vital points. Wide dropside mudguards.
HUBS
Special Phillips extra-strong, long-wearing type.
SADDLE
Phillips 'Hammock' type for super comfort.
WHEELS
Rims heavily chromium-plated with black enamelled spokes in rustproof finish.
Model A.G.
Model A.R. 'Super-Tourist' model. Low-built frame, with protective oil-bath gear-case and three-speed gear.
Strong, good looking, long lasting, easy-running—that's a Phillips Bicycle! It is precision-made from Britain's finest steel in a modern factory, by craftsmen long experienced in the art of bicycle manufacture. A Phillips Bicycle will stand all the hard knocks rough roads can provide, because it's built to last. Insist on a Phillips—it's worth it!
The good honest bicycle—built to last!
J. A. PHILLIPS & CO. LTD.
BIRMINGHAM · ENGLAND

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

Moderate Buying Ends Short Covering In Active Scrips

BOMBAY, Sept 13.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was steady today under scattered buying. The news from Hyderabad were encouraging and entry of Indian armies encouraged moderate buying. At the moment the market is under the influence of political and economical developments and traders are not inclined to assume bigger risks.

Tata Steel Shares were quoted ex-dividend today At the opening Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1435/- and declined at Rs. 1430/- under small selling. At this level there was scattered buying and short covering which improved Defds. at Rs. 1450/- Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 285/- and after improving at Rs. 286/8 steadied at Rs. 286/-.

Bombay Dyeings opened steady at Rs. 1017/8 against last closing at Rs. 1016/4 and steadily improved at Rs. 1027/- Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 295/-.

Later on Tata Steel Dfds. improved at Rs. 1475. Ordinary share were quoted at Rs. 286-8. Gokaks were done at Rs. 288 while Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 300. Swadeshi shares were done at Rs. 298 and Simplex shares were done at Rs. 181.

Central Banks were steady at Rs. 84-4 and Reserve Bank shares were done at Rs. 112-8.

Associated Cements were steady at Rs. 156. Burmas were quoted at Rs. 383-12 Scindia shares improved at Rs. 24-1 and Premier constructions were quoted at Rs. 186. The market was steady with improved buying and short covering.

FORWARD SECTION

Bombay Dyeing (12-8)	1037 8
Kohinoor Mills (6-12)	303 8
Swadeshi Mills (22)	299 0
Central India Mills (4)	270 0
Simplex Mills	184 0
New Great Eastern (10)	152 8
Gokak Mills (9 plus 3)	291 0
Indore Malwa (21)	500 0
Century Spinning (15)	519 6
Colaba Land and Mills (12)	143 12
Indian Bleaching (6)	173 0
Swan Mills (20)	324 0
Finlay Mills (15)	279 0
Morarji Goculdas	497 8
Edward Sassoon (30)	500 0
Meyer Mills (12)	146 4
Apollo Mills (as. 4)	3 0
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	11 15
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	2 0
Madhusudan Mills (15)	241 4
Podar (8)	158 12
Khatau Makanjee (8)	247 8
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord (14) X.D	287 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-14-1) X.D.	1476 4
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8) X.D.	136 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (5)	156 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	383 12
Belapur Sugar (12) XR	251 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	34 0
Scindia Steam (1-4)	24 6
Premier Construction	187 0
Tata Chemicals	13 15
Tata Oil (2)	56 0
India Iron (0-6)	25 8
Bengal Steel (0-8)	21 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (4-8)	156 0
Andhra Valley (45)	1497 8
Tata Power (50)	1595 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	74 0
Phoenix Mills (50)	453 12
Indian Manufacturing	4260 0
Koorla Mills (5) X.R.	148 12
Dawn Mills (40)	1000 0
David Mills (6)	191 4
New City Mills (10)	212 8
Minerva Mills (12)	161 4
Bradbury Mills (12)	700 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	5 5
Bharat Mills (2)	35 8
Mysore Spg. Mills	192 8
Madhovji Dharamsi (0-12)	15 0
Model Mills (12-8)	177 8
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	650 0
Vishnu Cotton (6) XD	245 0
Western India (40)	4010 0
Standard Mills (15)	580 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	4520 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	12 8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4185 0
Tata Mills (3)	66 12
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	277 8
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	91 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	12 4
Madhusudan B (2-8)	47 0
Shrinivas Mills	195 0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	126 4
Berar Mills	275 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
Colaba Land Coupon	42 0
New Great New	142 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Ahmedabad Electric (3-8)	117 8
Ahmedabad New	13 2
Surat Electricity (2-8)	142 8
Surat New	142 8
Karachi Electric Supply (2)	147 8
Broach (0-5)	10 8
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	16 12
Amalgamated (0-12)	13 4
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	83 8
Poona Electric Supply	156 4
Bombay Suburban Old (3)	150 0
Bombay Suburban New (2) XD	131 4
BANK SHARES	
Reserve Bank (2-12)	112 0
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1950 0
Imperial Bank of India (8-12)	475 0
Central Bank Old (1-8) XD	84 8
Central Bank New	83 8
Bank of India (4)	195 0
Union Bank of India	8 14
Bank of Baroda (2-8) X.D.	153 0
Habib Bank (4)	161 -
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	52 0
United Commercial (1-8)	61 0
Jaipur Bank (1/6)	48 0
Hindustan Commercial	27 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Exchange Bank	37 8
Eastern Bank	105 0
Bank of India Coupon	38 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	5150 0
Empire (10)	675 0
New India (1/4)	61 12
Jupiter	25 0
Vulcan (0-10)	13 4
Indian Mercantile (2)	44 0
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B. I. G. (1)	23 14
Industrial and Prudential	29 8
Neptune Assurance	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India Central	21 12
RAILWAY SHARES	
Central Provinces (1-4)	108 0
Mymensingh Rebate (2)	103 0
Mymensingh Guaranteed (1-4)	103 12
Pachora Jamner Rly. (2-8)	115 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Alcock Ashdown (15)	312 8
Bombay Steamer (28)	598 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	135 0
British Burma Petrol	1-15-9
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (6)	74 0
Kemp and Co. (New)	462 8
Kemp and Co. (30)	475 0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150 0
Industrial Invest Trust (4)	99 0
Western India Match (7-5)	300 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	34 4
Mukund Iron	10 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	21 0
Alembic Chemical (15) X.R.	202 8
Supreme India	123 12
Jam Wire (6)	73 0
Bombay Uganda	69 1
Bombay Motor Cycle	42 0
Walchand Nagar Industries	198 12
United Motor	74 0
Associated Cement New (1-4)	96 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	910 8
Hydary Construction	19 8
Mahmadi Steam	95 0
Gujarat Motor	25 2
Sardar Carbonic	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrela Batteries	51 0
Prince of Wales Press	610 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6) X.D.	192 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1310 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1392 8
Hydro Electric (7)	130 0
Bombay Steamer (6)	310 0
Central India (5)	652 8
Swadeshi Mills	146 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	647 8
Lakshmi Mills	277 8
New Great Mills (5/8)	222 8
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	113 2
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	379 6
Surat Electricity (3/4)	131 4
Premier Construction 1st (6-1/4	120 0
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	120 0
Amalgamated (5-8)	123 2
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical (5)	137 8
Walchand Nagar Indus (7)	160 0
Jupiter General	19 14
Supreme	120 0
Meyer	121 0
Mackenzie 1st	127 8
Mackenzie 2nd	125 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mills	50 0
Standard Mills	101 0
Madhusudan Mills	12 0
Khatau Mills	105 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952 (4)	103 8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	107 0
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	111 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchand Nagpur (6)	117 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Indian Copper (2-7) X-D	2 8
British India Corpn. (0-10)	7 13
Burma Corporation	3 3
New Victoria Mill	3 12
Phalton Sugar (8)	123 8
Gold Mohur (20)	325 0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	375 0
Sajjan Mills (3)	235 0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	1 1
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	260 0
Air Service	11 0
Ambica Air Lines	15 2
Air India (X-D)	145 0
Hind Motor	5 14
Indian Steam	11 0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98 14
2 1/4 per cent 1950	101 0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97 3
2 3/4 per cent 1960	100 0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	100 1
2 3/4 per cent 1976	96 14
3 per cent Non-Terminable	99 6
3 per cent 1986 Con.	99 11
3 per cent 1949-52	100 15
3 per cent 1951-54	102 12
3 per cent 1953-55	102 14
3 per cent 1951	102 6
3 per cent 1959-61	101 15
3 per cent 1963-65	100 15
3 per cent 1966-68	100 -
3 per cent 1970-75	100 4
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	105 4
4 per cent 1948-53	101 1
4 per cent 1960-70	110 12
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	104 8
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	112 6
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	115 12
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	89 0
2 3/4 per cent U. P. 1961	98 0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	98 14
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 8
3 per cent Bombay 1958	101 12
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100 6
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100 6
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100 6
3 per cent N. W. F. 1952	99 10
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	100 2
4 per cent Bombay Municipality D	111 0
5 per cent Bom. Muni. 1959	115 0
6 per cent Bom. Muni. 1954	116 0
3-1/4 per cent Municipality 1977	101 8
6 K. P. I.	114 0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

The local bullion market was active today under increased buying. The reports of entry of Indian troops in Nizam States encouraged increased buying in Silver and prices moved up. At the rise the demand was satisfied and moderate long liquidation resulted in steady recession of the market.

At the opening forward silver was quoted at Rs. 171-10 and sharply advanced at Rs. 173/- on active buying and short covering. Thereafter some profittaking by bulls brought about decline in price and forward silver and quoted at Rs. 172-2. Ready silver was placed at Rs. 177-4.

Ready Gold business was reported at Rs. 115-4 while Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 77. Later on the market was very steady and final quotations were as under:

Ready Silver	178 2 0
Forward Silver	172 14 0
Ready Gold	115 4 0
Sovereigns	77 8 0

PRODUCE MARKET

Persistent Buying In Castorseeds

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

The Produce market was firm with active buying and short covering. There was firm demand for groundnuts while castorseeds also moved up on increased buying. Castorseeds May delivery opened at Rs. 119/4 and improved at Rs. 119/9 while groundnuts December/January were done at Rs. 29/10. Castorseed May delivery advanced at Rs. 120/8 when some big operations for Mandi were done and the market declined at Rs. 118/8. At this level there was renewed buying and the market improved at Rs. 120/- Linseed rate was Rs. 118/8 while highest was Rs. 121/7 final quotations were as under:

Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS:			
Khandesh quality	34	8	0
Coromandal	33	8	0
Bold ready	33	8	0
Bold December-January	29	14	0
CASTORSEEDS:			
Ready	31	4	0
May delivery	120	12	0
LINSEEDS:			
Ready	26	10	0
Sept.-Oct delivery	26	13	0
Nov.-Dec. delivery	18	8	0
GROUNDNUT OILS:			
Ready receipts	18	8	0
October	18	10	0
November	17	15	0
December	17	10	0
Linseed oil	16	9	0
Castorseed oil first pressing	19	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial Quality	17	8	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

The cotton market was steady with moderate business passing.

September delivery opened at Rs. 562/- against precious close at Rs. 568/- and improved at Rs. 564/- on scattered buying. At this level there was some realising and the market steadied at Rs. 563/- New crop business was reported at Rs. 572.

Thereafter there was further buying and September advanced Rs. 567 while business in new crop was done at Rs. 579.

The market improved at Rs. 569 but reacted on scattered realising and September was quoted at Rs. 567 New crop also hardened at Rs. 582. Final quotations at 4-30 p.m. were as under.

I.C.C Sept,	567	0	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 966 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

Tata Ordinary 287 Tata Deferred 1476/4 Indian Iron 25/8 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21 Bombay Dyeing 1037/8; Central India 270 Gokak 291/4 Kohinoor 303/12 Simplex 184 Swadeshi 299/6 Tata Power 1595 Associated Cement 156/8 Belapur 201 Bombay Burma (Old) 383/12 Scindia 24/6 Central Bank 84/8 New India 61/12 Tata 2nd Pref. 136/4.

Hapur Market Rates

HAPUR, Sept. 11.

Yesterday closing Silver 151/7; Gold 102; Gur Fagan 938/1-1/2; Todays Silver Forward 152/13; Opened 152/8; Gold Forward 103/12; Opened quiet Gur Ready 14/8; Fagan 9/8; Opened 8/7/6; Bardana Ready 1093. Red 117; Asuj 1063; October 1163; Wheat 26/233; Fagan 15/4; Barley 14/4; Peas 13/8. Arhar 13/4; Moong 19; Urd 19/12; Sarson 25; Mustard Oil 68; Oilcake 8/8; Cottonseed 13/12; Groundnut 17; Oats 9/8; Gram prices recorded rise.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

B. C. Rates T 1 D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B. C. Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31 32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 months
London Banks Buying 1 1 1/6 1/32 to 9th month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month
London Banks Buying D D 1/16 1/16 to 4th month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th month
New York Montreal B C Rate 1 1 Rs. 332-1/4
Banks Selling 1 1 D D Rs 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4 Montreal Rs. 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329 Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Bank Selling T T Fcs 6600
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D 1 Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D Gldr 79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157
Manilla Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 1/4

CROSS RATE:—New York/London dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanisten Afghani Rs 52.97/53.43; London Alexandria Pia 97 1/4-2/4; London Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70; London Bangkok Tel 40; London Belgium Fcs 176 1-2-3/4. London Denmark Kr. 19-32-36; London Hongkong 1-3 1/16; London Iran Rl 128/130; London Java Fl 10.68-70; London Lisbon Es 99.80-100-20; London Manila Pes 8.09-8.14; London Montreal dol 4.02 3/4-4.03-1/4; London New York dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London Oslo Kr 19.98-20.02; London Paris Fcs 863.-40-864.60; London Prague K 201-202; London Singapore 2/4 1-32—2/4 5/32 London Stockholm Kr 14.47-50; London Switzerland Fcs 17.34—36 London Syria 580/5.

DISCOUNT RATES:—London Discts 3 Mos 9/16 p c London Discts 6 Mos 5/8 p c Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c Bank of England Rate 2 p c.

Money:—Call 1/2 p c. 3 Mos 3/4 p c. 6 Mos 1 p c 12 Mos 1-1/2 p c

Tone:—Easy

The local Produce market was irregular to-day with slightly better enquiry for Groundnut and Linseed, while Castorseeds ruled easy with speculative unloading There was good enquiry for oil.

Castorseed May delivery opened at Rs. 119-8 under the influence of Hyderabad news, but heavy selling from professional quarters depressed the market at Rs. 116-8. At this level there was moderate short covering and Castorseeds May delivery improved at Rs. 116-14.

Later on there was moderate buying.

Indian Stock Exchange

QUOTATIONS AT 2 P.M.

Tata Ordinary ex.	286	0	0
Tata Deferred	1475	0	0
Indian Iron	25	8	0
Steel Corpn. of Bengal	21	0	0
Bombay Dyeing	1035	0	0
Central India	268	12	0
Gokak	286	4	0
Kohinoor	301	4	0
Simplex	182	0	0
Swadeshi	296	4	0
Tata Power	1590	0	0
Associated Cement	155	0	0
Belapur	251	4	0
Bombay Burma (Old)	385	0	0
Scindia	24	3	0
Central Bank	83	2	0
New India	62	8	0
Tata 2nd Pref.	142	8	0

NEW YORK POLICE UNDER FIRE

NEW YORK (Reuter): New York's policemen, who are allowed to fire at suspects trying to escape in crowded thoroughfares, have been told by a Special Sessions Judge that they can't shoot accurately.

In fact, commented Justice Frank Oliver, ten per cent "taking ten shots each couldn't hit a door twenty yards away on the level."

Reason? The policemen have to buy their own ammunition, and, with bullets at the inflated price of five cents (3d) each, few can afford to use them for practice.

Except for an occasional practice at the city's expense, free bullets are issued only to recruits.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

MILLS:
Apollo 3 2 2-15-6 3
Bharat 35-8
B. Dyeing 1017-8 25 20 35 30 37-8 35 37-8
C. India 264 67 66 70 69 70
Century 519-6
Colaba 143-12
Finlay 279
Gokak 285 84 90 88 91
I. U. Defd 1-15-6 1-15-3 2 1-15-9 2
I. U. Ord. 11-12 11-11 11-15
Indore 495 97-8 95 500
Kohinoor 296 98 97 301-8 300 2-8 1 3/8
Laxmi 650
Madhawji 15
New Great 152-8
Podar 158-12
Simplex 180 83-8 81-8 84
Swadeshi 295 94 98 96 99
Swan 325 24
Vishnu 245

BANKS:
Central 83-8 84-8
Imperial Old 1950
Imperial New 475 75-10 75
India 194 96 95
Reserve 112 12-8 12
Union 8-14.
U. Commercial 61

ELECTRIC:
Ahmedabad 119-6 17-8
Surat 142-8
Hydro 156
Power 1595

INSURANCE
New India 62 61-8 61-12
B. I. General 23-14
Empire 675
Scindia 23-14 24-2 23-14 24-4 24-1 24-7 24-6

STEEL
B. Steel 20-12 21
Tata Iron 25-6 25-5 25-7 25-6 25-8
Tata Defd. 1435 45 30 40 36-4 67-8 55 70 65 77-8 72-8 76-4 ex div.
Tata Ord. 285 86 83-8 87-8 86-8 88 87 ex div.
Tata II Pref. 137 36 ex div.

MISCELLANEOUS
Alcock 312-8
A.C.C Old 154 56-8 56 56-8
A.C.C. New 96-8 96
Belapur 247 49 46 52 51
B.B. Old 380 85 83-12
B.B. New 135
B.B. Petrol 2, 1-15-9
I.I. Trust 99
Port Canning 74-8 74
P. Const. 184 88 87
Shivrajpur 34
Tata Chem. 13-14 14 13-15
Tata Oil 55-8 56
Walchandnagar 198-12
Wimco 297-8 96-4 300

SPECIAL
Central Bank New 83-8
India Bank Coupon 36-8 37-8
Poona Elec 156-4
Broach Electric 10-8
Alembic Chem. 202-8

Restricted Activity On N.Y. Cotton Exchange

NEW YORK, Sept. 11 (UPA): Activity on the cotton futures market was shackled this week by slightly greater government crop estimate plus uncertainties concerning government intentions on the new crop acreage and marketing controls.

The government crop estimate placed the corp at 15,219,000 bales as of September 1 which was 50,000 bales above the initial forecast.

Upon the forecast release, futures ruled sluggish since there was not enough change in the estimate to provide an impetus powerful enough to move the market decisively either way.

Traders felt that textile business pickup could influence the market. Many traders were holding to the sidelines awaiting mill interests to evaluate the crop estimate and their own needs after the spring business is crystalized.

The world situation also increased trader timidity. Warmer cold war in Berlin plus the threat of strife in India as well as the French cabinet crisis added to the uncertainty. Economic Co-operation Administrator Paul Hoffman announced that loan talks with Marshall Plan countries were almost completed, a development—if cotton allotments were big—that might accelerate dealings in cotton.

The proximity of the present prices to the government loan rate plus the belief that further declines would mean heavy producer impoundings under the loan programme restrained sellers. The result of such impoundings could create an artificial shortage in commercial channels later this year despite the abundant crop prospect, according to the reasoning of traders.

Statisticians calculated the total domestic supply at 18,611,000 bales including the new 15,219,000 bales estimate plus the carryover of 3,082,000 bales.

The domestic consumption was figured around 8,500,000 bales with exports accounting for an additional 3,500,000 bales.

METAL MARKET
BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

Tin Aso Dely.	61 12 0
Copper Aso Dely.	91 0 0

PEPPER MARKET
BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

Magsar Dely.	184 to 186
Mana Dely.	183 to 185

PRODUCE RECEIPTS
BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

Cotton Bales	808
Linseed	2692
Groundnuts	11324
Gram	5
Castorseed	432
Mahuda	809
Cotton Seed	1575
Sugar	6053
Tilseed	61
Rice	816

KOPARA QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

Rajapur 1 per Candy	430 to 460
Rajapur 2 per Candy	425 to 450
Alliepey per Candy	380
Manglore per Candy	350
Chipla per Candy	400

HESSIAN MARKET
BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

		Pics.	
45 X 11			110
Ready			111
Aug/Sept.			
Oct/Dec.			113-1/4
D. W. 40 X 28			
Ready	117	0	0
Aug/Sept.	116	0	0
Oct/Dec.	115	8	0

ITALIAN ART-SILK YARN
BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

150 D. Sept.	4	3	9
150 D. Oct.	4	3	6
150 D. Ready	4	4	0
120 D. Ready	4	3	0
20/22 YELLOW SILK			
September	25	6	0
October	25	6	0
Ready	25	4	0

SUGAR PRICES
BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

Small Grain	104	0	0
Medium	107	0	0
Big Chrystal	112	0	0
October Dely.	36	14	0
January Dely.	30	15	0
Arrivals	18000	Bags	

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

Following are today's quotations in the Madras stock market: Three per cent Government of India loan 1986 99/11 and 1970/75 100/4.

Three per cent Government of Travancore Loan 1952/54 103/1; Government of Madras 1960 101.

BANKS: Reserve 109/8 Travancore 21.

PLANTINGS: Chembras 5/15; Devashola 17/8; Nilliampathys 1/7/3; Pullangodes 1/5; Thirumbadi 2/5; T R and T Co 6/14; Valkudam 7/5.

TEXTILES: Buckinghama 171; Cambodias 9/9; Coimbatore Cm 90/8; Lakshmi 65/8; Maduras 39/4; Maturs 317/8; Radhakrishanas 135; Rajalakshmis 55/4; Ranga Vilas 43; Trav Ravona 4/10; Thchinopolys 12/14.

MISCELLANOUS: Andhra Cement 59; FACTS 6/2/6; India Cements 14/14; Mettur Chem 8/11; Mysore Chem Ferts 9/2; Spencer 10/13.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD September 13:

Market after intial set back improved on heavy bear concerning on favourable political news closed steady.

Calico opened 1178; Highest 1192; closed 1190.

Arvind ppened 1340; lowest 1332; highest 1395; closed 1385.

Ambika opened 378; highest 1395; lowest 377; closed 392.

Defferd opened 1435; (XD), lowest 1433; highest 1482; closed 1477.

Closing Quotations: Calico 1190; Arvind 1385; Ambika 392; Jupiter 375; New Jahangir 1770; Bhalkia 175; Defferd (XD) 1477

Calicut Market

CALICUT Sept. 11.

Coiryarn Beypore 135/135; Quilandy 145/155. Fibre Garbled 100; Ungarmled 95; Cocoanuts Raw 110/112; Dry 150; Cocoanutoil 500; Copra Office 340; Dilpasand 350; Madrashottam 280; Pepper Wynaad 1385; Country 1375; Dryginger Chernad 430; Ernad 420; Coffee Robusta 147/16; Timber 50/87/8; Junglewood 30/45; Vellapine 45/50; Benteak 40/80; Teak 75/120; Mango 3/4; Teak 17/8/70; Rosewood 17/8/70.

WORLD FOOD OUTLOOK IMPROVES INCREASED PRODUCTION IN DEFICIT AREAS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.

An all-time record U.S. crop production this year is virtually assured, the Department of Agriculture said today in its monthly crop report.

Headed by corn prospects, which improved one per cent during August from the previously forecast record high, the aggregate of all crops is 135 per cent of the 1923-32 index base and nine index points above the previous all-crop record production in 1946.

Besides corn, used largely in the United States as a feed grain, all-time records are forecast for soybeans, peanut and pecan production, while near-record predictions for wheat, oats, flaxseed, rice sorghum grain, dry beans and citrus fruits are confirmed in to-day's report.

The wheat crop which will provide the bulk of another huge U.S. food export, improved slightly during August, with the year's production now estimated at 1,284,995,000 bushels compared to the August 10 estimate of 1,284,323,000 bushels.

CORN CROP ESTIMATES.

The corn crop now is expected to yield 3,528,815,000 bushels, a gain of 22,492,000 bushels over last month's forecast.

The record production as foreseen in earlier reports "gained in quantity and drew close to realization during August," the report said. "The harvest is practically completed for small grains and most of the late-growing crops are virtually "made".

Besides the record and near-record crops, above-average harvests are expected for cotton, barley, hay, potatoes, tobacco, sugarcane, sugar beets, hops, peaches, grapes, cherries and apricots. Only rye, buckwheat, peas, sweet potatoes, broomcorn, apples and pears are below average in production.

In discussing food grain prospects, the report said that "a near-record quantity of food grains is becoming available, enough to supply domestic needs and provide huge quantities for export."

To-day's promise of a large wheat crop further confirms the assurances given in another Agriculture Department report of Thursday that U. S. wheat exports will nremain high during the coming year, although they may eventually be cut as foreign needs diminish. That report forecast a minimum export of 450 million bushels from stocks made up mostly of the current crop.

This would be more than half the total amount of wheat exported from the world's leading wheat-growing countries, to meet the demands in importing nations that report pointed out.

WORLD WHEAT OUTLOOK BRIGHT.

In discussing the world wheat situation and export possibilities, it said, in part:

"Exportable wheat supplies for 1948-49 from the four principal exporting countries—the United States, Canada, Australia and Argentina—are tentatively estimated at 850 million bushels, 450 million of which would be from the United States. Other countries, including the Soviet Union, may possibly export another 50 million bushels, making a total for 1948-49 of about 35 million bushels less than the 935 million bushels exported in 1947-48. Roughly, it is expected that about two-thirds of such a quantity will go to countries participating in the European Recovery Programme.

"Exports of this size to these European countries, in addition to the currently estimated domestic production, would provide a per capita consumption of wheat approaching prewar levels for the area as a whole, if no allowance is made for rebuilding stocks to pre-war levels. However, in addition to a substantial increase in population, these countries have a low level of reserve stocks of all food products, and there is continued need for using food grains as a substitute for other foods in short supply, particularly meat and other animal products.

IMPROVED PRODUCTION IN EUROPE

Wheat production in Europe excluding the U.S.S.R. is estimated at 1,458 million bushels, which is considerably above the 1,015 million bushels produced in 1947, but still below the prewar average of 1,588 million bushels. European rye production is estimated at about 635 million bushels, which is sharply above the 425 million bushels in 1947, but below the 763 million bushels in 1935-39. Bread grain production in the Soviet Union is forecast to be larger than 1947, but still well below average.

"In Australia, where the harvest takes place in December, growing conditions are reported as favourable except for the need of rain in some areas. Acreage is expected to be five per cent or more below the 14.5 million acres seeded last year.—USIS.

Calcutta Stock Exchange Firm After Quiet Opening

CALCUTTA, Sept. 13 (API): The market opened quiet but steadied up with the progress of the day with outside buying support and closed firm.

Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p. m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Loan 1986 99-12 small lots three per cent Loan 1949-52 100-13 three per cent Loan 1951-54 102-9 three per cent Loan 1953-55 102-12-6 three per cent Loan 1957 102-5 s lot three per cent Loan 1966-68 100-8.

BANKS: Bengal Central Bank 10-2 Hind Bank 35-4 Reserve Bank 112 s lot CT United Commercial Bank 60-4.

COTTONS: Bowreah 467 Exdiv s lot Cawnpore Textiles 12 Swadeshi Cotton 10-2 exrights.

COALS: Bhalgora 8-14 Burrakpur 21 Central India 6-15 Churulia 4-11 East Indian 29-3 Equitable 40-4 Jainty Central 1-14 South Karanpura 23 Talcher 4-10 Western Bengal 5-4.

JUTES: Agarpara 26 Auckland 264 Bally 267 Barnagore 267 Champady 197 Budge Budge 202 Howrah 29-12 India 190 Kamarhatty 305 National 27-6 Nuddea 84 Gourepore 611.

MININGS: Burma Corp, 3-2 Indian Copper 2-8.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite & Co 9-3 Indian Iron & Steel 25-11 Kumardhub Eng. 9-4 Marshalls 7-3 Steel Corp. 21-5 and Pref. 120-8 Textile Machinery 7-12.

MISCELLANEOUS: Dalmia Cem. 9-8 Sone Valley Cement 7-7 Calcutta Electric 22-12 Anglo Brothers 23-12 S. L. Bic 7-14 Indian Cables 37-12 CT Indian National Airways 7-4, Indian Wood Products 30-12 Jardine Henderson 166 Titaghur Paper 39-9 Assam Saws 7-6 India Steamships 11.

SUGARS: Balrampore 10-2 CT Cawnpore & Co. 9-3 Cawnpore 31 Darbhanga 14-8.

TEAS: Atal 9-10 East India 19-10 Huldibari 31-4 S Lot New Doars 575 Small Odd Lot Singell 80 Tezpore 27-4 Tukvar 17-8.

Philippine Trade Looks Up

MANILA, Sept. 13. (Reuter): The Philippine Republic foreign trade for the first seven months of the current year has already passed the 125,000,000 sterling mark, or more than 12,500,000 sterling over the total for the corresponding period of 1947 according to figures issued by the Bureau of Census and Statistics.

The volume thus far, according to the Bureau, bids fair to establish an all-time high of close to 250,000,000 sterling for the whole of 1948.

Colombo Share Bazar

COLOMBO, Sept. 11.

Market dull C Transactions.

TEAS: Doomoos 19; Galleboodes 9-1/4; Mahuvas 36; Mayens 14; Midfords 7-1/4; Mochas 19; Nahavillas 18-1/2; Poonagallas 17-1/2; Rahatungodas 11-1/2; Robgills 10-1/2; Shawlands 5-1/2; St. James 25; Strathedens 25; Uplans 15; Div Walabodas 2-1/2; Westard Hos 12-1/2.

TEAS CUM RUBBERS: Opalgallas 5-3/4; and 6; Opalgallas Pt Pd 3-1/2; Pelimadulla Valleys 8-1/4; Pine Hills 14; Talaigawellas 7; Watapotas 7-1/2.

RUBBERS: Biddescars 3; Hatbawes 4; Trafford Hills 4-1/2.

CO

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

FOOL-PROOF IDENTIFICATION IN BOMBAY

Oscar Brown Gives Evidence In Mahatma Murder Trial

ONLY ONCE DURING ELEVEN PARADES ONE POLICE OFFICER WAS ASKED TO GET OUT

NEW DELHI, September 13. (U.P.I.): At the resumed hearing of the Mahatma Gandhi Murder Trial in the Special Court of Mr. Atma Charan, Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay, giving his evidence stated that he held eleven identification parades at Bombay in connection with this case. The parades were held on February 21, March 2, March 16, March 23, March 24 (two parades), March 30 (two parades), March 31, April 8, and April 9.

Mr. Brown said that in the interest of the accused the Honorary Magistrates were used as 'panch' witnesses. One of the Honorary Magistrates was sent to C.I.D. lock-up where the accused were lodged and instructed to take custody of the accused and bring them to his Court with the help of some police officer or constable. As they were brought, he took them in his custody and led them to his chamber. He had two rooms in his chamber. He used the office of his Registrar for lodging the identifying witnesses.

Mr. Brown added that the identifying witnesses were kept sitting in the room in charge of one Honorary Magistrate. He had instructed him not to allow anybody to leave or enter that room without his permission.

Thereafter he went round the six Courts in the Esplanade Police Court building and selected a number of persons sitting there to form the parade and left them on the verandah, where the actual parade was to be held. The accused were then asked to sit anywhere they liked on the benches where these persons were sitting. They were told that they were free to change their dresses or exchange coat or headgear among themselves or with any of the persons sitting on the benches. They were further told that they were free to change their places but they should keep sitting during the identification. All present there were also cautioned not to give any identification in any way whatsoever to the identifying witnesses.

Mr. Brown said that he then left that place keeping them in charge of another Honorary Magistrate. He went to the Registrar's Office to bring the first identifying witness and personally conducted him to his chamber. Each of the identifying witnesses were told that he was called to identify any person he knew or had seen before in the parade and he was called upon to be definite and not casual in his identification. After each of them had identified anybody in the parade or failed to do so, they were conducted to an adjoining room of his chamber where they were kept in charge of another Honorary Magistrate. There was no possibility of their coming in touch with other identifying witnesses who were yet to identify.

THREE PERSONS NOTED IT DOWN

Mr. Brown deposed that at the time of identification, three persons noted down the names of the witness, the person or persons identified and the position of the identified persons in the line. They were he himself, his interpreter Mr. Nawalkar, and another Honorary Magistrate. The witnesses were asked the name of person they identified and connection thereto. Occasionally, some of the witnesses could not tell the name of the accused, but invariably they stated the circumstances. A note was also made of anything by the witnesses by all the three persons.

HOW 'PANCHNAMAS' WERE MADE

After the identification parade, Mr. Brown added, all the identifying witnesses, the accused, all those persons who formed the parade and the Honorary Magistrates were called into his chamber for the preparation of the 'panchnama'. As the 'panchnama' was prepared, each line was read aloud to them and they were called upon to correct him if there was anything objectionable in the 'panchnama'. After the 'panchnama' was completed, it was again read out to them. While preparing the 'panchnama' the three notes prepared by three of them were kept in front of him and each of the details with regard to actual identification, was verified from these notes. These were no discrepancies between the three notes.

Before signing the 'panchnama' Mr. Brown asked the accused if he had omitted anything in connection with the parade which they wished to be recorded. No such desire was expressed by any of the accused.

The Honorary Magistrate then signed the 'panchnama.' Time taken to prepare the 'panchnama' was also noted down. The 'panchnama' was prepared in his own hand.

The persons who were called to form the parade were cautioned not to disclose anything in connection with the identification which might otherwise jeopardise fair trial of the accused.

Mr. Brown said that during the identification parade no police officer were present in his chamber or anywhere round-about. There was no possibility of their coming into contact with either the witness or the accused. The Registrar's room was specially chosen to remove all such possibilities.

The notes which were prepared during the identification were destroyed after the 'panchnama' was prepared, because there was no need to preserve them.

The names of the persons who constituted the parade were also noted.

HUNT FOR BEARDED MAN

The witness next stated that he had chosen persons of similar build and appearance like that of the accused during the identification parades. He had great difficulty in finding out a bearded man as one of the accused was a bearded man. This procedure was adopted in regard to all the eleven identification parades. In the first identification parade, all were kept standing, but since it took a long time they were all asked to sit in the second and subsequent parades.

The eleven 'panchnamas' were then exhibited.

Mr. Brown next gave the details of each of the eleven identification parades with reference to the witnesses who came and in what order.

FIRST IDENTIFICATION PARADE

In the first identification parade held on February 21, 1948, there were eleven outsiders in the parade besides the accused. Witness Madhukar Keshav Kale identified Nathuram Godse and Apte as the persons whom he saw in January 28, 1948, at Dr. Parchure's house in Gwalior at noon when they were having revolver practice there.

Miss Lorna Brainbridge pointed out to Apte and Nathuram Godse as the persons whom she saw in the aeroplane when they travelled from Bombay to Delhi on January 27.

Second identification was held on March 2, 1948.

In this parade there were 24 other persons who were made to sit along with seven suspects namely, Madanlal, Digambar Badge, Nathuram Godse, Narayan Apte, Karkare, Gopal Godse and Shankar Kistayya.

Witness Swami Krishna Jiwanjee Maharaja identified Godse, Narayan Apte, and Digambar Badge.

Witness Dikshitjee Shri Maharaja identified Madanlal as a Punjabi refugee who came to sell books. He also identified Badge, Nathuram Godse and Apte as persons who came to him with Madanlal.

Witness Kashmirilal Maranath identified Apte as the persons who had stayed in his hotel Elphinstone Annexe, Bombay.

The next witness S. B. Rele identified Apte as Narayan D. who stayed in "Sea Green Hotel" on February 2, 1948.

Witness A. K. Kotian identified Apte, Badge, Nathuram Godse and Shankar Kistayya as the persons who had occupied his taxi on January 17, 1948. Then Dube identified Apte as the persons who stayed at his hotel "Arya Pathika Ashram" on February 23 and 24, 1948.

Witness V. V. Malikar identified Apte as N. Vinayakrao in his hotel register. He also identified Karkare as the man who accompanied Apte. He also identified Nathuram Godse as the person who came to Elphinstone Hotel Annexe with Apte on January 24, 1948. He also idenjified Gopal Godse as the man whom he had seen at his hotel.

JAIN IDENTIFIES KARKARE AND MADANLAL

Witness Dr. Jagdish Chandra Jain identified Karkare and Madanlal as the persons who used to come to his residence. He said that Madanlal used to sell his books in October, 1948.

Witness Charandas Meghji Mathuradas identified Apte, Badge and Karkare.

THIRD PARADE

Third identification parade was held on March 16, 1948.

In this parade there were nineteen outsiders, seven suspects and nine identifying witnesses. The seven suspects were Madanlal, Bagde, Nathuram Godse, Apte, Karkare, Gopal Godse, Shankar Kistayya.

Witness Ramchandra Mohiniraj Patankar identified Badge and Apte as the persons who had come to his "chawl".

Witness Mahadeo Kale identified Nathuram Godse, Apte and Badge as the persons who had visited his residence at Kurla in January, 1948.

Witness S. Amchekar identified Gopal Godse, Madanlal and Karkare.

Fourth identification parade was held on March 23, 1948.

In this parade there were seventeen persons along with three suspects who were made to sit together. The three suspects were Nathuram Godse, Gopal Godse and Apte and there were five identifying witnesses.

Witness S. P. Dixit identified a wrong person whom he had seen at the Cawnpore Central Railway Station on January 21, 1948.

Witness Anand Beharilal Saxena identified a wrong person first, but later identified Nathuram Godse as the person whom he had seen at the Cawnpore Central Railway Station on January 21, 1948.

Witness, Mrs. Collestion identified Nathuram Godse and Narayan Apte as the persons who had stayed at the retiring room of the Cawnpore Central Railway Station and whom she had seen there on January 21, 1948. She also identified Apte as the man who was with Nathuram Godse there.

FIFTH PARADE

The fifth parade was held on the morning of March 24, wherein there were six suspects, eighteen outsiders and two witnesses. Witness Mehr Singh identified Narayan Apte, Gopal Godse Digambar Badge and Shankar Kistayya as the persons he had seen in the jungle behind Birla Mandir, Delhi. He could not give their names.

Witness Ramprakash identified Gopal Godse and Vishnu Karkare as the persons who had resided in the Frontier Hindu Hotel, Delhi. He identified Karkare as G. M. Joshi and Gopal Godse as Gopal.

In the sixth parade held in the afternoon of March 24, there were two witnesses, three suspects and fifteen outsiders. Suspected persons were Nathuram Godse, Vishnu Karkare and Narayan Apte.

Witness Sunderlal Chiranjilal identified Nathuram Godse as N. Vinayak Godse who stayed in one of the retiring rooms at the Delhi Main Station on January 29, 1948.

He identified Apte as the man who accompanied him and Karkare as one who helped Godse and Apte. He could not give the names of Apte and Karkare.

Witness Karkrishen Champat Ram identified Karkare and Nathuram Godse as the occupants of Room Number Six at Delhi Main Station retiring rooms on January 29, 1948. He also identified a wrong person as the one he had seen with Godse and Karkare. He could not give their names.

At the seventh parade on March 30, there were three suspects, six witnesses and seventeen outsiders. Suspected persons were Gopal Godse, Digambar Badge and Shankar Kistayya.

Surjit Singh Dayal identified Gopal Godse and Badge as having engaged his taxi near the Regal Cinema on the day a bomb was thrown at Birla House. His taxi was hired at 4-30 p.m. He did not remember their names.

Srimathi Sulochana Nanakchand identified Badge as the person she saw at the Birla House on the day a bomb was thrown there. She did not know his name.

IDENTIFIED WRONG PERSONS

Choturam Tula Ram identified two wrong persons and then identified Shankar Kistayya as the man whom he had seen in the Birla House on the day a bomb was thrown. He did not know his name.

Mr. Brown at this stage said that when a witness identified a wrong person, he did not make any further enquiries in that connection.

At the eighth parade on the evening of March 30, there were seven suspects, six witnesses and fifteen outsiders. Suspects were Nathuram Godse, Gopal Godse, Narayan Apte, Madanlal, Vishnu Karkare, Shankar Kistayya and Digambar Badge Ramlal Gokulchand identified Madanlal and Gopal Godse as the persons who visited the room of Madanlal at Shariff Hotel, Fathepuri Delhi, on or about January 17 or 18.

Shanti Prakash Jyoti Prasad identified Gopal Godse as the man whom he had met at Shariff Hotel in Delhi in January last. He also identified Karkare as the occupant of Room No. 2 at Shariff Hotel.

Govindram Badri Ram identified Karkare, Nathuram Godse, Gopal Godse and Badge as the men who visited Room No. 40 of the "Marina Hotel", New Delhi. He did not know their names.

The record of two other identifying witnesses did not go on record as they were not produced in this Court as Prosecution witnesses.

At the ninth identification parade on March 11, there were three witnesses five suspects and nineteen outsiders. Suspects were Madanlal, Nathuram Godse, Vishnu Karkare and Shankar Kistayya.

Gannu Jyoti identified Nathuram Godse as the man whom he saw at the waiting room of Delhi Station about two months before March 31. He could not give his name. Bhur Singh identified Badge, Nathuram Godse, Gopal Godse and Madanlal as the persons he had seen at Birla House, Delhi, near the servants' quarters. He was unable to give the name or date or month when he had seen them.

Ram Singh identified Madanlal as the person he had seen about two months before March 31 at the Hindu Shariff Hotel, Delhi. He did not know his name.

At the tenth parade on April 9, there were three suspects, three witnesses and fourteen outsiders. Suspects were Nathuram Godse, Narayan Apte and Digambar Badge.

Duriba Tallu identified Apte and Nathuram Godse as the persons he had seen at Gwalior Station about two months prior to April 9. He could not give their names.

Ganpat Rao Bhimrao Afzulpurkar identified Badge as the man who visited him at Matunga, Bombay, and who was a Hindu Mahashabha worker. He then identified Nathuram Godse and Apte as the persons he had seen in January last. He could not say who was Apte and who Godse.

The record of the parade of April 8 did not go on the record as the relevant witnesses were not examined by the Prosecution. Further examinded by Mr. Daphtary Mr. Brown said that he also recorded statements of a number of persons under Section 164 Cr. P.C. While recording the statements, he observed necessary precautions as provided in Law. No police officers or any lawyer on behalf of the prosecution or any other person, were present at any stage of recording of the statements.

Mr. Brown said that he did not record verbal statements. Only summaries which he thought to be relevant to this case had been taken down.

The Court rose for lunch.

As the Court resumed sitting after the lunch, Mr. Daphtary asked the witness Mr. Oscar Brown one question to which he said that he sat in his Court on Saturdays, but not on Mondays.

OSCAR BROWN CROSS-EXAMINED

Cross-examined by Mr. V. Y. Oak, Counsel for Nathuram Godse, Mr. Brown said except Dr. Parchure, he granted demand to almost all the accused. On each occasion he asked each of the accused if they had to say anything before granting remand.

Asked if the accused complained to him that they were kept in such a place from where general public could see them, the witness said that so far as he remembered they did not make any such complaint at the time of making remand application. The witness added that at the time of recording 'panchnama', he believed it was on March 24, 1948, Nathuram Godse and Narayan Apte mentioned that their identification parade was a futile one as the witness or witnesses had an opportunity of seeing them at Delhi prior to identification.

The witness recollected that they told him that it was at an eating house in Delhi that these two accused were pointed to some of the witnesses. Mr. Brown further remembered that the Magistrate was present at that time. Mr. Brown further said that both Nathuram Godse and Narayan Apte asked him to make a memorandum of their objections.

Mr. Brown declined to do so as the incidents referred to had taken place in Delhi and not in Bombay and, therefore, did not form a part of identification parade held in his presence.

POLICE OFFICER ASKED TO GET OUT

Asked further if any police officer was present during the parade and if he had asked him to get out, Mr. Brown said that he had a recollection that once before the parade, he saw one Punjabi police officer in the witness room. Mr. Brown got furious and turned him out. The accused did not see him and those witnesses in the room had not yet been taken to the identification parade.

The witness further said that he believed that the accused were kept in C.I.D. Office. That was his own inference.

Further asked by Mr. Oak if the accused ever complained to him that they were refused consultation with teir lawyers, the witness said that on one occasion, so far as he remembered, they complained to him that one police officer refused them consultations with their lawyers. The witness thereupon issued instructions to the police officer that the accused must be given full facility to have consultations with their lawyers.

The witness further recollected and said that at the time of the last remand Nathuram Godse complained to him that he had not been allowed enough time with his lawyers. The witness asked him if he could have interview with his lawyer in the Court. The witness then allowed him and the interview took place.

Cross-examining next, Mr. Mengle Counsel for Apte, asked is it a fact that during the first seven or eight remands, the accused were not represented by any lawyer?

Witness: I cannot remember that, as necessarily I do not make a note of the fact whether a counsel appeared for any or all of the accused at the time of remand applications. Generally only the orders on such applications are noted.

Mr. Mengle: Is it a fact that Apte was one of the persons produced on February 16?

Witness: Yes. But no entry was made on his application. I cannot say whether a counsel appeared for him or not.

REMAND APPLICATIONS

Witness said that between February 16 and April 24, there were seven or eight remand applications, but in none of them whether a lawyer appeared for the accused or not, was noted. This only meant that the lawyer, if present did not put up any application on behalf of the accused.

Mr. S. V. Deodhar appeared for Vinayak D. Savarkar on May 4. Once or twice some other layers appeared for other accused. Witness could not say on what date Mr. Deodhar and some other lawyers appeared for the accused.

The last remand application was on May 22, when orders were passed for the transfer of the accused, except Savarkar, to Delhi Savarkar used to be put up separately, he added.

COMPLAINTS BY APTE AND GODSE

Further cross-examined, Mr. Brown added that the complaints by Apte and Godse about Delhi witnesses was made on March 24, during the identification parade. It might be after the first identification parade or the second. Complaint was made when he was preparing the 'panchnama'.

Mr. Brown said that both his chamber and that of the Registrar was on the second floor. While going to Registrar's Office, he had to cross a verandah. That verandah was also the passage to various Courts, but on that day he had issued orders that no police officer was to pass by that verandah.

It would take, witness added, hardly a couple of minutes to go through the whole process of identification. Calling in the witness, identification by the witness, taking down notes and leading the witness to the adjoining room of his chamber. After that he would ask the accused to change their places if they so preferred.

Mr. Mengle: Is it a fact that during this couple of minutes when you are busy at the identification parade, you would not know if anybody enters the room wherein the witnesses were lodged?

Witness: When I come out with one witness, I lock the door. By locking the door, I mean bolting the door from outside, not lock-up with lock and key. Moreover, the Honorary Magistrate is there in charge. He said that, of course, he could now know, what was happening in the Registrar's room when he was in the identification parade and 'vice versa.'

Mr. Brown had recorded the statement of Narayan Mithal on February 25 and of Gajanand Mahadeo on March 16.

Cross-examined by Mr. Dange, Counsel for accused Karkare, witness, Mr. Oscar Brown, stated that he had not conducted any other identification parade before. He further said that no security measures were taken during the parade. He took entire responsibility on his shoulders.

To the best of his recollections, the witness added, the name of the Magistrate against whom Nathuram Godse and Narayan Apte had complained was not Kishen Chand. The witness was not prepared to say that Karkare did not make a complaint. Apte was the spokesman and Nathuram Godse sat next to him. These two persons took a prominent part, and others agreed with what was being said.

REMANDS TO MADANLAL

Cross-examined by Mr. Banerjee, Counsel for Madanlal, the witness said that Madanlal was placed before him for the first time on February 6, 1948. Nine remands were given to Mandanlal and all of them were of the same charges. They were given in Bombay by the Bombay City Police Act 70, which allows the accused to be remanded to police custody for fourteen days at a time, for any number of periods.

The witness further said that Narayan Vithal Agre had identified Madanlal, Badge and Karkare in an identification parade held on February 25, 1948. G. M. Joshi had identified Apte, Nathuram Godse, Gopal Godse, Badge, Karkare and Madanlal in an identification parade held on March 16, 1948. Jogendra Singh Chopra had identified Karkare, Madanlal, Badge, Apte, Nathuram Godse and Shankar in an identification parade held on March 10, 1948.

The witness said that none of the remand sheets in the Court showed that permission was given to police to take Apte and Kakare outside Bombay.

Cross-examined next, Mr. Hansraj Mehta, Counsel for Shankar Kistayya, asked was it represented to you that Shankar is a Telugu speaking person?

Witness: I think it was represented. For I am to get some Telugu speaking persons in the identification parade for his mother tongue was Telugu.

Mr Mehta Did you take care to see that your orders were translated to him in Telugu?

PUTS ON "JINNAH CAP"

Witness: I think Shankar understood my orders perfectly well for he was constantly changing his place and his dresses. In fact he put one "Jinnah cap" borrowing from some other person.

Mr. Mehta: It is a fact that Shankar was the only person wearing Jinnah Cap?

Witness: Yes. But of his own choice.

Witness said that Nathuram Godse occupied the same position in the line and put on the same dress all through the identification parade.

Cross-examined by Mr. Bhopatkar, Counsel for Savarkar, witness stated that Savarkar complained about the accused being put together while in custody of police. In his connection an 'affidavit' was also submitted on May 18.

Mr. Brown added that under Section 164 Cr. P. C. he recorded the statement of various witness and he took down what he thought to be relevant.

Mr. Bhopatkar: May I know what you used to omit?

Witness: I cannot say that because I did not. I record what I omitted.

JAIN'S STATEMENT

Witnes said that he took down the statement of Dr. J. C. Jain on February 26.

What was taken down from his statement was later certified to be correct by Dr. Jain before he put his signature on the statement. The statement of Miss. Shanti Bai Modak was also taken down by him and the same was certified to be correct before she put her signature.

Re-examined by Mr. Daphtari, witness said that Shankar put "Jinnah cap" during identification by one or two witness; later on, he gave it back to the owner.

He said that one police officer was turned out from the room wherein the witnesses were being kept during the identification parade. He, however, could not remember as to who he was or who was the Honorary Magistrate in charge of that room.

No other defence counsel cross-examined the witness.

The Court then adjourned for the day.

EX-C. P. MINISTER WELCOMES MARCH ON HYDERABAD

Call To Indian Muslims To Stand By Union Government

BOMBAY, Sept. 13:

Dr. S. M. Hasan, M.L.A. ex-Minister of the C P Government in the course of a statement says:—

"At long last our Government had to take a firm and final decision in respect of Hyderabad. Some of us think that such a decision should have been taken much earlier, but the Government seem to have given a long rope to the Nizam, tolerating all the inpudence of the ruler of that vassal State and also the vandalism of the Razakars and the unbridled and highly provoking speeches of their leader, Kassim Razvi, probably in the only hope that wisdom may dawn on the despotic ruler of the unfortunate state.

The Nizam having surrendered himself to the Razakars and having become a puppet in their hands, failed to realise the gravity of the situation and tried every now and then to gain time by foolish tactics. When every other State has already marched with the time and acceded to the Indian Union, how absurd it was for the Nizam to think that Hyderabad alone could remain aloof, blowing its own trumpet for independence, and defying the Indian Dominion.

"In fact our Government showed too such of toleration and forebearance and for the long a time. But there is a limit to everything and the decision taken by our Government is perfectly justified by force of circumstances. It is in fact, the Nizam who has invited troubles and as such he alone, with his guiding sta, Kassim Razvi, will be responsible for all the human miseries and ruthless destruction that a warfare entails, and then both the Nizam and Razvi will realise that they had lived in a fool's paradise.

AUTOCRACY

It seems that time has come when a State, carved out from the ruins of the Moghal Empire, by cheat and disloyalty, and which flourished under the British patronage, is destined to meet its ultimate doom very soon. It is hoped that there will soon be an end to the autocracy, yielding place to the democracy for which the masses are crying under the heels of repression and trocities.

CALL TO INDIAN MUSLIMS

"The position of the Muslims, living in the Indian Dominion is quite clear. Having solemnly declared their loyalty to the land of their birth, they will be loyal and faithful sons of the motherland and as such would solidly support the Nehru Government, with all their resources and sacrifices, following the noble example set by the late lamented Brig. General Usman, the pride of the Indian Union. Let Razvi and Zafarullah Khand say what rubbish they like in their mean attempts to cast suspicion on the loyalty of the Muslims living in the Indian Dominion. The Indian Government have to trust the loyalty of the Muslims of their Dominion, but in case treachery is proved against any Muslim of the Union he must be dealth with without any mercy whatever."

203 Indian Labourers Displaced In Ceylon

COLOMBO, Sept. 12, (Reuter): Following the implementation of Government's policy of Ceylonization of Harbour labour which came into effect on September 1, 203 Indian labourers have been displaced to date. Within the next three months the percentage of Ceylonese and Indian labourers employed in the Harbour will be 50/50 respectively. The Port authorities are making no fresh registration of new Indian labour.

AMERICA BENT ON PEACE

She Has No Imperial Objective, Says Sullivan

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13 (Reuter): The United States Secretary of the Navy, Mr. John L Sullivan, told a meeting here that the United States had no military or imperial objective which threatened any nation.

"The Communists have nothing we want, or ever will want", he declared. Their greatest exportable product today is chaos.

"Make no mistake about it, every move the American Government makes is devised for peace, not to prepare for war".

He promised that the American Navy was "ready to safeguard United States' foreign policy".

AUSTRALIA TO LIFT BAN

German And Austrian Nationals Can Enter

CANBERRA, Sept. 13 (Reuter): Mr. Arthur Calwell, Australian Immigration Minister, announced today that the Government had decided to lift the ban on the entry of German and Austrian nationals to Australia.

As the prospect of concluding peace treaties with Austria and Germany remote the lifting of the ban would no longer be delayed, he said.

Indonesian Nationalists' Rebuff To Reds

BATAVIA, Sept. 13 (Reuter): The Indonesian Republican Nationalist Party has rejected a Communist proposal for a joint conference aimed at forming a national front against the Dutch, the Indonesian news agency Antara reported today from Jogjakarta.

The proposal which was sent simultaneously to the Republican Muslim Party, Masjumi, was made by the former Socialist Premier Dr. Amir Sjarifuddin after he had announced that his Party had joined the Communists. The Masjumi were reported to have rejected the proposal last Friday.

Shanker Puts On 'Jinnah Cap'

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Must Have Been Some Pigeon Fancier In His Day — By BUD FISHER

ANOTHER LETTER FROM YOUR GIRL, MAZIE?
YEH, I GET ONE NEARLY EVERY DAY NOW!
YOU MUST BE IN LOVE!
OH, NO! I DON'T GO WITH HER ANY-MORE!
WHY DOES SHE WRITE?
SHE WANTS ME TO RETURN HER PHOTOGRAPH--NOW SHE'S THREATENIN' TO SUE ME-
WHY DON'T YOU SEND IT BACK?
I WOULD BUT—
I FORGET WHAT SHE LOOKS LIKE!

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